1

Τ	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
2	x
3	DOLLAR GENERAL :
4	CORPORATION, ET AL., :
5	Petitioners : No. 13-1496
6	v. :
7	MISSISSIPPI BAND OF :
8	CHOCTAW INDIANS, ET AL. :
9	x
10	Washington, D.C.
11	Monday, December 7, 2015
12	
13	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
14	argument before the Supreme Court of the United States
15	at 10:03 a.m.
16	APPEARANCES:
17	THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN, ESQ., Bethesda, Md.; on behalf
18	of Petitioners.
19	NEAL K. KATYAL, ESQ., Washington, D.C.; on behalf of
20	Respondents.
21	EDWIN S. KNEEDLER, ESQ., Deputy Solicitor General,
22	Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.; for United
23	States, as amicus curiae, supporting Respondents.
24	
25	

1	CONTENTS	
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	PAGE
3	THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN, ESQ.	
4	On behalf of the Petitioners	3
5	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	
6	NEAL K. KATYAL, ESQ.	
7	On behalf of the Respondents	28
8	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	
9	EDWIN S. KNEEDLER, ESQ.	
10	For United States, as amicus curiae,	
11	supporting Respondents	49
12	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF	
13	THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN, ESQ.	
14	On behalf of the Petitioners	59
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1 PROCEEDINGS 2 (10:03 a.m.)3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument first this morning in Case 13-1496, Dollar General 4 Corporation v. The Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians. 5 6 Mr. Goldstein. 7 ORAL ARGUMENT OF THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS 8 9 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Mr. Chief Justice, may it 10 please the Court: 11 Our narrowest argument assumes that, in 12 circumstances like this case, Indian tribes do have the 13 legislative jurisdiction to subject nonmembers to tribal 14 tort law duties. 15 Respondents argue that the same facts also 16 give Indian tribes the mandatory adjudicatory jurisdiction to decide private tort lawsuits against 17 non-Indians. Respondents' theory is that, when the 18 19 Tribes entered the United States and were incorporated 20 into this country, their power to adjudicate cases in this fashion was understood to be an element of their 21 22 sovereignty. That is not correct. 23 In -- I want to identify the three separate 24 respects in which the overriding sovereignty of the

United States and our Constitution --

25

- 1 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Could you -- could you
- 2 please explain your opening statement? You -- you say
- 3 there is legislative authority but not judicial
- 4 authority. I don't know of any other instance in which
- 5 a jurisdiction has authority to legislate, to regulate
- 6 the conduct in question, but does not have authority to
- 7 back up that legislative authority by adjudicatory
- 8 authority.
- 9 Can you give me an example of --
- 10 MR. GOLDSTEIN: I can give you several,
- 11 Justice Ginsburg.
- 12 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Yes.
- 13 MR. GOLDSTEIN: The first is removal.
- 14 Remember, our point is not that the Tribes lack any
- 15 adjudicatory jurisdiction. It is that they lack
- 16 mandatory adjudicatory jurisdiction so that we do not
- 17 have access to a neutral judicial forum. A State has
- 18 the power to pass State tort law, for example, but it
- 19 does not have the sovereign authority to insist that the
- 20 case be litigated in its own courts.
- 21 JUSTICE GINSBURG: It has the authority,
- 22 but -- but an out-of-State defendant can be moved to
- 23 Federal court, but it has the adjudicatory authority.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Ginsburg, everyone
- 25 agrees that the Tribes have a form of adjudicatory

- 1 authority upon consent. They don't have it inherently.
- 2 The question is going to be: What qualifies as consent?
- 3 Our point is that, in three separate
- 4 respects, the national tradition of the United States
- 5 and our Constitution does not contemplate that a
- 6 sovereign would adjudicate cases in this fashion. And I
- 7 want to briefly identify the three, if I could.
- 8 First, the Constitution contemplates the
- 9 availability of a neutral forum for suits against
- 10 noncitizens, and by analogy, noncitizens as you say,
- 11 Justice Ginsburg, have always been able to remove a case
- 12 from State to Federal court.
- 13 The United States at the time of
- 14 incorporation could not have accepted that non-Indians
- 15 would not be able to remove to a neutral forum.
- 16 Second, the Constitution contemplates that
- 17 this Court will be the one Supreme Court, and State
- 18 court rulings on questions of Federal law have, of
- 19 course, always been reviewable in this Court.
- 20 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, I -- I don't -- this
- 21 is an important part of the dialogue, but let me just go
- 22 back to the first part of -- of your response.
- 23 Is -- is it black-letter law given the
- 24 Tribes have complete legislative authority over
- 25 non-Tribe members on -- for -- for regulatory purposes?

- 1 I -- I -- I take it that as a black-letter law given?
- 2 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Kennedy, if we say
- 3 it -- in those terms, regulatory authority without
- 4 getting into the question of all forms of legislation,
- 5 for example, tort law, then the first exception to
- 6 Montana says that, although there is a presumption
- 7 against jurisdiction, the Tribes do have their
- 8 regulatory authority.
- 9 We have the argument that tort law, because
- 10 it is so broad and would swallow the rule, that the
- 11 Tribes lack legislative authority over nonmembers. We
- 12 have the argument that that is not within the
- 13 legislative jurisdiction.
- 14 What I had said at the beginning --
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But doesn't that clash
- 16 with what the Court said in Strate? I mean, Strate --
- 17 I'll read you the sentence. It says, "It's an
- 18 unremarkable proposition that where tribes possess
- 19 authority to regulate the activity of nonmembers, civil
- 20 jurisdiction over disputes arising out of such
- 21 activities presumptively lies in tribal courts."
- 22 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay. Justice Ginsburg, I
- 23 need to just separate two questions:
- Justice Kennedy I understood to be asking me
- 25 was: Do the tribunals have the antecedent legislative

- 1 authority? And I was explaining that we have the
- 2 argument that in the tort context they do not.
- 3 You then point out that if --
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: If this is a tort case.
- 5 It was a --
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: So then I don't understand
- 7 why you opened your -- your -- are -- I -- I thought you
- 8 said --
- 9 MR. GOLDSTEIN: We assumed.
- 10 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- I -- I -- you
- 11 assumed --
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes. We --
- 13 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- that this could be --
- 14 well, I --
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, Justice --
- 16 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- I don't know why you
- 17 make that assumption.
- 18 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay.
- 19 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I -- I just --
- 20 MR. GOLDSTEIN: I apologize.
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- can't get off square
- 22 one.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Sure.
- I do not intend, Justice Kennedy, to give up
- 25 a good argument in our favor. I was just attempting to

- 1 identify the narrowest ground for reversal.
- 2 I'm very pleased to discuss the threshold
- 3 point, and that is that, with respect to nonmembers, the
- 4 Tribes do not have the authority to subject us to such
- 5 sweeping tort law duties. It's not that there aren't
- 6 tort law duties. The plaintiff here is a citizen of the
- 7 State of Mississippi. Mississippi's tort -- State tort
- 8 law does apply to the case. And the plaintiff has a
- 9 remedy in State court.
- 10 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But will you then go back
- 11 to my question --
- 12 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 13 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- about Strate? Because
- 14 if what you're arguing now is correct, Strate would have
- 15 been a one-line decision: No tort jurisdiction over a
- 16 non-Indian.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, Justice Ginsburg, it's
- 18 true that this Court's decisions can often be resolved
- 19 in different ways. What Nevada v. Hicks in the footnote
- 20 addressing this question explains is that what the Court
- 21 has done is narrowly identify the legislative
- 22 jurisdiction of the Tribe in the cases before it. And
- 23 so in Strate and in other cases, it has held that the
- 24 Tribe lacked that antecedent legislative authority. And
- 25 on that basis, concluded that, well, then because the

- 1 adjudicatory authority can't be broader than the
- 2 legislative authority, there's no adjudicatory authority
- 3 either.
- 4 So the second point that I was going to make
- 5 is that it's true that --
- 6 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But are -- are you saying
- 7 then this sentence that I just read to you from the
- 8 opinion of the Court was just wrong?
- 9 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Ginsburg, what the
- 10 Court has said in Nevada v. Hicks, addressing the
- 11 various times that there is dictum in the Court's
- 12 opinions that has assumed the parallel between
- 13 legislative and adjudicatory jurisdiction is that that
- 14 question had not been fully considered by the Court and
- 15 it remained open. And we assume that that's one of the
- 16 reasons the Court granted review in this case. To
- 17 decide, assuming that there is legislative jurisdiction,
- 18 whether there also is adjudicatory jurisdiction.
- And I'm pleased to explain why it is. And
- 20 what I -- my introduction was trying to do was, assuming
- 21 the antecedent legislative jurisdiction, here's why you
- 22 don't have jurisdiction to decide a court case in this
- 23 fashion.
- 24 So the first one that I gave you was the
- 25 availability of a neutral forum as anticipated by the

- 1 Constitution.
- 2 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Can I address that for a
- 3 moment?
- 4 States appoint judges. Sometimes they're
- 5 elected, but often they're appointed. We don't think it
- 6 lacks being a neutral forum because the State can sue a
- 7 citizen there. We think of it as neutral because the
- 8 judges are neutral.
- 9 You're just assuming that these judges are
- 10 not neutral.
- 11 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Oh, Justice Sotomayor, I
- 12 think actually that your hypothetical is a good one for
- 13 us.
- In Article III of the Constitution, we
- 15 contemplate the availability of a neutral forum when a
- 16 noncitizen is a defendant in the case, including when
- 17 we, you know, ordinarily respect the neutrality of State
- 18 court judges. Right? If a noncitizen is sued in State
- 19 court, like we are a noncitizen of the Tribe, is sued in
- 20 the Tribe --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But that's out of comity
- 22 or our sense of comity between the States. But it
- 23 doesn't have anything to do with the fairness of a
- 24 judicial forum.
- 25 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Oh, I -- I just simply

- 1 disagree, Your Honor. My understanding of the premise
- 2 of removal jurisdiction is that there was a concern or
- 3 at least a belief that respect for rule of law is
- 4 enhanced by the availability of a neutral forum.
- 5 But I did want --
- 6 JUSTICE BREYER: What's wrong with the
- 7 tribal courts?
- 8 MR. GOLDSTEIN: What's wrong with the tribal
- 9 courts? It depends.
- 10 First of all, let me say that there are
- 11 modern tribal judiciaries like this one that deserve
- 12 genuine respect. That are -- have developed real
- 13 principles in attempt to identify law that can be known
- 14 ex ante and the availability of a neutral forum.
- 15 There are, however, many tribes, everyone
- 16 agrees, that don't have anything like that. They
- 17 instead deserve respect in a different --
- 18 JUSTICE BREYER: All right. Fine. So -- so
- 19 we've seen lots of tribal courts, which I can't
- 20 distinguish them in the fairness and procedure and so
- 21 forth from every other court in the country, and maybe
- there's some where that isn't true.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Right.
- JUSTICE BREYER: So what -- what you do is
- 25 you go and complain, we didn't get due process of law.

- 1 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Two things --
- 2 JUSTICE BREYER: If you're in one of the
- 3 ones that has some unusual thing about it.
- 4 But if you're in a normal thing, you say,
- 5 it's normal.
- 6 So what's wrong with saying just that?
- 7 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Right.
- 8 JUSTICE BREYER: Like a State court which
- 9 has terrible procedures, terribly unfair, or a foreign
- 10 court. You complain you didn't get proper process.
- 11 But that has nothing to do with this case.
- 12 MR. GOLDSTEIN: All right. I --
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: Or little.
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: You -- you can remove from
- 15 State court, can't you?
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes. That's right.
- 17 JUSTICE SCALIA: And when -- and -- and when
- 18 removal is asked for, we don't ask the question, what's
- 19 the matter with State courts? Do we?
- 20 MR. GOLDSTEIN: That's right. Our
- 21 Constitution --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: We -- we just say that the
- 23 Constitution says you have a -- a choice of having your
- 24 case adjudicated in a Federal court.
- 25 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Breyer, I'm -- I'm

- 1 not going to lose sight of your question, but just on
- 2 this point, our Constitution says we anticipate a
- 3 neutral forum that this Court will -- the Supreme
- 4 Court --
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, the Constitution
- 6 says the removal of statute is a statute. It's not
- 7 constitutional.
- 8 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Ginsburg, I
- 9 understand that. My -- what -- and, Justice Breyer, I'm
- 10 not losing sight of your question -- what the -- what
- 11 Oliphant and other precedents of this Court say is that
- 12 the Tribes have the sovereign authority that is
- 13 consistent with the overriding sovereignty of the United
- 14 States. And the point I was trying to make is that our
- 15 legal tradition understands that there will be certain
- 16 basic protections.
- And remember, two of the things I'm
- 18 identifying in the Constitution are not specific to the
- 19 States: The supremacy of the Constitution -- but the
- 20 Constitution does not apply in tribal courts -- and also
- 21 the supremacy of this Court as the one Supreme Court,
- 22 which is not available.
- Now, Justice Scalia, those are features of
- 24 our national legal tradition, and those features existed
- 25 at the time of incorporation of the Tribes into the

- 1 United States. And my point is that Congress could not
- 2 have believed that, if State courts couldn't do these
- 3 things, that the tribal courts would be superior.
- 4 Now, Justice Breyer, you said, well, what's
- 5 wrong? Two things. I want to say that there are some
- 6 things wrong even in the context of a tribe like this
- 7 one.
- 8 For example, we have a Federal claim against
- 9 the due process -- a due process claim against the
- 10 putative damage award in -- that's asked for in this
- 11 case, and that would be entirely unreviewable in this
- 12 case.
- Now, you contemplate the prospect that we
- 14 would collaterally attack the judgment. A few things
- 15 about that.
- The first is, if that's going to be serious,
- if we are really going to have a serious regime of
- 18 collateral attacks where you would just assess whether
- 19 or not the tribal court ruling is consistent with due
- 20 process. That is hardly treating the tribal courts as
- 21 sovereigns. Imagine a Federal district court ruling
- 22 could be overturned by a circuit court in Mississippi.
- 23 We wouldn't say that that was an actual sovereign
- 24 ruling.
- And the second is that that review system is

- 1 extremely rare. The Respondents identify a single case,
- 2 one Ninth Circuit case in which a tribal ruling was
- 3 overturned.
- 4 What the Federal courts have done is afford
- 5 enormous respect and only overturned rulings of tribal
- 6 courts or foreign courts that are way out of bounds. My
- 7 point is that the rule that's contemplated by the
- 8 Constitution is not one of being way out of bounds, it
- 9 is simply that we have a right to due process; that this
- 10 Court will be the Supreme Court, that the Constitution
- 11 is the supreme law of the land. And when that is not
- 12 true in the courts that we are talking about, even the
- 13 best-managed, most modern courts, when those rules
- 14 simply don't apply, that is not consistent --
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But doesn't the Indian
- 16 Civil Rights Act -- I mean, it's not the Bill of Rights,
- 17 but Indian Civil Rights Act is pretty close.
- 18 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, Justice Ginsburg, the
- 19 rule of the Constitution is not "close is good enough,"
- 20 but I will say that I think the Indian Civil Rights Act
- 21 is a point in our favor. Because when you talk about
- 22 the regulatory matters discussed in the first Montana
- 23 exception like taxation and licensing, those are things
- 24 that Congress has left to the Tribes. But the Indian
- 25 Civil Rights Act, like Public Law 280, like the Courts

- of Indian Offenses, like the Indian deprivation system
- 2 shows that the United States has actually been deeply
- 3 involved in the tribal judiciary. It has not treated
- 4 tribal adjudication of civil claims as something that
- 5 belongs to the Tribes. It's quite different.
- 6 The United States obviously did not regard
- 7 the Tribes' judiciary as something that is purely a part
- 8 of their government, because time and again, it has
- 9 micromanaged them.
- 10 And, Justice Breyer, I do want to point out
- 11 another example of that, and that is the Violence
- 12 Against Women Act. There, we see the right way of doing
- 13 this, and that Congress has developed systems that say
- 14 if this tribal judiciary is a good one which affords due
- 15 process, then it has jurisdiction over cases.
- And we think that's the right approach here.
- 17 Congress has the institutional capacity to develop rules
- 18 like the one you were talking about. It's a much
- 19 more --
- 20 JUSTICE BREYER: You can do it both ways.
- 21 And there are books, some of which I have at least
- 22 looked through, and certainly articles that suggest that
- 23 the tribal courts function perfectly well, certainly in
- 24 many places.
- Now, I take it your argument is that there

- 1 are some places they don't function well, and in respect
- 2 to matters that are not matters of Federal law, there
- 3 won't be review from those courts unless you
- 4 collaterally attack them. Is that your point?
- 5 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Breyer, as I
- 6 mentioned, we have real concerns, even with respect to a
- 7 system like this one. For just an example --
- 8 JUSTICE BREYER: I just want to know, have I
- 9 got your point right?
- 10 MR. GOLDSTEIN: No, I -- our point is
- 11 broader. You had suggested, Justice Breyer, that I was
- 12 concerned about another set of tribal judiciaries. I
- 13 just don't want to lose sight of the fact that there are
- 14 concerns, even when you have the most modern tribal
- 15 judiciary.
- 16 An example is that the -- we are a
- 17 noncitizen, a nonmember of the Tribe, and the tribal
- jury may be composed only of members of the Tribe, and
- 19 there's no inherent rule that stops the jury members
- 20 from being people who know the plaintiff.
- Now with respect to other judiciaries, it is
- 22 the case that we do recognize, and the United States has
- 23 recognized, a wide swath of tribes that use more
- 24 traditional dispute-resolution mechanisms that also
- 25 deserve respect because that's the tribal tradition.

- 1 But it is not the tradition of due process.
- 2 And the question you've got to figure --
- 3 JUSTICE BREYER: The nontribal member goes
- 4 to the tribal land and signs an agreement that says
- 5 tribal law would apply, and then commits a tort on the
- 6 tribal lands, and even under those circumstances, and
- 7 even if the court is functioning well, the tribal court
- 8 cannot take jurisdiction over his claim. That's your
- 9 position. And then to that I say, if I haven't got it
- 10 already, why not?
- 11 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay. Justice Breyer, I do
- 12 think your hypothetical of a contract is a really good
- one for us, because we do believe that the Respondents
- 14 are most concerned, and their best facts are a business
- 15 like this one, to be honest, that's operating on tribal
- 16 land, in the Reservation on an ongoing basis, and they
- 17 say, look, you have to have anticipated the
- 18 applicability of tribal tort law. We disagree, but we
- 19 understand the argument.
- 20 My point is that in these circumstances,
- 21 what the Tribes do is, as a condition of operating the
- 22 Reservation, they call for not just what you describe,
- 23 which is the application of tribal law, but a consent to
- 24 the forum. And remember, in this case, there is a
- 25 consent to the forum, but the -- which the Tribe wrote,

- 1 but they limited it to disputes arising from the lease.
- 2 So we say, going forward, we have two
- 3 solutions. One I've described: That's the prospect of
- 4 congressional action. You say it could work the other
- 5 way, and I'll come back to that.
- 6 But the second is just the contract.
- 7 Obviously, in the cases that they are concerned about,
- 8 what the tribe can do and will do is require as a
- 9 condition of coming onto the Reservation that you
- 10 accede, knowingly and actually, to the jurisdiction of
- 11 the tribal courts, and --
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, Mr. Goldstein, you
- 13 could have done that, too. The contract can go either
- 14 way. The question is what's the default rule when the
- 15 contract doesn't say anything.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Actually, it wouldn't work
- 17 the other way, Justice Kagan, with all due respect.
- 18 Remember, this is a private tort suit by a member of the
- 19 Tribe.
- 20 JUSTICE KAGAN: No, but remember, this is --
- 21 there's -- this is an exception for consent. The -- the
- 22 company would have -- the store would have an extremely
- 23 good argument that it didn't consent if it had signed a
- 24 contract with anybody, with the Tribe, not just with the
- 25 individual person. If it had signed a contract with the

- 1 Tribe, saying we insist on a State forum, they clearly
- 2 haven't consented.
- 3 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, Justice Kagan, I just
- 4 don't understand how it is the case -- I disagree, let
- 5 me just explain why. I understand that you take the --
- 6 you have the opposite view.
- 7 If a private person sues us, the fact that
- 8 we have a contract with that -- that individual State
- 9 government does not strip a State court of jurisdiction
- 10 over their private suit. So that's our view of it.
- 11 But --
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, it does when the
- 13 Montana exception relies upon a consensual relationship.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: But for the other side to
- 15 win, what they have -- their premise is that the
- 16 consensual relationship exists in simply the activity
- 17 with the individual tribal member, not the contract.
- 18 Remember, their point is that a contract is irrelevant.
- 19 So the consent would exist simply by operating the
- 20 business.
- 21 But in all events, it is the case that we
- 22 could insist on a contract; they can insist on a
- 23 contract. My point to Justice Breyer was simply that
- 24 the upshot of our position still leaves enormous room
- 25 for the exercise of tribal sovereignty. They do have

- 1 this power. Remember that the data before you from the
- 2 United States indicates that this is a very small
- 3 proportion of cases that the tribal courts adjudicate.
- 4 The data from this Tribe indicates that it's 1 percent
- 5 of cases.
- 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: All of these arguments, your
- 7 arguments -- let me figure out whether this is right.
- 8 Your arguments about it's -- it's a nonneutral forum,
- 9 it's an unfair forum, we don't know whether they have
- 10 the same procedures that -- that are commonly -- that
- 11 commonly exist in Federal and State courts. Those
- 12 arguments have nothing to do with tort claims versus
- 13 other claims; is that right?
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: They do have a lot to do
- 15 with the fact that it's a private claim. Let me
- 16 distinguish, importantly, actions by the Tribe itself.
- 17 And the analogy here is that when a State
- 18 sues a noncitizen, that is an act of the sovereign and
- 19 it is not removable, because what Montana is concerned
- 20 with, what this Court's precedents are concerned with,
- 21 is the exercise of sovereign authority in the pursuit of
- 22 self-governance.
- This is not a sovereign action. This is a
- 24 private suit between two individuals, and so it is
- 25 important that if the Tribe is exercising its sovereign

- 1 authority, bringing a civil enforcement action against
- 2 us, for example, that would have presented -- present a
- 3 very different question, because it would be
- 4 sovereighty. It has never been understood that --
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: So if the Tribe brought
- 6 this suit, instead of the parents of the boy who was
- 7 molested, if -- if it -- then it would be okay?
- 8 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, we think that's an
- 9 impossibility. Remember that the other side's
- 10 explanation -- although there aren't any citations; it's
- 11 hard to know what the tort law is -- the other side's
- 12 explanation is that tort law of the Tribe tracks
- 13 Mississippi tort law, and there isn't a situation in
- 14 which the Tribe could bring such an action. And I think
- 15 if it was a parens patriae action, we would still regard
- 16 it as in the interest of the individual.
- 17 I'm thinking instead, Justice Ginsburg, of
- 18 take the follow-on to what Montana describes, that is, a
- 19 licensing regulation or a taxation regulation. We
- 20 believe that if the Tribe went into tribal court to
- 21 enforce those measures, that would be a sovereign action
- 22 and it would be susceptible of the Montana exception.
- 23 The difference is when the Tribe is not a
- 24 party here. We don't deny that there is some sovereign
- 25 interest. Okay. There is some sovereign interest in

- 1 this adjudication.
- 2 JUSTICE KAGAN: It's a bit of an odd
- 3 argument, isn't it, Mr. Goldstein, that there's less of
- 4 a sovereign interest in protecting your own citizens
- 5 than in enforcing your licensing laws?
- 6 MR. GOLDSTEIN: If that were our argument,
- 7 it would be an odd one. What we say is that you have a
- 8 very different regime. If you have a legal regime that
- 9 said here is a duty towards our noncitizen, our -- our
- 10 tribal members or just individuals the Reservation, and
- 11 if you violate that, here are a set of fines, you will
- 12 be excluded from the Reservation, then that would be an
- 13 act of the sovereign.
- So our point isn't just it's the nature of
- 15 this -- you know, this is a very serious allegation that
- 16 we take very seriously about a minor child, a member of
- 17 the Tribe. I am not demeaning that in any way and
- 18 saying, well, that's less important than taxation or a
- 19 hunting license. Not at all.
- 20 My point is that you are being asked that at
- 21 the time the Tribes came into the United States, was a
- 22 private suit against a nonmember regarded as an
- 23 incidence of sovereigty, could the Congress of the
- 24 United States, when the States didn't have this
- 25 authority, when the Constitution didn't contemplate they

- 1 would, have really believed that the Tribes could?
- 2 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Your -- your brief
- 3 consistently, let me say, suggests --
- 4 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- that Congress could
- 6 authorize this jurisdiction.
- 7 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Could Congress pass a law
- 9 saying that all 500-plus Indian Tribes in the
- 10 United States have unlimited criminal authority, could
- impose life sentences on nontribal members, American
- 12 citizens?
- 13 MR. GOLDSTEIN: We think not, and let me
- 14 explain the reason. That would be State action. You
- 15 know, the Federal government would be passing a law
- 16 essentially shunting the jurisdiction over an
- 17 individual's matter into another adjudicative system.
- 18 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, why can they do --
- 19 if -- if there's a limit on that, why isn't is there a
- 20 limit on what Congress could do with reference to tort
- 21 law? Because you get unlimited power -- 500 tribes have
- 22 unlimited power to impose punitive damages for civil
- 23 torts if it happens within the boundaries of the
- 24 Reservation.
- 25 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Kennedy, if I have

- 1 suggested that Congress could do that, I apologize. It
- 2 wasn't my intention.
- 3 JUSTICE KENNEDY: My question is: What are
- 4 the limits?
- 5 MR. GOLDSTEIN: The limits are due process,
- 6 and that is that if you -- and the reason that due
- 7 process applies here is that the tribe of judgment --
- 8 we've switched to the civil context now in your newest
- 9 hypothetical.
- 10 If the Tribe's judgment would presumably be
- 11 enforceable in the courts of the United States or of a
- 12 State, there would be State action then, and it would
- 13 violate the principle of due process.
- 14 It also --
- 15 JUSTICE KENNEDY: My -- my hypothetical is
- 16 that the Congress gives Indian powers -- Indian tribes
- 17 complete powers, both civil and criminal, over all
- 18 persons on tribal Reservations. No Federal review,
- 19 nothing.
- 20 MR. GOLDSTEIN: That's unconstitutional
- 21 because Congress is subject to the Constitution. It
- 22 would violate the Supremacy Clause; it would violate
- 23 Article III, which contemplate -- sorry.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Then why -- why doesn't --
- 25 why don't you make that argument here? How -- how can

- 1 they -- how can they allow a tort suit?
- 2 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Kennedy, we agree
- 3 with you that there's --
- 4 JUSTICE KENNEDY: We could say --
- 5 MR. GOLDSTEIN: I'm sorry.
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- the Montana First
- 7 exception. We could say the Montana First exception
- 8 doesn't apply to this case.
- 9 MR. GOLDSTEIN: We do -- okay. Justice
- 10 Kennedy, we do make the argument you're describing. I
- 11 apologize. I misunderstood your point. It's my fault.
- We say that there is a significant
- 13 constitutional avoidance argument -- that's how we
- 14 describe it -- in concluding to -- for concluding that
- 15 Montana does not apply here because of the very serious
- 16 prospects that there would be a loss of property without
- 17 due process of laws because the tribes would have just
- 18 what you've described.
- 19 This plaintiff has sued us for multiple
- 20 millions of dollars in punitive damages. We do not have
- 21 the guarantees provided by the Constitution, and we do
- 22 not have review in this Court.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, if the -- Congress
- 24 of the United States give the UN authority --
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: I agree.

- 1 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- over our -- our
- 2 citizens --
- 3 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Or Triple A.
- 4 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- just so long as it says
- 5 there has to be due process, they're not a
- 6 constitutional entity?
- 7 MR. GOLDSTEIN: That's the second point I
- 8 made, Justice Kennedy. We have the procedural due
- 9 process question, but also the Article III question, and
- 10 that is this is the Supreme Court of the land.
- 11 The Supremacy Clause says that the
- 12 Constitution will be the supreme law throughout the
- 13 land, and Congress could not take cases in the
- 14 United States and assign them to the UN or the Triple A
- or anybody else. We absolutely agree with that.
- 16 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, what civil -- what
- 17 civil cases can be brought? What -- let's assume that
- 18 the incident occurs the Reservation, and the wrongdoer
- 19 is not a member of the Tribe. What civil claims can be
- 20 brought against nonmembers in tribal court?
- 21 MR. GOLDSTEIN: The following. The first is
- 22 -- and this case is an illustration of it -- those
- 23 claims that are subject to the contract that allow the
- 24 individual or the business to come on to the
- 25 Reservation. We acceded, quite expressly, to

- 1 jurisdiction over disputes arising from the lease.
- The second is when the Tribe itself, in the
- 3 exercise of its sovereign authority, brings the action,
- 4 so long as it's consistent with principles of due
- 5 process, we think that would be much more consistent
- 6 with Montana --
- 7 JUSTICE GINSBURG: For example? What would
- 8 fit into that category?
- 9 MR. GOLDSTEIN: The examples that I gave
- 10 before are that enforcing a taxation rule, enforcing a
- 11 licensing rule. Also importantly, the Tribe has the
- 12 self-help remedy of exclusion from the Reservation.
- 13 If I could reserve the balance of my time.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- Mr. Katyal.
- 16 ORAL ARGUMENT OF NEAL K. KATYAL
- ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENTS
- 18 MR. KATYAL: Thank you, Mr. Chief Justice,
- 19 and may it please the Court:
- 20 The facts of this tragic case place it
- 21 squarely in the heartland of the sovereign tribal
- 22 jurisdiction that this Court has recognized for decades.
- 23 Dollar General set up shop on tribally-owned
- land with a lease and license from a tribe and agreed to
- 25 participate in a tribal internship program. Then the --

- 1 then the Tribe placed a Choctaw child at the store and
- 2 paid his wages.
- 3 In the course of that consented-to
- 4 employment of that child, in that store, on that tribal
- 5 land, Dollar General's manager allegedly assaulted him.
- 6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You say this is in
- 7 the heartland? We have never before recognized Indian
- 8 court -- court jurisdiction over a nonmember, have we?
- 9 MR. KATYAL: Well, I think that you haven't
- 10 applied the rule. But as Justice Ginsburg was saying,
- 11 this Court unanimously, in Strate, said that when tribes
- 12 possess authority to regulate activities of nonmembers,
- 13 civil jurisdiction over disputes --
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Right. Right. But
- 15 I guess I want to make sure I understand what's at issue
- 16 here.
- 17 There has never been a case in which a
- 18 nonmember has been haled into Indian tribal court for --
- 19 on the basis of tort, has there?
- 20 MR. KATYAL: Well, I think that there have
- 21 been many cases, Your Honor. Four of them have come
- 22 before this Court in which they have been haled before.
- 23 So Strate is an example. Iowa Mutual is an example.
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And held -- held
- 25 liable in tort?

- 1 MR. KATYAL: So this Court decided those
- 2 questions on antecedent grounds --
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I quess I don't know
- 4 that we need to -- there has never been a case where a
- 5 nonmember has been held liable in tort in an Indian --
- 6 Indian court.
- 7 MR. KATYAL: Mr. Chief Justice, that's
- 8 exactly right in terms of describing --
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I think it's a
- 10 little odd to say this is in the heartland of Indian
- 11 jurisdiction.
- 12 MR. KATYAL: I don't think it's odd at all.
- 13 That's the rule that this Court laid down. That's the
- 14 language in Strate. And my friend, Mr. Goldstein's,
- 15 best argument on the other side is your language in --
- 16 this Court's language in --
- 17 JUSTICE SCALIA: That's dictum. Dictum is
- 18 dictum. Dictum doesn't make something a heartland.
- 19 MR. KATYAL: Well, I think that --
- 20 JUSTICE SCALIA: Cases make it. Judgments
- 21 make it heartland.
- 22 MR. KATYAL: Well, Justice -- Justice
- 23 Scalia, I think everything about this Court's precedents
- 24 in this area, which are all tort cases, lead to that
- 25 conclusion.

- 1 Mr. Goldstein's best argument is Hicks. But
- 2 remember in Hicks, the Court went out of its way to say
- 3 that the claims in El Paso, which were very similar to
- 4 the claims here -- it was a nonmember business doing
- 5 business on tribal land. It was a tort lawsuit -- what
- 6 did this Court say, citing to footnote 4 of El Paso?
- 7 There is little doubt there was jurisdiction in that
- 8 case.
- 9 So yes, I understand that they are dicta,
- 10 but it is dicta of the most persuasive sort. It is the
- 11 unbroken rule of this Court, frankly, that in all of
- 12 these cases, this Court has said there is presumptively
- 13 jurisdiction.
- 14 And indeed, the exhaustion cases would make
- 15 no sense otherwise because twice this Court said, in
- 16 tort cases, in Iowa Mutual and National Farmers Union,
- 17 this Court said you've got to go to tribal court and
- 18 exhaust your remedies.
- 19 And Justice Scalia, if the rule in those
- 20 cases was, hey, tribal courts don't have jurisdiction,
- 21 they would have done what you did in your opinion in
- 22 Hicks, because at page 369 you said, quote, "Since it's
- 23 clear tribal courts lack jurisdiction over State
- 24 officials, adherence to the tribal exhaustion
- 25 requirement would serve no purpose."

1 JUSTICE ALITO: Does your argument apply 2 whenever a nonmember enters into a commercial 3 transaction with a member? 4 MR. KATYAL: No, it doesn't apply --5 JUSTICE ALITO: On tribal land? 6 MR. KATYAL: Well, on tribal land we do 7 think -- we don't think you have to go as far as the Solicitor General to say it's absolutely 100 percent 8 9 dispositive, but we do think this Court has recognized 10 in Merrion and El Paso that when you're on tribal lands, the tribe's powers are at their zenith. 11 12 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I'm trying to 13 understand the limits of your -- of your argument. 14 So what would happen in this situation? 15 tribe -- a member of the Tribe purchases a product 16 online from a nonmember company, and the product is delivered to the Tribal member on tribal land. 17 18 delivery person gets involved in a traffic accident or some other dispute in the course of delivering the 19 20 product, and the product itself injures the person who 21 purchased it. 22 So could the -- the person who got into --23 who was in the accident with the delivery person sue in 24 tribal courts?

Could the person who -- the tribal member

25

- 1 who purchased the product bring a products liability
- 2 action against the manufacturer in tribal court?
- 3 MR. KATYAL: It depends a little bit more on
- 4 the facts. In general, what this Court has said is that
- 5 you need a consensual relationship with someone on the
- 6 Tribe -- on tribal land. And so, you know, to the
- 7 extent that that delivery service was operated by, you
- 8 know, by the nonmember and that they're actually doing
- 9 the delivery, absolutely. There's a nexus between the
- 10 delivery and the injury.
- Now, if it was some exotic tort, so for
- 12 example it's the delivery truck comes onto tribal land,
- 13 and unbeknownst to them there's some unusual tradition
- 14 that says delivery trucks have to be painted, you know,
- 15 some other color or something like that that they don't
- 16 know about, I think this Court's decision in Plains
- 17 Commerce Bank says that's not what you're reasonably
- 18 anticipating.
- 19 So this is a very limited rule, really
- 20 tailored -- it's circumstances like this in which
- 21 every -- the law of every jurisdiction --
- 22 JUSTICE ALITO: All right. What about the
- 23 -- what about the products liability action?
- 24 MR. KATYAL: So again, if -- if a business
- 25 is sending -- intentionally, knowingly sending goods

- 1 onto tribal land, and those turn out to be defective,
- 2 then they're liable for that, for that tort. That is
- 3 something that's a reasonably -- reasonably to be
- 4 anticipated --
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And that could be for
- 6 punitive damages, millions of dollars?
- 7 MR. KATYAL: If -- if that's what they have
- 8 consented to. So for --
- 9 JUSTICE KENNEDY: No. No. There's no
- 10 consent. It's just what Justice Alito said, that they
- 11 send their products to 50 different States --
- 12 MR. KATYAL: If -- if there's --
- 13 JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- and all of the tribes.
- 14 MR. KATYAL: If -- if they do so knowingly,
- and there is that kind of long-term relationship, then
- 16 yes, unless they themselves disclaim that -- and of
- 17 course it's very easy --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, number one, that's
- 19 not explicit consent. We can get into that later.
- 20 MR. KATYAL: Well -- well, I --
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But the --
- 22 MR. KATYAL: -- I certainly --
- 23 JUSTICE KENNEDY: There's no -- so punitive
- 24 damages, millions of dollars?
- 25 MR. KATYAL: Right, as long as they haven't

- 1 affirmatively disclaimed it. And I think that is,
- 2 Justice Kennedy, the proper rule.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I don't know what
- 4 authority --
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Again, what about limiting
- 6 --
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm sorry, Justice
- 8 Kennedy.
- 9 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I don't know what
- 10 authority Congress has to subject citizens of the
- 11 United States to that nonconstitutional forum.
- 12 MR. KATYAL: It's exactly what this Court --
- 13 and Justice Kennedy joined this in Plains Commerce
- 14 Bank -- because what this Court said is that, yes, there
- 15 are these constitutional concerns that -- or that tribes
- 16 are -- you know, tribes are outside the constitutional
- 17 system and so on.
- 18 But when someone consents through their
- 19 words or their actions, not express consent, then that
- 20 takes it out of that circumstance.
- 21 And so Dollar General had a remedy available
- 22 to it right away. It -- it didn't have -- nobody forced
- 23 Dollar General to show up on the tribal lands. Nobody
- 24 forced Dollar General to sell to these customers.
- 25 Nobody forced Dollar General to have this Youth

- 1 Opportunity Program. And yes, like every employer in
- 2 this country, Justice Kennedy, when you do those things,
- 3 you open yourselves up to the reasonable liability that
- 4 follows. This --
- 5 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, let me give you
- 6 another -- another hypothetical: Somebody goes to an
- 7 Indian casino and loses a lot of money, and then when
- 8 the person goes home, the person goes online and says
- 9 that, they -- they cheated me. The game was rigged.
- 10 The -- the Blackjack dealer was doing something. And
- 11 they -- and so then the -- the -- the Tribe -- could the
- 12 Tribe sue that person for defamation in tribal court?
- MR. KATYAL: Well, I think -- I -- I think
- 14 that that's not something that would be permissible
- 15 under this Court's Atkinson Trading nexus test. I think
- 16 it's got to be something that's got to be reasonably
- 17 anticipated, and I'm not really sure that that kind of
- 18 thing is.
- 19 All we're saying here is that this is a
- 20 circumstance in which, as the Solicitor General's brief
- 21 at Page 32 says, the law of every jurisdiction treats
- 22 this kind of thing as something that is a reasonably
- 23 anticipatory thing when someone's running a shop --
- someone's running a store and having a Youth Opportunity
- 25 Program.

- 1 Yes, there --
- 2 JUSTICE GINSBURG: And so how do you deal
- 3 with -- I think it is a stronger point on the other
- 4 side, is the absence of removal, and --
- 5 MR. KATYAL: Yes. That -- that I do
- 6 think is something that -- you know, that my friend on
- 7 the other side has said. But of course, as you were
- 8 saying, Justice Ginsburg, removal is not
- 9 constitutionally compelled. So it would require a
- 10 statute.
- 11 Here the removal statute requires diversity,
- 12 full diversity between the parties, and \$75,000 is the
- 13 limit. And I don't think that we would say anything
- 14 that doesn't fall within that is somehow not an incident
- 15 of sovereignty.
- And I also would point to this Court's
- 17 language in Iowa Mutual about the diversity statute,
- 18 because what this Court said with respect to the
- 19 diversity statute is, you know, it does require a
- 20 statute.
- 21 That statute doesn't really tell us
- 22 anything, one way or the other, about tribal
- 23 jurisdiction. And what this Court went on to say is
- 24 that civil tribal tort jurisdiction is an incident to
- 25 sovereighty. It's Williams v. Lee. It's about the

- 1 right of the people to govern themselves.
- 2 And, you know, to treat this,
- 3 Justice Kennedy, like express consent is to treat a
- 4 tribe the way you're treating the American Arbitration
- 5 Association or JAMS, and that has never been what this
- 6 Court has said. When you're dealing with the Montana I
- 7 exception, which is a limited exception, it requires
- 8 really -- you know, it requires a true relationship, an
- 9 open and honest consent of the kind that existed here,
- 10 in which they knew they were coming onto tribal lands
- 11 and subjecting themselves to tribal law.
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: Do --
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why was the
- 14 contractual provision acquiescence in the application of
- 15 tribal law limited in the way that it was if they were,
- 16 in fact, subjecting themselves to tribal jurisdiction
- 17 across the board?
- 18 MR. KATYAL: I -- I -- I don't think it was
- 19 limited at all. This is the language at Joint Appendix
- 20 page 45: "This agreement and any related documents
- 21 shall be construed" -- excuse me -- "Dollar General
- 22 shall comply with all codes and requirements of all
- 23 Tribal and Federal Rules and regulations now enforced or
- 24 which may hereafter be enforced which are applicable and
- 25 pertain to Dollar General's specific use of the demised

- 1 premises."
- 2 That is not limited language.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Is there any reason
- 4 that the issue that we're arguing about couldn't be
- 5 dealt with through contractual provisions, as they are
- 6 in some cases where you either suggest yourselves to the
- 7 jurisdiction of the tribal court or not?
- 8 MR. KATYAL: Sure. I think that they could,
- 9 on -- on either side. I think that's -- that's
- 10 possible. But I think what this Court has said, time
- 11 and again, is that that is not necessary.
- 12 Your language, Mr. Chief Justice, in Plains
- 13 Commerce Bank, is that you can consent by your words or
- 14 your actions. This Court's earlier language in the
- 15 path-marking Montana case is not that it requires
- 16 express consent, but rather through commercial dealing,
- 17 contracts, leases or other arrangements.
- For you to go further than that and adopt my
- 19 friend's argument is to radically depart from that
- 20 path-marking decision, and change the rules and put
- 21 tribes on no greater a footing than the American
- 22 Arbitration Association.
- 23 JUSTICE BREYER: So what -- what would -- do
- 24 we have to reach in this case the question of products,
- 25 liability for products sent into the tribal area?

- I would have thought you could say this does
- 2 not involve that, if you're willing to read -- and I
- 3 don't know if you are -- nonmembers who enter into this
- 4 kind of explicit consensual relationship growing out
- 5 of -- in relation to a contract to which relationship
- 6 the tort is directly related.
- 7 MR. KATYAL: Exactly.
- 8 JUSTICE BREYER: Now, is there any -- and --
- 9 and what is the word in Cherokee? I forget. It's
- 10 "something dependent nation." What kind of -- it was --
- 11 there are two words --
- 12 MR. KATYAL: Domestic dependent --
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: What?
- 14 MR. KATYAL: Domestic dependent nation?
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: Domestic? All right.
- So if, in fact, Tasmania had this kind of
- 17 situation, and an American went to Tasmania and got a
- 18 reasonable judgment, I take it our courts would enforce
- 19 that.
- 20 MR. KATYAL: Correct.
- 21 JUSTICE BREYER: And, of course you're going
- 22 to agree with this, but if I -- but if I -- if I want --
- 23 if I wanted -- I wanted the limitation, and I wanted to
- 24 know if you wanted me to read one thing that you have
- 25 cited in respect to what is only impressionistic, that

- 1 the vast number of tribal courts are indistinguishable
- 2 in terms of fairness, et cetera, from the courts of --
- 3 other courts in the United States, what would I read?
- 4 MR. KATYAL: Well, I -- I -- I think, you
- 5 know, we've cited to, you know, some large --
- 6 JUSTICE BREYER: Which of those do you want
- 7 me to read?
- 8 MR. KATYAL: Well, I -- I think that maybe
- 9 Justice O'Connor's article is a good place to start.
- 10 And so I -- I think what I would say there,
- 11 Justice Breyer, is that fairness concerns have never
- 12 been relevant to the jurisdictional inquiry. I think
- 13 that's what this Court's decision in Iowa -- Iowa Mutual
- 14 said.
- With respect to your product-liability
- 16 hypothetical, we think there are four limits on the rule
- 17 we have, which is why -- you know, look, this has been
- 18 going on for a long time, tribal court jurisdiction.
- 19 Congress hasn't seen fit to modify it, you know, if they
- 20 were concerned about the concerns Justice Kennedy had.
- 21 And the reason is because this is a limited
- 22 thing. It requires a very tight nexus -- that's, you
- 23 know, this Court's decisions in Plains Commerce Bank and
- 24 Atkinson's Trading. It requires knowledge. It's got to
- 25 be -- you got to know what you're doing. You can't just

- 1 wander on to the Reservation the way the Oklahoma --
- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: If we're -- if we're
- 3 going to evaluate the due process concerns on a
- 4 case-by-case basis, as a general matter, it -- does it
- 5 violate due process for a nonmember to be subjected to a
- 6 jury verdict where the jury consists solely of tribal
- 7 members?
- 8 MR. KATYAL: Well -- well, first of all, you
- 9 know, that's not necessarily what's going on here.
- 10 There's no jury trial in this case. But --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I understand that.
- 12 But it's kind of a yes-or-no question. Does it -- does
- 13 it violate due process as a general matter for a
- 14 nonmember to be subjected to a jury trial with the jury
- 15 composed solely of members of the Tribe?
- 16 MR. KATYAL: I -- I could see it violating
- 17 ICRA. It wouldn't violate, formally, the Constitution.
- 18 It would violate, you know, the due -- it arguably could
- 19 violate the Due Process Clauses incorporated into ICRA.
- 20 That would be something --
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: That's because tribes are
- 22 not governed by the Due Process Clause.
- 23 MR. KATYAL: Yes. But they are governed --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: They're nonconstitutional
- 25 entities.

- 1 MR. KATYAL: Correct. But Congress has
- 2 brought the Due Process Clause to tribes in the form of
- 3 ICRA. And of course, Justice Kennedy, if they were more
- 4 concerned and said, look, we don't even like the way,
- 5 tribes, you're interpreting ICRA or something like that,
- 6 tribal courts, they could go further. They could do
- 7 all --
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I guess they could --
- 9 MR. KATYAL: They could ban those juries.
- 10 They have plenary jurisdiction in this area. That's why
- 11 the ball game is in Congress's court, Congress's shoes.
- 12 It's not in this Court's.
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: I -- is it right? I'm
- 14 thinking that there are \$50,000 at stake in many cases.
- 15 And many citizens of New York who want to feel -- sue
- 16 citizens of Massachusetts, do have to go before juries
- 17 to obtain the \$50,000 in a Massachusetts court. And
- 18 suppose the plaintiff is a Yankee fan?
- 19 (Laughter.)
- 20 MR. KATYAL: That's -- that's absolutely
- 21 right. And -- and -- that's absolutely right, and I --
- 22 and so in -- in that sort of --
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Kind of think
- 24 that -- you think the concerns are on the same level:
- 25 Forcing somebody in a State court to be subjected -- a

- 1 New Yorker to be subject to jurisdiction where
- 2 everyone's from Massachusetts because it's Massachusetts
- 3 court. You think that's the same as subjecting a
- 4 nonmember accused of a terrible assault on an Indian to
- 5 jurisdiction before a jury consisting solely of members
- 6 of the Tribe.
- 7 MR. KATYAL: I don't think it's the same,
- 8 Mr. Chief Justice, but I think there are two things
- 9 which make them similar. One is that they themselves,
- 10 that nonmember, is consenting to that by going to --
- 11 like the store here, setting up shop and running the
- 12 Tribal Opportunities Program and serving its members.
- 13 And number two, the big difference is that
- 14 Congress has full control over there. If they are
- 15 concerned about all tribal member juries or something
- 16 like that, they can regulate those.
- 17 Civil jurisdiction and tribal courts have
- 18 been going on for decades, and we haven't seen Congress
- 19 doing that. And indeed much -- and very interesting
- 20 here, you've got the sovereigns of every relevant
- 21 entities of the United States, as well as the State of
- 22 Mississippi itself, saying we're not concerned about
- 23 those things. Actually, this is an incident of --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: The Constitution runs to
- 25 the people. The people have a right to insist on the

- 1 Constitution even if Mississippi or the Federal
- 2 government doesn't care.
- 3 MR. KATYAL: I completely agree with that,
- 4 Justice Kennedy. My only point is to say that, here,
- 5 Dollar General has themselves, by opening -- they --
- 6 they have the keys to avoiding this by not showing up at
- 7 the Reservation --
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: This -- this gets into
- 9 implied consent, express consent, you know, all the
- 10 hypotheticals. You consent to have your luggage
- 11 searched, you go through this, I don't consent, I don't
- 12 consent -- it's implied. Everybody knows that.
- But this is -- this is quite -- it seems to
- 14 me that the first exception in Montana is quite
- 15 different. It talks about contracts, and the Tribe
- 16 could certainly have put this in a contract if they
- 17 wanted just like an arbitration clause.
- 18 MR. KATYAL: Well, Justice Kennedy, we do
- 19 think -- the argument doesn't depend on it, but we do
- 20 think that they did put it in the contract. That's the
- 21 language I was just reading to the Chief Justice.
- But just to be clear, the language of
- 23 Montana I is broader than what you're saying it is,
- 24 again, through commercial dealing, contracts, leases or
- 25 other arrangements. And my friend, Mr. Goldstein,

- 1 clever as he may be, doesn't have an argument that this
- 2 isn't commercial dealing. This is -- this is, you know,
- 3 as good as -- this is the heart -- as I was saying, this
- 4 is the heartland of what Montana I is about. This is a
- 5 circumstance in which a tribe is entering into a long --
- 6 store is entering into a long-term relationship. And
- 7 any business in America doing this, whether they -- they
- 8 set up shop in France or in the city of San Francisco,
- 9 knows they're opening themselves up to a -- to the local
- 10 regulation that may follow.
- 11 JUSTICE ALITO: If there were a forum
- 12 selection clause in this contract selecting State court,
- 13 would that bind Tribe member -- members?
- 14 MR. KATYAL: I do think it would.
- 15 JUSTICE ALITO: If so, on what theory?
- 16 MR. KATYAL: I think that the Tribe itself
- 17 has the ability to, just as they can decide to use the
- 18 American Arbitration Association or whatever, they can
- 19 buy into some other area of law. I don't think that my
- 20 friend, Mr. Goldstein, is disagreeing. He said
- 21 sometimes it's hard to do, in response to Justice Kagan.
- 22 I don't think it's hard to do at all because the whole
- 23 question is are you reasonably anticipating a certain
- 24 amount of jurisdiction, and you are.
- 25 And of course there's other solutions.

- 1 Indemnity provisions; if you're worried about the due
- 2 process -- lack of due process, you can have indemnity
- 3 arrangements, as many leases do, including Dollar
- 4 General's current lease. There's lots of different ways
- 5 to deal with this concern about, you know, lack of
- 6 constitutional concerns.
- 7 But this Court --
- 8 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Katyal, so why would
- 9 these plaintiffs want to bring the case in tribal court
- 10 where they can get, in your argument, they can get
- 11 Dollar General but they can't get Townsend? If they
- 12 sued in State court, they could sue both defendants.
- MR. KATYAL: Mm-hmm. So because going after
- 14 Dollar General effectively does provide them all the
- 15 remedy they need, that's why they never appealed that
- 16 piece -- piece of it.
- And, you know, and the other thing is this
- is really important as a matter of tribal sovereignty
- 19 that is -- Williams v. Lee says it's about the right of
- 20 the people to govern themselves. The Domestic Violence
- 21 brief gives other reasons why in general people want to
- 22 bring suits in tribal courts because it's a more
- 23 familiar process and one closer, geographically, to
- them. Many times State courthouses are hours and hours
- 25 away. So that's -- that's another reason.

- 1 But the bottom line here is this Court said
- 2 in Williams v. Lee this is about the right of the people
- 3 to govern themselves. I appreciate the constitutional
- 4 concerns, but Plains Commerce Bank baked those into its
- 5 consent rule. It said yes, there are those
- 6 constitutional concerns. They would apply to some
- 7 wandering entity or something like that, but not to
- 8 someone who consents either through their words or their
- 9 actions.
- 10 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Just so you know, it
- 11 seemed to me a reading of the first Montana exception,
- 12 which is what we're talking about here, talking about
- 13 taxation, licensing, then it talks about consensual
- 14 relationships and we have this whole question: Is it
- 15 explicit or is it implied?
- And then it talks about commercial dealing
- 17 contracts, leases, or other arrangements. That doesn't
- 18 sound like torts to me. And it seems to me that since
- 19 there's a Reservation in mind, you might you want to
- 20 address it.
- 21 MR. KATYAL: Sure. So I think this Court in
- 22 Regal already said that torts are a form of regulation.
- 23 I think there's no reason to think of torts any
- 24 differently because they -- they impact bodies' behavior
- 25 and precedent, stare decisis. You've said this many

- 1 times in the cases I've mentioned.
- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- 3 Mr. Kneedler.
- 4 ORAL ARGUMENT OF EDWIN S. KNEEDLER
- 5 FOR UNITED STATES, AS AMICUS CURIAE,
- 6 SUPPORTING THE RESPONDENTS
- 7 MR. KNEEDLER: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it
- 8 please the Court:
- 9 I'd like at the outset to respond to the
- 10 argument that tribal court jurisdiction over tort claims
- 11 is somehow inconsistent with the superior sovereignty of
- 12 the United States.
- 13 That argument was flatly rejected, I think,
- 14 in both National Farmers Union and Iowa Mutual where
- 15 this Court was asked to apply the rule of Oliphant to
- 16 civil jurisdiction. And this Court, in an unanimous
- 17 decision joined by Justice Rehnquist, who was the author
- 18 of Oliphant, said that those principles do not apply to
- 19 civil jurisdiction. Iowa Mutual and National Farmers
- 20 Union enforced the rule of exhaustion on that premise.
- 21 Then, importantly, not too long after that,
- 22 Congress undertook a thorough review of tribal courts in
- 23 connection with the passage in 1993, as we explain in
- our brief, of the Tribal Justice Improvements Act --
- 25 Tribal Justice Act. It held hearings, and in that -- in

- 1 that statute, Congress made two specific findings:
- 2 Tribal justice systems are an essential part of tribal
- 3 government and serve important forums for ensuring
- 4 public health and safety and political integrity of the
- 5 Tribe, and Congress in Federal courts --
- 6 JUSTICE SCALIA: Nobody denies that here.
- 7 MR. KNEEDLER: Well, no, but if I could --
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: It is essential for -- for
- 9 disputes between tribal members.
- 10 MR. KNEEDLER: If I could finish, what
- 11 Congress's -- Congress's judgment, the next finding,
- 12 Congress and Federal courts have repeatedly recognized
- 13 tribal justice systems as the appropriate forums for the
- 14 adjudication of disputes affecting personal and property
- 15 rights.
- 16 The committee reports on that statute made
- 17 clear that they -- that those provisions were enacted in
- 18 light of Iowa Mutual and National Farmers Union, and in
- 19 fact, one of the -- one of the committee reports says
- 20 that that second provision was added in recognition of
- 21 the jurisdiction that tribal courts have over
- 22 non-Indian --
- 23 JUSTICE SCALIA: If it said personal and
- 24 property rights of non-Tribal members.
- 25 MR. KNEEDLER: Well --

- 1 JUSTICE SCALIA: Or against non-Tribal
- 2 members. It makes no reference to that at all.
- 3 MR. KNEEDLER: No. The -- what I'm saying,
- 4 it was enacted in the wake of National Farmers Union and
- 5 Iowa Mutual, which both concerned tort claims against
- 6 non-Indians. And the legislative history makes clear
- 7 that Congress was implementing that, and it provided
- 8 funding for tribal courts.
- 9 Another point --
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: Do you think everybody who
- 11 voted for that statute was aware of that, right?
- MR. KNEEDLER: There were --
- 13 JUSTICE SCALIA: They were aware of those
- 14 cases, I'm sure. Everybody who voted for that
- 15 language --
- 16 MR. KNEEDLER: I -- I --
- 17 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- were aware that it -- it
- 18 stemmed from those cases because that's what the
- 19 committee report says.
- 20 MR. KNEEDLER: This -- this was a statute
- 21 against the backdrop of two decisions of this Court
- 22 saying that the rule of Oliphant does not apply to civil
- 23 jurisdiction over non-Indians in tort cases
- 24 specifically.
- 25 And importantly also, in Iowa Mutual the

- 1 argument was made about, specifically in connection with
- 2 the diversity point, which Mr. Katyal has responded to,
- 3 but the argument that the policies of the deferred city
- 4 statute, such as concerns about perhaps competence of
- 5 tribal courts or bias, that they should at least inform
- 6 the analysis. And the Court said that would be
- 7 inconsistent -- and this is before the 1993 statute --
- 8 that would be inconsistent with Congress's judgment
- 9 about encouraging tribal courts as an important
- 10 expression of tribal sovereignty.
- 11 And then Congress comes along and provides
- 12 funding and training, statutes that -- that provide for
- 13 training of tribal judges, money to support the payment
- 14 of tribal judges and to support tribes in publication of
- 15 their tribal codes. Congress thoroughly examined this
- 16 and then again in the year 2000 enacted a statute with a
- 17 similar finding.
- 18 So what we have here is not congressional
- 19 silence but congressional approval of that, here in
- 20 particular.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Mr. Kneedler, I don't
- 22 know that you've answered -- I'm going to assume
- 23 everything you said and accept it. I think it was very
- 24 clear from the committee report here, every word you've
- 25 said, and some of us do believe that since a bill is

- 1 sent with the committee report and Congress is voting on
- 2 both, if a member hasn't read it, they've abused their
- 3 official responsibility.
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: Does Congress vote on the
- 5 committee report, Mr. Kneedler?
- 6 MR. KNEEDLER: Sometimes.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Sometimes.
- 8 MR. KNEEDLER: It does not.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: It does not, not normally.
- 10 If they vote on the committee report in any instance
- 11 where there is a reconciliation between the two houses
- 12 because it comes back in the form a vote, do you accept
- 13 the report of the joint committee?
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: Which was not here.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yeah, did they vote
- on the bill -- on the committee reports here?
- MR. KNEEDLER: My -- my point is that this
- 18 was a --
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm sorry about your
- 20 point.
- 21 Did they vote on the committee reports --
- 22 MR. KNEEDLER: No, they did not vote.
- 23 JUSTICE BREYER: If we're getting into this,
- 24 I'm sort of interested because I bet it could be true
- 25 that the president of IBM, for example, does not himself

- 1 read everything that the entire million-man staff or
- 2 million-person staff at the -- at IBM in fact prepares
- 3 for the public. So if you want to answer questions like
- 4 that, go ahead, but if you don't want to answer them,
- 5 forget it.
- 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So --
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: He's an executive, isn't
- 8 he? Isn't the chairman of IBM an executive? And
- 9 executives can delegate authority. They -- they can
- 10 tell a committee to -- to do it in his name --
- 11 MR. KNEEDLER: I didn't --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- what this Court alleges,
- 13 but it cannot do that, can it?
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I -- I think Justice
- 15 Sotomayor had a question on the floor.
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: We've gotten off on a
- 17 side trip.
- 18 Mr. Kneedler, some of my colleagues have
- 19 been expressing a question that I am sure you haven't
- 20 answered, which is how can, or how does the
- 21 Constitution, particularly Article III, which gives
- 22 every citizen the right to have their claims adjudicated
- 23 before an Article III Court, how does Congress have the
- 24 power to let -- to place adjudicatory powers over a
- 25 nonmember, non-Tribe member in a tribal court?

- 1 MR. KNEEDLER: Congress -- the answer is
- 2 Congress has not placed it as part of the inherent
- 3 sovereignty of a -- of a tribe that -- that predates the
- 4 Constitution as -- and was not displaced, as this Court
- 5 made quite clear in the National Farmers Union decision,
- 6 unlike in criminal cases where, from the start, from
- 7 1790 -- and this was an important part of the Court's
- 8 analysis -- in -- in Oliphant.
- 9 From the very beginning, Congress placed
- 10 criminal jurisdiction over crimes by non-Indians against
- 11 Indians in Federal courts in order to assure that they
- would have the full protection of the Due Process Clause
- 13 in courts. Congress has never done that with respect to
- 14 civil jurisdiction.
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: And it's not right that
- 16 everybody has the -- the right to an Article III
- 17 tribunal.
- 18 MR. KNEEDLER: No. That was going to be --
- 19 that was going to be my second point. State courts over
- 20 issues of State law does not have the authority -- or do
- 21 not have the ability to go to Federal court. And -- and
- 22 the same thing with respect to tribal law.
- 23 JUSTICE SCALIA: No, but out-of-Staters do,
- 24 at least where there's an adequate amount in
- 25 controversy, right?

- 1 MR. KNEEDLER: Right. The Constitution does
- 2 not require that. It provides for it, but does not
- 3 provide -- does not require it. There's an
- 4 amount-in-controversy requirement, and also a
- 5 complete-diversity requirement.
- 6 And if Dollar General was a Mississippi
- 7 corporation, there would be no -- no ability to remove
- 8 it.
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Is it consistent
- 10 with your concept of due process, as a general matter,
- 11 to have a nonmember tried by a jury consisting solely of
- 12 tribal members?
- 13 MR. KNEEDLER: I -- I think there's a very
- 14 strong argument that it is because the -- the tribal
- 15 members are the citizens of the jurisdiction that proves
- 16 courts are being held. Just like when someone goes from
- 17 Alabama to Mississippi, they may be tried before a jury
- 18 of Mississippians who are not -- of which that plaintiff
- 19 is not a member. But if there is a problem with that,
- 20 that is why the Indian Civil Rights Act is there. If
- 21 there is a due process problem, that is something that
- 22 can be raised.
- 23 And Justice Kennedy, in response to your
- 24 concern, Congress has fulfilled its obligation with
- 25 respect to the jurisdiction of tribal courts over

- 1 nonmembers by the Indian Civil Rights Act to assure that
- 2 the protections that are equivalent to the Due Process
- 3 Clause are -- are afforded people.
- 4 There may be -- may be some --
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Do the same thing with the
- 6 American Arbitration Association?
- 7 MR. KNEEDLER: No, it could not. The Tribes
- 8 have inherent sovereignty; the American Arbitration
- 9 Association does not.
- 10 The last thing I wanted to point out is --
- 11 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But -- but I do think, on
- 12 your earlier point, there -- there was not a general
- 13 practice before, say, 1900 at least, of trying nontribal
- 14 members before Indian civil tribal courts.
- 15 MR. KNEEDLER: The courts --
- 16 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Or -- or is that
- 17 incorrect?
- 18 MR. KNEEDLER: But -- but -- no. There was
- 19 some with the five tribes in Oklahoma. The Tribes did
- 20 not have developed judicial systems, but that does not
- 21 mean that they were resolving disputes in some manner,
- 22 however it may be. They have now given expression to
- 23 dispute resolution through tribal court systems, for
- 24 which they should be commended, I think, not -- not
- 25 undermined.

- 1 And again, the Court made that point in Iowa
- 2 Mutual, recognizing that tribes did not have courts at
- 3 the time, but that did not deprive them of jurisdiction
- 4 today.
- 5 And with respect to the consensual
- 6 relationship, I point out on page 372 of this Court's
- 7 decision in -- in Nevada v. Hicks discussing the Montana
- 8 case, it was referring to private individuals who
- 9 voluntarily submitted themselves to tribal regulatory
- 10 jurisdiction by -- by arrangements that they or their
- 11 employers entered into. That precisely describes the
- 12 situation where you have consent hewn. You have a
- 13 business operating on the Reservation pursuant to tribal
- 14 license, a tribal lease agreement, and this particular
- 15 child was working there because of a consensual
- 16 agreement.
- 17 JUSTICE SCALIA: And so I could say that
- 18 person was subject to tribal regulatory jurisdiction,
- 19 which can be interpreted, narrowly, to mean the Tribe
- 20 can regulate that person's conduct. If he violates that
- 21 conduct, the Tribe, as a tribe, can fine him. It
- doesn't necessarily mean that the regulatory
- 23 jurisdiction includes the -- the power to impose tort
- 24 law and adjudicate tort law.
- 25 MR. KNEEDLER: May I answer?

- 1 This Court has often said that tort law is a
- 2 form of regulation, and again, that Iowa Mutual and
- 3 those cases are premised on the idea that tribal tort
- 4 law governs. And this Court's observation in Nevada v.
- 5 Hicks about El Paso, that the Navajo tribal law tort
- 6 claims, the tribal court -- there was little doubt that
- 7 the tribal court had jurisdiction over those claims.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- 9 Mr. Goldstein, five minutes remaining.
- 10 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN
- 11 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
- 12 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Thank you. I have three
- 13 points, and they all happen to relate to questions by
- 14 Justice Scalia.
- The first deals with the question of whether
- 16 tribal tort law, the last point by my friend, is a form
- 17 of regulation. And we have cases like Regal, we have
- 18 the preemption context in which the Court has said
- 19 something like that. But the big difference is that
- 20 that is about the substance of the tort law, not the
- 21 forum where it occurs.
- 22 Imagine a case like Regal. We would say
- 23 that the application of State tort law was a form of
- 24 regulation. But if that was heard in a Federal district
- 25 court, on removal, on -- in diversity jurisdiction, or

- 1 on a Federal question, it would still be State
- 2 regulation.
- 3 So my point here is: The most that can
- 4 establish is that the substantive tort law's regulation,
- 5 not the forum. We do not agree that that's so, but it
- 6 would be the only thing that they could get from that
- 7 argument. What would remain is the difference of
- 8 adjudication from the substance of the tort law.
- 9 The second point, as Justice Scalia, I will
- 10 line up my friend's committee reports against the text
- 11 of the Constitution. We do not have an answer to the
- 12 fact that our constitutional tradition has three points
- 13 in it that are inconsistent with this form of
- 14 adjudication. And two of them are not specific to the
- 15 States.
- The Constitution is the supreme law of the
- 17 land in the United States. This Court is the Supreme
- 18 Court of the United States. That's not true just with
- 19 respect to the States, that is a bedrock -- those are
- 20 bedrock principles. Neither of them are true here.
- 21 We also think that our tradition is that you
- 22 have access to a neutral court. I understand; I accept
- 23 that Congress implemented that in a removal statute that
- 24 does not apply here. But my point is that Congress
- 25 could not have understood that it was a necessary

- 1 incident of sovereignty when the States were subject to
- 2 removal jurisdiction at the time the tribes came into
- 3 the United States.
- 4 It is historically implausible to believe
- 5 that in all three of these respects, when the tribes
- 6 came into the United States, they were in a superior
- 7 position to the States. And we know that from one other
- 8 example, and that is also at the time -- so these are
- 9 the judiciary acts of 1789 and '90, Congress made the
- 10 judgments of State courts enforceable by full faith and
- 11 credit, but not tribal courts. And it cannot be, then,
- 12 that it thought the tribal courts were better than the
- 13 State courts.
- And it does relate, Mr. Chief Justice, to
- 15 your point that the Court has never held, despite
- 16 dictum, that a nonmember is subject to adjudication in a
- 17 tribal court. Because if you haven't done it till now,
- 18 it is, I think, respectfully implausible to believe that
- 19 Congress thought it was true in 1880, at a time when the
- 20 tribes had much less developed legal systems.
- 21 My final point is -- relates to
- 22 administrability. And you have been offered two
- 23 alternatives. The other side says we have a test about
- 24 nexus and foreseeability. I have a standard that says,
- 25 write it down in a contract.

- 1 My rule is infinitely more administrable
- 2 because the other side imagines that people will
- 3 constantly be running to State and Federal court saying
- 4 this nexus wasn't strong enough; I didn't know when I
- 5 mailed this to the Tribe, or this form of tribal tort
- 6 law is not quite foreseeable enough for me to know what
- 7 the rule is.
- 8 That is a bad system. You have said, time
- 9 and again, that jurisdictional rules need to be known
- 10 ahead of time, and they need to be clear. And I don't
- 11 understand the answer to our point that it is
- 12 disrespectful of the sovereignty that is asserted here.
- 13 If the Tribal Supreme Court can constantly be overruled
- 14 by a circuit court in Mississippi, are we seriously
- 15 treating it as an independent sovereign? That --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, let me ask you
- 17 something. What then remains of the sovereignty of the
- 18 Indians? They can -- they can bring a tort suit against
- 19 you? The Tribes can bring a tort suit against you for
- 20 dumping on their -- on their land? For defacing their
- 21 archeological digs? I mean, why is that okay?
- 22 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay. Justice Sotomayor, I
- 23 do not want to give up on our broader argument that
- 24 Montana's first exception doesn't apply here. But our
- 25 position is consistent with the fact that this is a

- 1 question, as my friends have emphasized, of State
- 2 sovereignty. And when the sovereign brings an action,
- 3 it is much easier to understand that that is an exercise
- 4 of self government and sovereignty than a private tort
- 5 suit between two people.
- 6 In addition, we have --
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: It makes -- you're --
- 8 you just want to cherry pick what "sovereignty" means.
- 9 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Sotomayor --
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Because if they're
- 11 sovereign, the United States can have treaties with
- 12 people that basically say in your land, you do what you
- 13 want; I'm not going to enforce your judgment if I don't
- 14 think it's consistent with due process here. But we
- don't dictate to other sovereigns what kind of systems
- 16 they should have.
- You're right we have the power to do that,
- 18 but it's still something that we don't have to exercise.
- 19 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Justice Sotomayor, because
- 20 my time has expired, I will be brief. The difference is
- 21 the dependent sovereignty of the Indian tribes and the
- 22 fact that individuals have the protections of the
- 23 Constitution.
- Thank you.
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.

Τ	The case is submitted.
2	(Whereupon, at 11:04 a.m., the case in the
3	above-entitled matter was submitted.)
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

	Ī	Ī	İ	I
A	actual 14:23	36:5 46:11,15	18:18	arising 6:20
<b>\$50,000</b> 43:14	added 50:20	allegation 23:15	applicable 38:24	19:1 28:1
43:17	addition 63:6	allegedly 29:5	application	arrangements
<b>\$75,000</b> 37:12	address 10:2	alleges 54:12	18:23 38:14	39:17 45:25
<b>a.m</b> 1:15 3:2	48:20	allow 26:1 27:23	59:23	47:3 48:17
64:2	addressing 8:20	alternatives	applied 29:10	58:10
ability 46:17	9:10	61:23	applies 25:7	article 10:14
55:21 56:7	adequate 55:24	America 46:7	apply 8:8 13:20	25:23 27:9
able 5:11,15	adherence 31:24	American 24:11	15:14 18:5	41:9 54:21,23
above-entitled	adjudicate 3:20	38:4 39:21	26:8,15 32:1,4	55:16
1:13 64:3	5:6 21:3 58:24	40:17 46:18	48:6 49:15,18	articles 16:22
absence 37:4	adjudicated	57:6,8	51:22 60:24	asked 12:18
absolutely 27:15	12:24 54:22	amicus 1:23	62:24	14:10 23:20
32:8 33:9	adjudication	2:10 49:5	appoint 10:4	49:15
43:20,21	16:4 23:1	amount 46:24	appointed 10:5	asking 6:24
abused 53:2	50:14 60:8,14	55:24	appreciate 48:3	assault 44:4
accede 19:10	61:16	amount-in-co	approach 16:16	assaulted 29:5
acceded 27:25	adjudicative	56:4	appropriate	asserted 62:12
accept 52:23	24:17	analogy 5:10	50:13	assess 14:18
53:12 60:22	adjudicatory	21:17	approval 52:19	assign 27:14
accepted 5:14	3:16 4:7,15,16	analysis 52:6	arbitration 38:4	Association 38:5
access 4:17	4:23,25 9:1,2	55:8	39:22 45:17	39:22 46:18
60:22	9:13,18 54:24	answer 54:3,4	46:18 57:6,8	57:6,9
accident 32:18	administrability	55:1 58:25	archeological	assume 9:15
32:23	61:22	60:11 62:11	62:21	27:17 52:22
accused 44:4	administrable	answered 52:22	area 30:24 39:25	<b>assumed</b> 7:9,11
acquiescence	62:1	54:20	43:10 46:19	9:12
38:14	adopt 39:18	ante 11:14	arguably 42:18	assumes 3:11
act 15:16,17,20	affirmatively	antecedent 6:25	argue 3:15	assuming 9:17
15:25 16:12	35:1	8:24 9:21 30:2	arguing 8:14	9:20 10:9
21:18 23:13	afford 15:4	anticipate 13:2	39:4	assumption 7:17
49:24,25 56:20	afforded 57:3	anticipated 9:25	argument 1:14	assure 55:11
57:1	affords 16:14	18:17 34:4	2:2,5,8,12 3:3	57:1
action 19:4	agree 26:2,25	36:17	3:7,11 6:9,12	Atkinson 36:15
21:23 22:1,14	27:15 40:22	anticipating	7:2,25 16:25	Atkinson's
22:15,21 24:14	45:3 60:5	33:18 46:23	18:19 19:23	41:24
25:12 28:3	agreed 28:24	anticipatory	23:3,6 25:25	attack 14:14
33:2,23 63:2	agreement 18:4	36:23	26:10,13 28:16	17:4
actions 21:16	38:20 58:14,16	anybody 19:24	30:15 31:1	attacks 14:18
35:19 39:14	agrees 4:25	27:15	32:1,13 39:19	attempt 11:13
48:9	11:16	apologize 7:20	45:19 46:1	attempting 7:25
activities 6:21	ahead 54:4	25:1 26:11	47:10 49:4,10	<b>author</b> 49:17
29:12	62:10	appealed 47:15	49:13 52:1,3	authority 4:3,4
activity 6:19	<b>AL</b> 1:4,8	APPEARAN	56:14 59:10	4:5,6,7,8,19,21
20:16	Alabama 56:17	1:16	60:7 62:23	4:23 5:1,24 6:3
acts 61:9	<b>Alito</b> 32:1,5,12	Appendix 38:19	arguments 21:6	6:8,11,19 7:1
	33:22 34:10	applicability	21:7,8,12	8:4,24 9:1,2,2
	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I

				00
13:12 21:21	61:4,18	<b>broad</b> 6:10	certainly 16:22	27:16,17,19
22:1 23:25	believed 14:2	broader 9:1	16:23 34:22	29:13 37:24
24:10 26:24	24:1	17:11 45:23	45:16	44:17 49:16,19
28:3 29:12	belongs 16:5	62:23	cetera 41:2	51:22 55:14
35:4,10 54:9	best 18:14 30:15	brought 22:5	chairman 54:8	56:20 57:1,14
55:20	31:1	27:17,20 43:2	change 39:20	claim 14:8,9
authorize 24:6	best-managed	business 18:14	cheated 36:9	18:8 21:15
availability 5:9	15:13	20:20 27:24	Cherokee 40:9	claims 16:4
9:25 10:15	bet 53:24	31:4,5 33:24	cherry 63:8	21:12,13 27:19
11:4,14	Bethesda 1:17	46:7 58:13	Chief 3:3,9	27:23 31:3,4
available 13:22	better 61:12	buy 46:19	28:14,18 29:6	49:10 51:5
35:21	bias 52:5	buy 40.17	29:14,24 30:3	54:22 59:6,7
avoidance 26:13	big 44:13 59:19	<u> </u>	30:7,9 35:3,7	clash 6:15
	bill 15:16 52:25	C 1:17 2:1,3,13	38:13 39:3,12	clause 25:22
avoiding 45:6 award 14:10	53:16	3:1,7 59:10	42:2,11 43:23	27:11 42:22
		call 18:22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
aware 51:11,13	bind 46:13	can 18.22 capacity 16:17	44:8 45:21	43:2 45:17
51:17	bit 23:2 33:3	capacity 10.17	49:2,7 53:15	46:12 55:12
B	black-letter 5:23	case 3:4,12 4:20	53:19 54:14	57:3
back 4:7 5:22	6:1	5:11 7:4 8:8	56:9 59:8	Clauses 42:19
8:10 19:5	Blackjack 36:10	9:16,22 10:16	61:14 63:25	clear 31:23
53:12	board 38:17	12:11,24 14:11	child 23:16 29:1	45:22 50:17
	<b>bodies</b> 48:24	T	29:4 58:15	51:6 52:24
<b>backdrop</b> 51:21 <b>bad</b> 62:8	books 16:21	14:12 15:1,2 17:22 18:24	<b>Choctaw</b> 1:8 3:5	55:5 62:10
baked 48:4	bottom 48:1		29:1	clearly 20:1
	boundaries	20:4,21 26:8	choice 12:23	clever 46:1
<b>balance</b> 28:13	24:23	27:22 28:20	circuit 14:22	close 15:17,19
<b>ball</b> 43:11	<b>bounds</b> 15:6,8	29:17 30:4	15:2 62:14	closer 47:23
ban 43:9	boy 22:6	31:8 39:15,24	circumstance	codes 38:22
Band 1:7 3:5	<b>Breyer</b> 11:6,18	42:10 47:9	35:20 36:20	52:15
Bank 33:17	11:24 12:2,8	58:8 59:22	46:5	collateral 14:18
35:14 39:13	12:13,25 13:9	64:1,2	circumstances	collaterally
41:23 48:4	14:4 16:10,20	case-by-case	3:12 18:6,20	14:14 17:4
basic 13:16	17:5,8,11 18:3	42:4	33:20	colleagues 54:18
basically 63:12	18:11 20:23	cases 3:20 5:6	citations 22:10	<b>color</b> 33:15
basis 8:25 18:16	38:12 39:23	8:22,23 16:15	cited 40:25 41:5	come 19:5 27:24
29:19 42:4	40:8,13,15,21	19:7 21:3,5	citing 31:6	29:21
bedrock 60:19	41:6,11 43:13	27:13,17 29:21	<b>citizen</b> 8:6 10:7	<b>comes</b> 33:12
60:20	53:9,23	30:20,24 31:12	54:22	52:11 53:12
beginning 6:14	<b>brief</b> 24:2 36:20	31:14,16,20	citizens 23:4	coming 19:9
55:9	47:21 49:24	39:6 43:14	24:12 27:2	38:10
<b>behalf</b> 1:17,19	63:20	49:1 51:14,18	35:10 43:15,16	<b>comity</b> 10:21,22
2:4,7,14 3:8	briefly 5:7	51:23 55:6	56:15	commended
28:17 59:11	<b>bring</b> 22:14 33:1	59:3,17	city 46:8 52:3	57:24
behavior 48:24	47:9,22 62:18	casino 36:7	civil 6:19 15:16	Commerce
belief 11:3	62:19	category 28:8	15:17,20,25	33:17 35:13
believe 18:13	bringing 22:1	certain 13:15	16:4 22:1	39:13 41:23
22:20 52:25	brings 28:3 63:2	46:23	24:22 25:8,17	48:4
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l

				6 /
commercial	conduct 4:6	62:25 63:14	38:14 39:5	57:23 58:1
32:2 39:16	58:20,21	consistently	control 44:14	59:1,6,7,18,25
45:24 46:2	Congress 14:1	24:3		60:17,18,22
48:16		· -	controversy 55:25	, ,
	15:24 16:13,17	consisting 44:5		61:15,17 62:3
commits 18:5	23:23 24:5,8	56:11	corporation 1:4	62:13,14
<b>committee</b> 50:16	24:20 25:1,16	consists 42:6	3:5 56:7	Court's 8:18
50:19 51:19	25:21 26:23	constantly 62:3	correct 3:22	9:11 21:20
52:24 53:1,5	27:13 35:10	62:13	8:14 40:20	30:16,23 33:16
53:10,13,16,21	41:19 43:1	Constitution	43:1	36:15 37:16
54:10 60:10	44:14,18 49:22	3:25 5:5,8,16	counsel 28:14	39:14 41:13,23
commonly 21:10	50:1,5,12 51:7	10:1,14 12:21	49:2 59:8	43:12 55:7
21:11	52:11,15 53:1	12:23 13:2,5	63:25	58:6 59:4
company 19:22	53:4 54:23	13:18,19,20	country 3:20	courthouses
32:16	55:1,2,9,13	15:8,10,19	11:21 36:2	47:24
compelled 37:9	56:24 60:23,24	23:25 25:21	course 5:19 29:3	courts 4:20 6:21
competence	61:9,19	26:21 27:12	32:19 34:17	11:7,9,19
52:4	Congress's	42:17 44:24	37:7 40:21	12:19 13:20
complain 11:25	43:11,11 50:11	45:1 54:21	43:3 46:25	14:2,3,20 15:4
12:10	50:11 52:8	55:4 56:1	court 1:1,14	15:6,6,12,13
complete 5:24	congressional	60:11,16 63:23	3:10 4:23 5:12	15:25 16:23
25:17	19:4 52:18,19	constitutional	5:17,17,18,19	17:3 19:11
complete-dive	connection	13:7 26:13	6:16 8:9,20 9:8	21:3,11 25:11
56:5	49:23 52:1	27:6 35:15,16	9:10,14,16,22	31:20,23 32:24
completely 45:3	consensual	47:6 48:3,6	10:18,19 11:21	40:18 41:1,2,3
<b>comply</b> 38:22	20:13,16 33:5	60:12	12:8,10,15,24	43:6 44:17
composed 17:18	40:4 48:13	constitutionally	13:3,4,11,21	47:22 49:22
42:15	58:5,15	37:9	13:21 14:19,21	50:5,12,21
concept 56:10	consent 5:1,2	construed 38:21	14:22 15:10,10	51:8 52:5,9
concern 11:2	18:23,25 19:21	contemplate 5:5	18:7,7 20:9	55:11,13,19
47:5 56:24	19:23 20:19	10:15 14:13	22:20 26:22	56:16,25 57:14
concerned 17:12	34:10,19 35:19	23:25 25:23	27:10,20 28:19	57:15 58:2
18:14 19:7	38:3,9 39:13	contemplated	28:22 29:8,8	61:10,11,12,13
21:19,20 41:20	39:16 45:9,9	15:7	29:11,18,22	credit 61:11
43:4 44:15,22	45:10,11,12	contemplates	30:1,6,13 31:2	crimes 55:10
51:5	48:5 58:12	5:8,16	31:6,11,12,15	criminal 24:10
concerns 17:6	consented 20:2	context 7:2 14:6	31:17,17 32:9	25:17 55:6,10
17:14 35:15	34:8	25:8 59:18	33:2,4 35:12	curiae 1:23 2:10
41:11,20 42:3	consented-to	contract 18:12	35:14 36:12	49:5
43:24 47:6	29:3	19:6,13,15,24	37:18,23 38:6	current 47:4
48:4,6 52:4	consenting	19:25 20:8,17	39:7,10 41:18	customers 35:24
concluded 8:25	44:10	20:18,22,23	43:11,17,25	
concluding	consents 35:18	27:23 40:5	44:3 46:12	<b>D</b>
26:14,14	48:8	45:16,20 46:12	47:7,9,12 48:1	<b>D</b> 3:1
conclusion	considered 9:14	61:25	48:21 49:8,10	<b>D.C</b> 1:10,19,22
30:25	consistent 13:13	contracts 39:17	49:15,16 51:21	damage 14:10
condition 18:21	14:19 15:14	45:15,24 48:17	52:6 54:12,23	damages 24:22
19:9	28:4,5 56:9	contractual	54:25 55:4,21	26:20 34:6,24
17.7	20. r,5 50.7	contractual	J 1.23 33.7,21	

data 21:1.4 decal 37:2 47:5         dependent 40:10 decal 37:2 47:5         decal 37:2 47:5         decal 37:2 47:5         depends 11:9 discussing 58:7 displaced 55:4 dumping 62:20 duties 3:14 8:56 enters 32:2 dispositive 32:9 duties 3:14 8:26 enters 42:3 dispositive 32:9 duties 3:14 8:56 enters 32:2 entire 54:1 entire y 4:11 entities 42:25 duties 3:14 8:26 enters 32:2 dispositive 32:9 dispositive		l	<u> </u>		
dealer 36:10   dealing 38:6   33:3   33:4   deprivation 16:1   deprive 58:3   Deputy 1:21   deprive 58:3   Deputy 1:21   describe 18:22   26:14   describe 19:3   December 1:11   decide 3:17 9:17   9:22 46:17   describe 22:18   58:11   decide 30:1   describes 22:18   53:16 39:20   describe 19:15   decision 8:15   33:16 39:20   defecided 30:1   decision 8:18   41:23 51:21   declasis 48:25   defendants 4:22   defendants 4:22   10:16   defendant 4:22   10:16   deferred 52:3   deferendants 4:12   deferred 52:3   deferendants 4:12   deferred 52:3   deferendants 4:22   deferred 52:3   deferendant 4:22   deferred 52:3   deferendant 4:22   deferendant 4:22   deferred 52:3   deferendant 4:22   deferendant 4:23   different 8:19   delegate 5:49   delegate 6:49   delegat	data 21:1,4	dependent 40:10	discussed 15:22	56:10,21 57:2	58:11
dealing 38:6         33:3         dispositive 32:9         duties 3:14 8:5,6         entire 54:1					
deprive 58.3		_			
delat 39:5   describe 18:22   describe 19:3   26:14   describes 22:18   57:23   describe 39:14   describes 22:18   57:21   describes 22:18   describes 22:18   57:21   describes 22:18   describes 22:18   57:21   describes 22:18   describes 2	0		_		
deals 59:15 dealt 39:5 decades 28:22 44:18         Deputy 1:21 describe 18:22 26:14 disputes 6:20 19:1 28:1 29:13 50:9,14 57:12 easier 63:3 easy 34:17 decided 30:1 decision 8:15 33:16 39:20 detision 8:15 41:13 49:17 55:5 58:7 decisions 8:18 described 11:12 decided 30:1 decision 8:15 decided 10:12 decision 8:15 decision 8:15 decision 8:15 default 19:14 defactive 34:1 defacing 62:20 defamation 36:12 defamation 36:12 defendants defendants defendants defendants 4:22 10:16 defendants 4:22 10:16 defendants 4:22 fedepart 39:19 delivered 32:17 delivery 32:18 32:23 33:7, delegate 54:9 delivered 32:17 delivery 32:18 demised 38:25 demise 50:6 fed mast 23:17 demised 38:25 demise 30:6 18:18 20:4 disagreeing 23:17 demised 38:25 demise 30:0 listal in a disagreeing 4:22 disclaim 34:16 disclaim 34:16 fedical model and recomplement disclaim 34:16 decade and 35:1 decade 33:1         dispute resolu Exertile 22:13:1.1, cartlier 39:14 cartlier 3		_	_	<b>duty</b> 23:9	
dealt 39:15   describe 18:22   26:14   described 19:3   26:18   describes 22:18   57:21   decided 30:1   describes 22:18   58:11   decided 30:1   describes 22:18   58:11   decided 30:1   describes 22:18   57:21   disrespectful decision 8:15   33:16 39:20   delitinguish decision 8:18   develop 16:17   developed 11:12   decision 8:18   develop 16:17   developed 11:12   decision 8:18   developed 11:12   decision 8:18   developed 11:12   decidendates 42:2   distinguish defended 30:12   dictum 9:11   dicta 6:31:5   defendant 4:22   dicta 6:31:5   defendants   dicta 11:9,10   dictate 6:31:5   defendants   defended 30:17   defended 30:17   deference 22:23   deferendats   44:13 59:19   delivered 32:17   delivery 32:18   delivered 32:17   delivery 32:18   delivered 32:17   delivery 32:18   delivered 33:27   delivery 32:18   delivery 32:18   delivered 33:27   delivery 32:18   demised 38:25   demise 38:25   demise 50:6   lis:18 20:4   disagreeing   decision 38:17   delivery 32:24   demise 50:6   lis:18 20:4   disagreeing   decision 38:10   disagreeing   decision 38:11   describe 18:2   decision 38:10   disagreeing   decision 38:10   disagreeing   decision 38:10   disalaimed 35:1   describe 18:2   describe 19:2   decision 38:10   disagreeing   decision 38:10   disalaimed 35:1   describes 22:18   disagreeing   decision 38:10   disalaimed 35:1   describes 22:2   describe 61:15   describes 21:10   disagreeing   decision 38:10   disagreeing   decis		_			
decades 28:22 44:18         26:14 described 19:3 26:18         disputes 6:20 19:1 28:1 57:12 easire 63:3 easy 34:17 easy 34:17 gespectful decided 30:1 describing 26:10 30:8 33:16 39:20 deserve 11:11 41:13 49:17 55:5 58:7 despite 61:15 decidon 8:18 41:23 51:21 decidon 8:18 41:23 51:21 decidon 8:18 41:23 51:21 decipy 16:2 decipy 16:2 decipy 16:2 decipy 16:2 defendant of 36:12 dictum 9:11 dictate 63:15 defendant 4:22 10:16 defendant 4:22 10:16 defendants 4:11 deferred 52:3 deferred 52:3 delegate 54:9 deferred 52:3 delegate 54:9 deficitions 32:17 delivery 32:18 delivered 32:17 delivery 32:18 delivered 32:17 delivery 32:18 demise das:25 demise das:25 demise das:25 demise das:25 demise 38:25 deferred 48:24 demeraning 23:17 demise 38:25 deside and 38:16 disclaim 34:16 disclaim		1 0			
44:18					
December 1:11   decide 3:17 9:17   Si:11   describes 22:18   Si:11   decided 30:1   describing 26:10   decision 8:15   30:8   deserve 11:11   decided 30:1   describing 26:10   distinguish   deserve 11:11   decision 8:15   30:8   deserve 11:15   developed 11:12   district 14:21   district 14:21   decision 8:18   developed 11:12   default 19:14   dictum 9:11   defendant 19:14   defendant 4:22   dicta 6:3:15   defendant 4:22   defendant 4:22   deference 22:23   defendant 4:22   deference 22:23   deferendant 4:22   deference 22:23   deferendant 4:25   defice 4:13 59:19   delivered 32:17   delivery 32:18   delivery 32:19   demised 38:25   demised 38:25   demised 38:25   demised 38:25   demised 38:25   demised 38:25   denise 50:6   last 18:18 20:4   disclaim 34:16			_		_
decide 3:17 9:17         describes 22:18         57:21         easy 34:17         essential 50:2,8         e					_ , ,
9:22 46:17 decided 30:1 decision 8:15 33:16 39:20 decision 8:18 despite 61:15 decision 8:18 decided 1:17 55:5 58:7 decision 8:18 decided 1:15 decision 8:18 decided 1:15 decision 8:18 decided 1:15 decision 8:18 decided 1:15 decision 8:18 despite 61:15 decision 8:18 decided 30:1 decision 8:18 despite 61:15 decision 8:18 decided 30:1 decision 8:18 despite 61:15 decision 8:18 deciden 1:12 deciden 1:12 deciden 1:12 deciden 1:12 deciden 1:12 default 19:14 default 19:14 defendant 4:22 l0:16 defindants defindants defendants defendent 8:19 l1:17 16:5 delivered 32:17 delivering 32:19 delivering 32:19 delivering 32:18 delivering 32:19 delivering 32:19 delivering 32:19 delivering 32:19 demeaning disclaim 34:16 demeaning disclaim 34:16 describing 26:21 disclaim 34:16					
decided 30:1 decision 8:15         describing 26:10 30:8         62:12 distinguish         2:9 49:4 effectively 47:14 effect					-
decision 8:15         30:8         distinguish         effectively 47:14 either 9:3 19:13         et 1:4,8 41:2 evaluate 42:3 events 20:21 everybody 45:12 district 14:21         et 1:4,8 41:2 evaluate 42:3 events 20:21 everybody 45:12 district 14:21         et 1:4,8 41:2 evaluate 42:3 events 20:21 everybody 45:12 district 14:21         et 1:4,8 41:2 evaluate 42:3 events 20:21 everybody 45:12 district 14:21         et 1:4,8 41:2 evaluate 42:3 events 20:21 everybody 45:12 file 13:4,6 32:10         everybody 45:12 everybody 45:12 everybody 45:12 file 10:5 elected 10:5 element 3:21 everybody 45:12 file 20 dioments         et 1:4,8 41:2 evaluate 42:3 events 20:21 everybody 45:12 file 13:4,6 32:10         everybody 45:12 file 20:21 file 20:22 file 20:21 everybody 45:12 file 20:21 file 20:22 file 20:21 everybody 45:12 file 20:21 file 20:22 f			-		•
33:16 39:20					
41:13 49:17 55:5 58:7 decisions 8:18 41:23 51:21 decisis 48:25 defacing 62:20 defamation 36:12 default 19:14 defective 34:1 defendant 4:22 10:16 defendants 47:12 defendants 47:12 defered 52:3 defered 52:3 delegate 54:9 delivered 32:17 delivering 32:19 delivery 32:18 delivery 32:19 delivery 32:18 delivers 38:25 delivers 38:25 defined as 32:23 33:7,9 33:10,12,14 demeaning 23:17 demised 38:25 denies 50:6 demy 22:24 demy 22:34 descation 1:12 district 14:21 diversity 37:11 decited 10:5 elected 10:5 element 3:21 employers 36:1 employers 36:1 employers 58:11 employers 63:1 examined 52:15 52:9 exception 6:5 15:23 19:21 exception 6:5 15:23 19:21 exception 6:5 15:23 19:21 excluded 23:12 exculve 54:7,8 exception 6:5 15:20 28:7 29:23 28:7 29:23 28:7 29:23 28:10:			$\sim$	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
55:5 58:7 decisions 8:18 41:23 51:21 decisis 48:25 16:13 57:20 defeply 16:2 defeating 62:20 defamation 36:12 defeated 19:14 defective 34:1 defeath 4:22 10:16 defendant 4:22 10:16 defendants 4:21 defendants 47:12 deferend 52:3 defendants 47:12 deferend 52:3 defedend 52:3 deferend 32:17 deliverend 32:17 delivery 32:18 delivered 32:17 delivery 32:18 delivered 32:17 delivery 32:18 demaked 38:25 demised 38:26 disagreeing 46:20 disagreeing 42:24 demised 38:14 demis					
decisions 8:18         develop 16:17         diversity 37:11         59:5         51:10,14 55:16         51:10,14 55:16         everyone's 44:2               everyone's 44:2         everyone's 44:2         everyone's 44:2         everyone's 44:2					
41:23 51:21   developed 11:12   16:13 57:20   61:20   dialogue 5:21   dicta 31:9,10   dicta 63:15   dictaum 9:11   defective 34:1   defendant 4:22   10:16   difference 22:23   defendants   44:13 59:19   delegate 54:9   delegate 54:9   delivered 32:17   delivered 32:17   delivering 32:19   delivery 32:18   demeaning 23:17   demeaning 23:17   demeasing 23:17   demeasing 23:17   demeasing 23:17   demeasing 23:17   demised 38:25   demised 38:19   disclaim 34:16					
decisis 48:25         16:13 57:20         52:2 59:25         decment 3:21         exactly 30:8         35:12 40:7         exactly 30:8         35:12 40:7         example 4:9,18         63:1         exactly 30:8         35:12 40:7         example 4:9,18         63:1         exactly 30:8         35:12 40:7         example 4:9,18         example 4:9,18         63:1         example 4:9,18         example 4:9,18         63:1         example 4:9,18         example 4:9,18         63:1         example 4:9,18         63:1         example 4:9,18         example 4:9,18         63:1         example 4:9,18         63:1         example 4:9,18         65:14:8 16:11         example 4:9,18         65:14:8 16:11         65:14:8 16:11         65:14:8 16:11         17:7,16 22:2         28:23 29:5         51:4 52:16         encouraging         65:14:8 16:11         65:14:8 16:11         61:8         example 4:9,18         65:14:8 16:11         65:14:8 16:1					
deeply 16:2         61:20         documents         38:20         cmphasized         63:1         exactly 30:8           defamation         36:12         dictate 63:15         dictum 9:11         dictum 9:11         41:25 44:19         derployers 58:11         employers 58:11         example 4:9,18         example 4:9,18 <th></th> <th>_</th> <th>, ,</th> <th></th> <th></th>		_	, ,		
defacing 62:20 defamation         dialogue 5:21 dicta 31:9,10 dicta 63:15         38:20 doing 16:12 31:4 employer 36:1 employers 58:11 employers 58:14 employers 58:14 employers 58:14 example 4:9,18 e					
defamation         dicta 31:9,10         doing 16:12 31:4         employer 36:1         examined 52:15           default 19:14         dictum 9:11         41:25 44:19         employers 58:11         example 4:9,18           defendant 4:22         61:16         Dollar 1:3 3:4         29:4         enacted 50:17         28:7 29:23,23           defendants         44:13 59:19         35:21,23,24,25         35:21,23,24,25         33:12 53:25         61:8           delegate 54:9         different 8:19         47:3,11,14         enforce 22:21         examples 28:9           delivering 32:17         22:3 23:8         dollars 26:20         34:6,24         25:11 61:10         26:7,7 38:7,7           delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         enforceable         20:13 22:22           demeaning         digs 62:21         directly 40:6         due 11:25 14:9,9         descreement         4c:14 48:11           demised 38:25         disagree 11:1         18:18 20:4         19:17 25:5,6         enhanced 11:4         excutives 54:9           deny 22:24         disagreeing         25:13 26:17         27:5,8 28:4         enormous 15:5         executives 54:9           depart 39:19         46:20         27:5,8 28:4         42:3,5,13,18         ensuring 50:3         enter 40:3 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
36:12         dictate 63:15         33:8 36:10         employers 58:11         example 4:9,18           default 19:14         dictum 9:11         41:25 44:19         employment         49:18           defendant 4:22         61:16         Dollar 1:3 3:4         enacted 50:17         28:7 29:23,23           defendants         44:13 59:19         35:21,23,24,25         51:4 52:16         33:12 53:25           deferred 52:3         different 8:19         47:3,11,14         enforce 22:21         example 4:9,18           delegate 54:9         different 8:19         47:3,11,14         enforce 22:21         example 4:9,18           delivered 32:17         delivered 32:17         delivered 32:20         38:21,25 45:5         52:9         example 29:3,23           delivery 32:18         34:11 45:15         34:6,24         Domestic 40:12         40:18 63:13         enforce 22:21         example 4:9,18           delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         40:18 63:13         example 4:9,18         example 4:9,18           demaing 23:17         differently         40:18 51:2         47:3,11,14         25:19         enforce 22:21         40:18 63:13         exception 6:5         15:23 19:21         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         62:24         excluded 23:12         22:1		_			
default 19:14 defective 34:1 defendant 4:22 10:16         dictum 9:11 30:17,17,18,18 46:7         41:25 44:19 46:7         employment 29:4 enacted 50:17 51:4 52:16 enacted 50:17 51:4 52:16 gencouraging 52:9 encouraging 52:9 encouraging 52:9 encouraging 60:7 63:20 different 8:19 11:17 16:5 56:6 delegate 54:9 delivered 32:17 delivering 32:19 delivery 32:18 32:23 33:7,9 33:10,12,14 demeaning 23:17 demised 38:25 demises 50:6 demy 22:24 demy 22:24 depart 39:19 Department 1:22         disclaim 34:16 disclaimed 35:1         demployment 29:4 enacted 50:17 51:4 52:16 enacted 50:17 51:4 52:16 encouraging 51:2 28:7 29:23,23 33:12 53:25 6encouraging 51:4 52:16 encouraging 51:4 52:19 encouraging 52:29 enforce 22:21 40:18 63:13 encouraging 52:9 enforce 22:21 40:18 63:13 encouraging 52:9 enforce 38:23 33:12 53:25 6encouraging 52:3 25:11 61:10 enforced 38:23 38:24 49:20 enforceed 38:23 38:24 49:20 enforcement 22:1 enforcing 23:5 28:10,10 enhanced 11:4 enormous 15:5 20:24 excutive 54:7,8 executives 54:9 exercise 20:25 21:21 28:3 63:3,18 exercising 21:25		-			
defective 34:1         30:17,17,18,18         46:7         29:4         17:7,16 22:2           defendant 4:22 10:16         difference 22:23         difference 22:23         28:23 29:5         51:4 52:16         28:7 29:23,23           defendants 47:12         44:13 59:19         35:21,23,24,25         51:4 52:16         encouraging 52:9         61:8         examples 28:9         examples 28:9         exception 6:5         61:8         examples 28:9         exception 6:5         15:23 19:21         20:13 22:22         22:3 19:21         20:13 22:22         22:11         20:13 22:22         22:11         20:13 22:22         22:11         20:13 22:22         22:11         22:11         22:11         22:11         22:11         22:11         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         23:13 53:12 53:25         24:13 53:13 53:12 53:25         24:13					<b>-</b> '
defendant 4:22         61:16         Dollar 1:3 3:4         enacted 50:17         28:7 29:23,23           defendants         44:13 59:19         35:21,23,24,25         51:4 52:16         28:7 29:23,23           deferred 52:3         deferent 8:19         47:3,11,14         56:6         encouraging         52:9         examples 28:9           delivered 32:17         delivered 32:17         22:3 23:8         dollars 26:20         34:6,24         enforce 22:21         20:13 22:22           delivery 32:18         34:11 45:15         34:6,24         25:11 61:10         26:7,7 38:7,7           demeaning         digs 62:21         due 11:25 14:9,9         4:19 15:9         enforce 23:5         4excluded 23:12           demised 38:25         disagree 11:1         16:14 18:1         25:13 26:17         28:10,10         excuse 38:21					
difference 22:23					-
defendants         44:13 59:19         35:21,23,24,25         encouraging         61:8           delegate 54:9         different 8:19         47:3,11,14         52:9         enforce 22:21         examples 28:9           delivered 32:17         delivering 32:19         delivering 32:19         delivery 32:18         47:4         dollars 26:20         34:6,24         Domestic 40:12         enforce 38:23         26:7,7 38:7,7           delivery 32:18         differently         48:24         doubt 31:7 59:6         due 11:25 14:9,9         enforcement         22:1         excluded 23:12           demeaning         disagree 11:1         18:18 20:4         19:17 25:5,6         enforcing 23:5         excutive 54:7,8           denies 50:6         disagreeing         25:13 26:17         enforcing 23:5         excutive 54:7,8           depart 39:19         de:20         27:5,8 28:4         20:24         ensuring 50:3         exercise 20:25           Department         disclaim 34:16         disclaimed 35:1         42:19,22 43:2         describing 21:25					,
47:12       60:7 63:20       38:21,25 45:5       52:9       examples 28:9         deferred 52:3       different 8:19       47:3,11,14       56:6       40:18 63:13       enforce 22:21       40:18 63:13       15:23 19:21         delivering 32:19       34:11 45:15       34:6,24       25:11 61:10       26:7,7 38:7,7       26:7,7 38:7,7       26:7,7 38:7,7       45:14 48:11       26:24       26:7,7 38:7,7       45:14 48:11       62:24       45:14 48:11       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24       62:24        62:24       62:24       62:24        62:24       62:24       62:24        62:24       62:24       62:24        62:24       62:24       62:24        62:24       62:24       62:24        62:24					
deferred 52:3         different 8:19         47:3,11,14         enforce 22:21         exception 6:5           delivered 32:17         22:3 23:8         dollars 26:20         34:11 45:15         dollars 26:20         34:6,24         25:11 61:10         26:7,7 38:7,7           delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         45:14 48:11         26:7,7 38:7,7           demeaning 23:17         differently digs 62:21         doubt 31:7 59:6         due 11:25 14:9,9         enforcement 22:1         excluded 23:12           demised 38:25         disagree 11:1         18:18 20:4         19:17 25:5,6         enhanced 11:4         executive 54:7,8           deny 22:24         disagreeing depart 39:19         46:20         27:5,8 28:4         20:24         ensuring 50:3         exercise 20:25           Department 1:22         disclaim 34:16         42:19,22 43:2         disclaimed 35:1         42:19,22 43:2         enter 40:3         exercising 21:25					
delegate 54:9         11:17 16:5         56:6         40:18 63:13         15:23 19:21           delivered 32:17         delivering 32:19         34:11 45:15         46:20         40:18 63:13         15:23 19:21           delivery 32:18         34:11 45:15         47:4         Domestic 40:12         25:11 61:10         26:7,7 38:7,7           delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         and only assistance of the control of t			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_
delivered 32:17         22:3 23:8         dollars 26:20         enforceable 25:11 61:10         20:13 22:22           delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         enforced 38:23         26:7,7 38:7,7           delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         enforced 38:23         45:14 48:11           32:23 33:7,9         differently         48:24         doubt 31:7 59:6         enforcement         62:24           demeaning 23:17         digs 62:21         directly 40:6         deenised 11:25 14:9,9         14:19 15:9         enforcing 23:5         excluded 23:12            denies 50:6         disagree 11:1         18:18 20:4         19:17 25:5,6         enhanced 11:4         executive 54:7,8           depart 39:19         disclaim 34:16         42:3,5,13,18         ensuring 50:3         exercise 20:25           Department 1:22         disclaimed 35:1         42:19,22 43:2         enter 40:3         exercising 21:25	deferred 52:3		, ,		1
delivering 32:19         34:11 45:15         34:6,24         25:11 61:10         26:7,7 38:7,7           delivery 32:18         37:4         47:4         Domestic 40:12         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         26:24         26:7,7 38:7,7         45:14 48:11         26:24         26:24         26:24         26:14 48:11         26:24         26:14 48:11         26:24         26:14 48:11         26:24         26:24         26:14 48:11         26:24         26:14 48:11         26:24         26:24         26:24         26:24         26:24         26:24         26:24         27:14 48:11         26:22         22:1         22:2         22:2         22:2         22:2         22:2         22:2         22:2         22:2         22:2	U				
delivery 32:18         47:4         Domestic 40:12         enforced 38:23         45:14 48:11           32:23 33:7,9         48:24         doubt 31:7 59:6         enforced 38:23         45:14 48:11           demeaning 23:17         digs 62:21         due 11:25 14:9,9         22:1         enforcing 23:5           demised 38:25         disagree 11:1         16:14 18:1         28:10,10         executive 54:7,8           deny 22:24         disagreeing 46:20         25:13 26:17         enormous 15:5         20:24         exercise 20:25           depart 39:19         disclaim 34:16         42:3,5,13,18         ensuring 50:3         63:3,18           Department 1:22         disclaimed 35:1         42:19,22 43:2         enter 40:3         exercising 21:25	delivered 32:17				
32:23 33:7,9         differently         40:14,15 47:20         38:24 49:20         62:24           demeaning         digs 62:21         due 11:25 14:9,9         due 11:25 14:9,9         22:1         enforcing 23:5         excluded 23:12         exclusion 28:12           demised 38:25         disagree 11:1         16:14 18:1         28:10,10         executive 54:7,8         executive 54:7,8           denies 50:6         disagreeing         25:13 26:17         enormous 15:5         exercise 20:25           depart 39:19         disclaim 34:16         42:3,5,13,18         ensuring 50:3         exercising 21:25           Department         disclaimed 35:1         42:19,22 43:2         enter 40:3         exercising 21:25	_	34:11 45:15			, ,
33:10,12,14  demeaning 23:17  demised 38:25  demises 50:6  denies 50:6  deny 22:24  depart 39:19  Department 1:22  directly 40:6  disserved 11:1  48:24  digs 62:21  directly 40:6  due 11:25 14:9,9  14:19 15:9  16:14 18:1  19:17 25:5,6  28:10,10  enforcing 23:5  28:10,10  enhanced 11:4  executive 54:7,8  enormous 15:5  20:24  enormous 15:5  20:24  enormous 15:5  20:24  enercise 20:25  21:21 28:3  executive 54:7,8  enormous 15:5  20:24  enormous 15:5  20:24  enormous 15:5  20:24  enercise 20:25  21:21 28:3  executive 54:7,8  enercise 20:25  21:21 28:3  executive 54:7,8  exercise 20:25  21:21 28:3  exercise 20:25	· ·				
demeaning 23:17         digs 62:21 directly 40:6         due 11:25 14:9,9 14:19 15:9         22:1 exclusion 28:12 excuse 38:21 executive 54:7,8 enhanced 11:4 enormous 15:5 executives 54:9 exercise 20:25 exer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	-		
digs	, ,				
demised 38:25         disagree 11:1         16:14 18:1         28:10,10         executive 54:7,8           denies 50:6         disagreeing         25:13 26:17         enhanced 11:4         executives 54:9           depart 39:19         disclaim 34:16         27:5,8 28:4         ensuring 50:3         exercise 20:25           Department         disclaimed 35:1         42:19,22 43:2         enter 40:3         63:3,18           exercising 21:25	U	0	· ·	*	
denies 50:6       18:18 20:4       19:17 25:5,6       enhanced 11:4       executives 54:9         deny 22:24       disagreeing       25:13 26:17       enormous 15:5       20:24       exercise 20:25         depart 39:19       disclaim 34:16       42:3,5,13,18       ensuring 50:3       63:3,18         Department       disclaimed 35:1       42:19,22 43:2       enter 40:3       exercising 21:25				_	
deny 22:24       disagreeing       25:13 26:17       enormous 15:5       exercise 20:25         depart 39:19       disclaim 34:16       42:3,5,13,18       ensuring 50:3       63:3,18         Department       disclaimed 35:1       42:19,22 43:2       enter 40:3       exercise 20:25				-	
depart 39:19       46:20       27:5,8 28:4       20:24       21:21 28:3         Department 1:22       disclaimed 35:1       42:3,5,13,18 enter 40:3       enter 40:3 enter 40:3       63:3,18 exercising 21:25					
Department         disclaim 34:16         42:3,5,13,18         ensuring 50:3         63:3,18           1:22         42:19,22 43:2         enter 40:3         exercising 21:25	•				
1:22   disclaimed 35:1   42:19,22 43:2   enter 40:3   exercising 21:25	_		,		
1.22 disclaimed 55.1 12.17,22 15.2	-			_	
depend 45:19         discuss 8:2         47:1,2 55:12         entered 3:19         exhaust 31:18	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_
	<b>depend</b> 45:19	discuss 8:2	47:1,2 55:12	entered 3:19	exhaust 31:18
		l	l	l	l

	I	ı	I	ı
exhaustion	51:4 55:5	15:6	general 1:3,21	Goldstein 1:17
31:14,24 49:20	<b>fashion</b> 3:21 5:6	foreseeability	3:4 28:23 32:8	2:3,13 3:6,7,9
exist 20:19	9:23	61:24	33:4 35:21,23	4:10,13,24 6:2
21:11	<b>fault</b> 26:11	foreseeable 62:6	35:24,25 38:21	6:22 7:9,12,15
existed 13:24	<b>favor</b> 7:25 15:21	<b>forget</b> 40:9 54:5	42:4,13 45:5	7:18,20,23
38:9	features 13:23	form 4:25 43:2	47:11,14,21	8:12,17 9:9
exists 20:16	13:24	48:22 53:12	56:6,10 57:12	10:11,25 11:8
exotic 33:11	Federal 4:23	59:2,16,23	General's 29:5	11:23 12:1,7
expired 63:20	5:12,18 12:24	60:13 62:5	36:20 38:25	12:12,16,20,25
<b>explain</b> 4:2 9:19	14:8,21 15:4	formally 42:17	47:4	13:8 15:18
20:5 24:14	17:2 21:11	forms 6:4	genuine 11:12	17:5,10 18:11
49:23	24:15 25:18	forth 11:21	geographically	19:12,16 20:3
explaining 7:1	38:23 45:1	<b>forum</b> 4:17 5:9	47:23	20:14 21:14
explains 8:20	50:5,12 55:11	5:15 9:25 10:6	getting 6:4	22:8 23:3,6
explanation	55:21 59:24	10:15,24 11:4	53:23	24:4,7,13,25
22:10,12	60:1 62:3	11:14 13:3	Ginsburg 4:1,11	25:5,20 26:2,5
explicit 34:19	feel 43:15	18:24,25 20:1	4:12,21,24	26:9,25 27:3,7
40:4 48:15	<b>figure</b> 18:2 21:7	21:8,9 35:11	5:11 6:15,22	27:21 28:9
express 35:19	<b>final</b> 61:21	46:11 59:21	7:4 8:10,13,17	45:25 46:20
38:3 39:16	finding 50:11	60:5	9:6,9 13:5,8	59:9,10,12
45:9	52:17	<b>forums</b> 50:3,13	15:15,18 22:5	62:22 63:9,19
expressing	findings 50:1	forward 19:2	22:17 27:16	Goldstein's
54:19	fine 11:18 58:21	four 29:21 41:16	28:7 29:10	30:14 31:1
expression	<b>fines</b> 23:11	France 46:8	37:2,8 47:8	good 7:25 10:12
52:10 57:22	<b>finish</b> 50:10	Francisco 46:8	55:15	15:19 16:14
expressly 27:25	<b>first</b> 3:4 4:13 5:8	frankly 31:11	give 3:16 4:9,10	18:12 19:23
extent 33:7	5:22 6:5 9:24	friend 30:14	7:24 26:24	41:9 46:3
extremely 15:1	11:10 14:16	37:6 45:25	36:5 62:23	goods 33:25
19:22	15:22 26:6,7	46:20 59:16	given 5:23 6:1	gotten 54:16
	27:21 42:8	friend's 39:19	57:22	govern 38:1
F	45:14 48:11	60:10	gives 25:16	47:20 48:3
fact 17:13 20:7	59:15 62:24	friends 63:1	47:21 54:21	governed 42:22
21:15 38:16	<b>fit</b> 28:8 41:19	fulfilled 56:24	<b>go</b> 5:21 8:10	42:23
40:16 50:19	<b>five</b> 57:19 59:9	<b>full</b> 37:12 44:14	11:25 19:13	government
54:2 60:12	<b>flatly</b> 49:13	55:12 61:10	31:17 32:7	16:8 20:9
62:25 63:22	<b>floor</b> 54:15	<b>fully</b> 9:14	39:18 43:6,16	24:15 45:2
facts 3:15 18:14	<b>follow</b> 46:10	function 16:23	45:11 54:4	50:3 63:4
28:20 33:4	<b>follow-on</b> 22:18	17:1	55:21	governs 59:4
fairness 10:23	following 27:21	functioning 18:7	goes 18:3 36:6,8	granted 9:16
11:20 41:2,11	follows 36:4	funding 51:8	36:8 56:16	greater 39:21
<b>faith</b> 61:10	<b>footing</b> 39:21	52:12	<b>going</b> 5:2 9:4	ground 8:1
<b>fall</b> 37:14	footnote 8:19	further 39:18	13:1 14:16,17	grounds 30:2
familiar 47:23	31:6	43:6	19:2 40:21	growing 40:4
fan 43:18	<b>forced</b> 35:22,24		41:18 42:3,9	guarantees
far 32:7	35:25	G	44:10,18 47:13	26:21
Farmers 31:16	Forcing 43:25	<b>G</b> 3:1	52:22 55:18,19	guess 29:15 30:3
49:14,19 50:18	foreign 12:9	game 36:9 43:11	63:13	43:8
	l	l	l	l

			ı	
H	<b>identify</b> 3:23 5:7	incorporated	intentionally	61:9
haled 29:18,22	8:1,21 11:13	3:19 42:19	33:25	juries 43:9,16
happen 32:14	15:1	incorporation	interest 22:16	44:15
59:13	identifying	5:14 13:25	22:25,25 23:4	jurisdiction 3:13
happens 24:23	13:18	incorrect 57:17	interested 53:24	3:17 4:5,15,16
hard 22:11	III 10:14 25:23	indemnity 47:1	interesting	6:7,13,20 8:15
46:21,22	27:9 54:21,23	47:2	44:19	8:22 9:13,17
health 50:4	55:16	independent	internship 28:25	9:18,21,22
hear 3:3	illustration	62:15	interpreted	11:2 16:15
heard 59:24	27:22	<b>Indian</b> 3:12,16	58:19	18:8 19:10
hearings 49:25	Imagine 14:21	15:15,17,20,24	interpreting	20:9 24:6,16
heart 46:3	59:22	16:1,1 24:9	43:5	28:1,22 29:8
heartland 28:21	imagines 62:2	25:16,16 29:7	introduction	29:13 30:11
29:7 30:10,18	impact 48:24	29:18 30:5,6	9:20	31:7,13,20,23
30:21 46:4	implausible 61:4	30:10 36:7	involve 40:2	33:21 36:21
held 8:23 29:24	61:18	44:4 56:20	involved 16:3	37:23,24 38:16
29:24 30:5	implemented	57:1,14 63:21	32:18	39:7 41:18
49:25 56:16	60:23	<b>Indians</b> 1:8 3:5	Iowa 29:23	43:10 44:1,5
61:15	implementing	55:11 62:18	31:16 37:17	44:17 46:24
hewn 58:12	51:7	indicates 21:2,4	41:13,13 49:14	49:10,16,19
hey 31:20	<b>implied</b> 45:9,12	indistinguisha	49:19 50:18	50:21 51:23
Hicks 8:19 9:10	48:15	41:1	51:5,25 58:1	55:10,14 56:15
31:1,2,22 58:7	important 5:21	individual 19:25	59:2	56:25 58:3,10
59:5	21:25 23:18	20:8,17 22:16	irrelevant 20:18	58:18,23 59:7
historically 61:4	47:18 50:3	27:24	issue 29:15 39:4	59:25 61:2
history 51:6	52:9 55:7	individual's	issues 55:20	jurisdictional
home 36:8	importantly	24:17		41:12 62:9
honest 18:15	21:16 28:11	individuals	J	jury 17:18,19
38:9	49:21 51:25	21:24 23:10	<b>JAMS</b> 38:5	42:6,6,10,14
Honor 11:1	impose 24:11,22	58:8 63:22	joined 35:13	42:14 44:5
29:21	58:23	infinitely 62:1	49:17	56:11,17
hours 47:24,24	impossibility	inform 52:5	<b>joint</b> 38:19	justice 1:22 3:3
houses 53:11	22:9	inherent 17:19	53:13	3:9 4:1,11,12
hunting 23:19	impressionistic	55:2 57:8	<b>judges</b> 10:4,8,9	4:21,24 5:11
hypothetical	40:25	inherently 5:1	10:18 52:13,14	5:20 6:2,15,22
10:12 18:12	Improvements	injures 32:20	judgment 14:14	6:24 7:4,6,10
25:9,15 36:6	49:24	<b>injury</b> 33:10	25:7,10 40:18	7:13,15,16,19
41:16	incidence 23:23	inquiry 41:12	50:11 52:8	7:21,24 8:10
hypotheticals	incident 27:18	insist 4:19 20:1	63:13	8:13,17 9:6,9
45:10	37:14,24 44:23	20:22,22 44:25	judgments	10:2,11,21
	61:1	instance 4:4	30:20 61:10	11:6,18,24
I	includes 58:23	53:10	judicial 4:3,17	12:2,8,13,14
<b>IBM</b> 53:25 54:2	including 10:16	institutional	10:24 57:20	12:17,22,25
54:8	47:3	16:17	judiciaries	13:5,8,9,23
ICRA 42:17,19	inconsistent	integrity 50:4	11:11 17:12,21	14:4 15:15,18
43:3,5	49:11 52:7,8	intend 7:24	judiciary 16:3,7	16:10,20 17:5
idea 59:3	60:13	intention 25:2	16:14 17:15	17:8,11 18:3
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	-	-	ī	
18:11 19:12,17	46:21	57:15,18 58:25	large 41:5	28:24 58:14
19:20 20:3,12	<b>Katyal</b> 1:19 2:6	knew 38:10	Laughter 43:19	licensing 15:23
20:23 21:6	28:15,16,18	know 4:4 7:16	law 3:14 4:18	22:19 23:5
22:5,17 23:2	29:9,20 30:1,7	10:17 17:8,20	5:18,23 6:1,5,9	28:11 48:13
24:2,5,8,18,25	30:12,19,22	21:9 22:11	8:5,6,8 11:3,13	lies 6:21
25:3,15,24	32:4,6 33:3,24	23:15 24:15	11:25 15:11,25	life 24:11
26:2,4,6,9,23	34:7,12,14,20	30:3 33:6,8,14	17:2 18:5,18	<b>light</b> 50:18
27:1,4,8,16	34:22,25 35:12	33:16 35:3,9	18:23 22:11,12	<b>limit</b> 24:19,20
28:7,14,18	36:13 37:5	35:16 37:6,19	22:13 24:8,15	37:13
29:6,10,14,24	38:18 39:8	38:2,8 40:3,24	24:21 27:12	limitation 40:23
30:3,7,9,17,20	40:7,12,14,20	41:5,5,17,19	33:21 36:21	limited 19:1
30:22,22 31:19	41:4,8 42:8,16	41:23,25 42:9	38:11,15 46:19	33:19 38:7,15
32:1,5,12	42:23 43:1,9	42:18 45:9	55:20,22 58:24	38:19 39:2
33:22 34:5,9	43:20 44:7	46:2 47:5,17	58:24 59:1,4,5	41:21
34:10,13,18,21	45:3,18 46:14	48:10 52:22	59:16,20,23	limiting 35:5
34:23 35:2,3,5	46:16 47:8,13	61:7 62:4,6	60:8,16 62:6	limits 25:4,5
35:7,7,9,13	48:21 52:2	knowingly	law's 60:4	32:13 41:16
36:2,5 37:2,8	Kennedy 5:20	19:10 33:25	laws 23:5 26:17	line 48:1 60:10
38:3,12,13	6:2,24 7:6,10	34:14	lawsuit 31:5	litigated 4:20
39:3,12,23	7:13,16,19,21	knowledge	lawsuits 3:17	<b>little</b> 12:13
40:8,13,15,21	7:24 24:2,5,8	41:24	lead 30:24	30:10 31:7
41:6,9,11,20	24:18,25 25:3	known 11:13	lease 19:1 28:1	33:3 59:6
42:2,11,21,24	25:15,24 26:2	62:9	28:24 47:4	local 46:9
43:3,8,13,23	26:4,6,10,23	knows 45:12	58:14	long 27:4 28:4
44:8,24 45:4,8	27:1,4,8 34:5,9	46:9	leases 39:17	34:25 41:18
45:18,21 46:11	34:13,18,21,23		45:24 47:3	46:5 49:21
46:15,21 47:8	35:2,5,8,9,13	<u> </u>	48:17	long-term 34:15
48:10 49:2,7	36:2 38:3	lack 4:14,15	leaves 20:24	46:6
49:17,24,25	41:20 42:21,24	6:11 31:23	Lee 37:25 47:19	look 18:17 41:17
50:2,6,8,13,23	43:3,8 44:24	47:2,5	48:2	43:4
51:1,10,13,17	45:4,8,18	lacked 8:24	<b>left</b> 15:24	looked 16:22
52:21 53:4,7,9	48:10 56:23	lacks 10:6	legal 13:15,24	lose 13:1 17:13
53:14,15,19,23	57:5,11,16	laid 30:13	23:8 61:20	loses 36:7
54:6,7,12,14	keys 45:6	land 15:11 18:4	legislate 4:5	<b>losing</b> 13:10
54:14,16 55:15	kind 34:15	18:16 27:10,13	legislation 6:4	loss 26:16
55:23 56:9,23	36:17,22 38:9	28:24 29:5	legislative 3:13	lot 21:14 36:7
57:5,11,16	40:4,10,16	31:5 32:5,6,17	4:3,7 5:24 6:11	lots 11:19 47:4
58:17 59:8,14	42:12 43:23	33:6,12 34:1	6:13,25 8:21	luggage 45:10
60:9 61:14	63:15	60:17 62:20	8:24 9:2,13,17	
62:16,22 63:7	Kneedler 1:21	63:12	9:21 51:6	<u>M</u>
63:9,10,19,25	2:9 49:3,4,7	lands 18:6 32:10	let's 27:17	mailed 62:5
	50:7,10,25	35:23 38:10	level 43:24	manager 29:5
<u>K</u>	51:3,12,16,20	language 30:14	liability 33:1,23	mandatory 3:16
K 1:19 2:6 28:16	52:21 53:5,6,8	30:15,16 37:17	36:3 39:25	4:16
Kagan 19:12,17	53:17,22 54:11	38:19 39:2,12	liable 29:25 30:5	manner 57:21
19:20 20:3,12	54:18 55:1,18	39:14 45:21,22	34:2	manufacturer
21:6 23:2	56:1,13 57:7	51:15	license 23:19	33:2
				•

				ĺ
Massachusetts	45:1 56:6,17	Navajo 59:5	17:17 23:22	ones 12:3
43:16,17 44:2	62:14	<b>NEAL</b> 1:19 2:6	29:8,18 30:5	ongoing 18:16
44:2	Mississippi's 8:7	28:16	31:4 32:2,16	online 32:16
matter 1:13	Mississippians	necessarily 42:9	33:8 42:5,14	36:8
12:19 24:17	56:18	58:22	44:4,10 54:25	open 9:15 36:3
42:4,13 47:18	misunderstood	necessary 39:11	56:11 61:16	38:9
56:10 64:3	26:11	60:25	nonmembers	opened 7:7
matters 15:22	<b>Mm-hmm</b> 47:13	need 6:23 30:4	3:13 6:11,19	<b>opening</b> 4:2 45:5
17:2,2	modern 11:11	33:5 47:15	8:3 27:20	46:9
<b>Md</b> 1:17	15:13 17:14	62:9,10	29:12 40:3	operated 33:7
mean 6:16 15:16	modify 41:19	Neither 60:20	57:1	operating 18:15
57:21 58:19,22	molested 22:7	neutral 4:17 5:9	nonneutral 21:8	18:21 20:19
62:21	moment 10:3	5:15 9:25 10:6	nontribal 18:3	58:13
means 63:8	Monday 1:11	10:7,8,10,15	24:11 57:13	opinion 9:8
measures 22:21	money 36:7	11:4,14 13:3	normal 12:4,5	31:21
mechanisms	52:13	60:22	normally 53:9	opinions 9:12
17:24	Montana 6:6	neutrality 10:17	number 34:18	Opportunities
member 18:3	15:22 20:13	Nevada 8:19	41:1 44:13	44:12
19:18 20:17	21:19 22:18,22	9:10 58:7 59:4		Opportunity
23:16 27:19	26:6,7,15 28:6	never 22:4 29:7	0	36:1,24
32:3,15,17,25	38:6 39:15	29:17 30:4	O 2:1 3:1	opposite 20:6
44:15 46:13	45:14,23 46:4	38:5 41:11	O'Connor's	oral 1:13 2:2,5,8
53:2 54:25	48:11 58:7	47:15 55:13	41:9	3:7 28:16 49:4
56:19	Montana's	61:15	obligation 56:24	<b>order</b> 55:11
members 5:25	62:24	New 43:15 44:1	observation	ordinarily 10:17
17:18,19 23:10	morning 3:4	newest 25:8	59:4	out-of-State
24:11 42:7,15	moved 4:22	nexus 33:9	<b>obtain</b> 43:17	4:22
44:5,12 46:13	multiple 26:19	36:15 41:22	obviously 16:6	out-of-Staters
50:9,24 51:2	<b>Mutual</b> 29:23	61:24 62:4	19:7	55:23
56:12,15 57:14	31:16 37:17	<b>Ninth</b> 15:2	occurs 27:18	outset 49:9
mentioned 17:6	41:13 49:14,19	non-Indian 8:16	59:21	outside 35:16
49:1	50:18 51:5,25	50:22	odd 23:2,7 30:10	overriding 3:24
Merrion 32:10	58:2 59:2	non-Indians	30:12	13:13
micromanaged		3:18 5:14 51:6	Offenses 16:1	overruled 62:13
16:9	N	51:23 55:10	offered 61:22	overturned
million-man	N 2:1,1 3:1	non-Tribal	official 53:3	14:22 15:3,5
54:1	name 54:10	50:24 51:1	officials 31:24	
million-person	narrowest 3:11	non-Tribe 5:25	Oh 10:11,25	P
54:2	8:1	54:25	okay 6:22 7:18	P 3:1
millions 26:20	narrowly 8:21	noncitizen 10:16	18:11 22:7,25	page 2:2 31:22
34:6,24	58:19	10:18,19 17:17	26:9 62:21,22	36:21 38:20
mind 48:19	nation 40:10,14	21:18 23:9	Oklahoma 42:1	58:6
minor 23:16	national 5:4	noncitizens 5:10	57:19	paid 29:2
minutes 59:9	13:24 31:16	5:10	<b>Oliphant</b> 13:11	painted 33:14
Mississippi 1:7	49:14,19 50:18	nonconstitutio	49:15,18 51:22	parallel 9:12
3:5 8:7 14:22	51:4 55:5	35:11 42:24	55:8	parens 22:15
22:13 44:22	nature 23:14	nonmember	one-line 8:15	parents 22:6
L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

				. 13
part 5:21,22	place 28:20 41:9	practice 57:13	57:2 63:14	purposes 5:25
16:7 50:2 55:2	54:24	precedent 48:25	product 32:15	pursuant 58:13
55:7	placed 29:1 55:2	precedents	32:16,20,20	pursuit 21:21
participate	55:9	13:11 21:20	33:1	put 39:20 45:16
28:25	<b>places</b> 16:24	30:23	product-liabil	45:20
particular 52:20	17:1	precisely 58:11	41:15	putative 14:10
58:14	<b>Plains</b> 33:16	predates 55:3	products 33:1	
particularly	35:13 39:12	preemption	33:23 34:11	Q
54:21	41:23 48:4	59:18	39:24,25	qualifies 5:2
parties 37:12	plaintiff 8:6,8	premise 11:1	program 28:25	<b>question</b> 4:6 5:2
party 22:24	17:20 26:19	20:15 49:20	36:1,25 44:12	6:4 8:11,20
Paso 31:3,6	43:18 56:18	premised 59:3	proper 12:10	9:14 12:18
32:10 59:5	plaintiffs 47:9	premises 39:1	35:2	13:1,10 18:2
pass 4:18 24:8	please 3:10 4:2	prepares 54:2	property 26:16	19:14 22:3
passage 49:23	28:19 49:8	present 22:2	50:14,24	25:3 27:9,9
passing 24:15	pleased 8:2 9:19	presented 22:2	proportion 21:3	39:24 42:12
path-marking	plenary 43:10	president 53:25	proposition 6:18	46:23 48:14
39:15,20	point 4:14 5:3	presumably	prospect 14:13	54:15,19 59:15
patriae 22:15	7:3 8:3 9:4	25:10	19:3	60:1 63:1
payment 52:13	13:2,14 14:1	presumption 6:6	prospects 26:16	questions 5:18
people 17:20	15:7,21 16:10	presumptively	protecting 23:4	6:23 30:2 54:3
38:1 44:25,25	17:4,9,10	6:21 31:12	protection 55:12	59:13
47:20,21 48:2	18:20 20:18,23	pretty 15:17	protections	<b>quite</b> 16:5 27:25
57:3 62:2 63:5	23:14,20 26:11	principle 25:13	13:16 57:2	45:13,14 55:5
63:12	27:7 37:3,16	principles 11:13	63:22	62:6
percent 21:4	45:4 51:9 52:2	28:4 49:18	proves 56:15	<b>quote</b> 31:22
32:8	53:17,20 55:19	60:20	provide 47:14	
perfectly 16:23	57:10,12 58:1	private 3:17	52:12 56:3	$\frac{R}{R}$
permissible	58:6 59:16	19:18 20:7,10	provided 26:21	R 3:1
36:14	60:3,9,24	21:15,24 23:22	51:7	radically 39:19
person 19:25	61:15,21 62:11	58:8 63:4	provides 52:11	raised 56:22
20:7 32:18,20	<b>points</b> 59:13	problem 56:19	56:2	rare 15:1
32:22,23,25	60:12	56:21	provision 38:14	reach 39:24
36:8,8,12	policies 52:3	procedural 27:8	50:20	read 6:17 9:7
58:18	political 50:4	procedure 11:20	provisions 39:5	40:2,24 41:3,7
person's 58:20	position 18:9	procedures 12:9	47:1 50:17	53:2 54:1
personal 50:14	20:24 61:7	21:10	<b>public</b> 15:25	reading 45:21
50:23	62:25	process 11:25	50:4 54:3	48:11
persons 25:18	possess 6:18	12:10 14:9,9	publication	real 11:12 17:6
persuasive	29:12	14:20 15:9	52:14	really 14:17
31:10	possible 39:10	16:15 18:1	punitive 24:22	18:12 24:1
pertain 38:25	power 3:20 4:18	25:5,7,13	26:20 34:6,23	33:19 36:17
Petitioners 1:5	21:1 24:21,22	26:17 27:5,9	purchased 32:21	37:21 38:8
1:18 2:4,14 3:8	54:24 58:23	28:5 42:3,5,13	33:1	47:18
59:11	63:17	42:19,22 43:2	purchases 32:15	reason 24:14
pick 63:8	powers 25:16,17	47:2,2,23	purely 16:7	25:6 39:3
piece 47:16,16	32:11 54:24	55:12 56:10,21	purpose 31:25	41:21 47:25
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l <u>-</u>	<u> </u>
		Alderson Court Penerti		

				/ 4
48:23	40:6	requires 37:11	12:12,16,20	<b>S</b> 1:21 2:1,9 3:1
reasonable 36:3	relates 61:21	38:7,8 39:15	15:9 16:12,16	49:4
40:18	relation 40:5	41:22,24	17:9 21:7,13	safety 50:4
reasonably	relationship	Reservation	29:14,14 30:8	San 46:8
33:17 34:3,3	20:13,16 33:5	18:16,22 19:9	33:22 34:25	saying 9:6 12:6
36:16,22 46:23	34:15 38:8	23:10,12 24:24	35:22 34:23	20:1 23:18
reasons 9:16	40:4,5 46:6	27:18,25 28:12	40:15 43:13,21	24:9 29:10
47:21	58:6	42:1 45:7	43:21 44:25	36:19 37:8
REBUTTAL	relationships	48:19 58:13	47:19 48:2	44:22 45:23
2:12 59:10	48:14	Reservations	51:11 54:22	46:3 51:3,22
recognition	relevant 41:12	25:18	55:15,16,25	62:3
50:20	44:20	reserve 28:13	56:1 63:17	says 6:6,17
	relies 20:13	resolution 57:23		
recognize 17:22			rights 15:16,16	12:23 13:2,6
recognized	remain 60:7	resolved 8:18	15:17,20,25	18:4 27:4,11
17:23 28:22	remained 9:15	resolving 57:21	50:15,24 56:20	33:14,17 36:8
29:7 32:9	remaining 59:9	respect 8:3	57:1	36:21 47:19
50:12	remains 62:17	10:17 11:3,12	ROBERTS 3:3	50:19 51:19
recognizing 58:2	remedies 31:18	11:17 15:5	28:14 29:6,14	61:23,24
reconciliation	remedy 8:9	17:1,6,21,25	29:24 30:3,9	Scalia 12:14,17
53:11	28:12 35:21	19:17 37:18	35:3,7 38:13	12:22 13:23
reference 24:20	47:15	40:25 41:15	39:3 42:2,11	30:17,20,23
51:2	remember 4:14	55:13,22 56:25	43:23 49:2	31:19 50:6,8
referring 58:8	13:17 18:24	58:5 60:19	53:15,19 54:14	50:23 51:1,10
Regal 48:22	19:18,20 20:18	respectfully	56:9 59:8	51:13,17 53:4
59:17,22	21:1 22:9 31:2	61:18	63:25	53:14 54:7,12
regard 16:6	removable	respects 3:24	room 20:24	55:23 58:17
22:15	21:19	5:4 61:5	rule 6:10 11:3	59:14 60:9
regarded 23:22	removal 4:13	respond 49:9	15:7,19 17:19	searched 45:11
regime 14:17	11:2 12:18	responded 52:2	19:14 28:10,11	<b>second</b> 5:16 9:4
23:8,8	13:6 37:4,8,11	Respondents	29:10 30:13	14:25 19:6
regulate 4:5	59:25 60:23	1:20,23 2:7,11	31:11,19 33:19	27:7 28:2
6:19 29:12	61:2	3:15,18 15:1	35:2 41:16	50:20 55:19
44:16 58:20	remove 5:11,15	18:13 28:17	48:5 49:15,20	60:9
regulation 22:19	12:14 56:7	49:6	51:22 62:1,7	see 16:12 42:16
22:19 46:10	repeatedly	response 5:22	<b>rules</b> 15:13	seen 11:19 41:19
48:22 59:2,17	50:12	46:21 56:23	16:17 38:23	44:18
59:24 60:2,4	report 51:19	responsibility	39:20 62:9	selecting 46:12
regulations	52:24 53:1,5	53:3	<b>ruling</b> 14:19,21	selection 46:12
38:23	53:10,13	reversal 8:1	14:24 15:2	self 63:4
regulatory 5:25	reports 50:16,19	review 9:16	rulings 5:18	self-governance
6:3,8 15:22	53:16,21 60:10	14:25 17:3	15:5	21:22
58:9,18,22	require 19:8	25:18 26:22	running 36:23	self-help 28:12
Rehnquist 49:17	37:9,19 56:2,3	49:22	36:24 44:11	sell 35:24
rejected 49:13	requirement	reviewable 5:19	62:3	send 34:11
relate 59:13	31:25 56:4,5	rigged 36:9	runs 44:24	sending 33:25
61:14	requirements	<b>right</b> 10:18		33:25
related 38:20	38:22	11:18,23 12:7	S	sense 10:22
		<u> </u>		l

		ī	ī	ī
31:15	solely 42:6,15	standard 61:24	62:4	36:17 39:8
sent 39:25 53:1	44:5 56:11	stare 48:25	stronger 37:3	48:21 51:14
sentence 6:17	Solicitor 1:21	start 41:9 55:6	<b>subject</b> 3:13 8:4	54:19
9:7	32:8 36:20	<b>State</b> 4:17,18	25:21 27:23	susceptible
sentences 24:11	solutions 19:3	5:12,17 8:7,7,9	35:10 44:1	22:22
separate 3:23	46:25	10:6,17,18	58:18 61:1,16	swallow 6:10
5:3 6:23	somebody 36:6	12:8,15,19	subjected 42:5	swath 17:23
serious 14:16,17	43:25	14:2 20:1,8,9	42:14 43:25	sweeping 8:5
23:15 26:15	someone's 36:23	21:11,17 24:14	subjecting 38:11	switched 25:8
seriously 23:16	36:24	25:12,12 31:23	38:16 44:3	system 14:25
62:14	sorry 25:23 26:5	43:25 44:21	submitted 58:9	16:1 17:7
serve 31:25 50:3	35:7 53:19	46:12 47:12,24	64:1,3	24:17 35:17
service 33:7	sort 31:10 43:22	55:19,20 59:23	substance 59:20	62:8
serving 44:12	53:24	60:1 61:10,13	60:8	systems 16:13
set 17:12 23:11	Sotomayor 10:2	62:3 63:1	substantive 60:4	50:2,13 57:20
28:23 46:8	10:11,21 52:21	statement 4:2	sue 10:6 32:23	57:23 61:20
setting 44:11	53:7 54:6,15	<b>States</b> 1:1,14,23	36:12 43:15	63:15
shoes 43:11	54:16 62:16,22	2:10 3:19,25	47:12	T
shop 28:23	63:7,9,10,19	5:4,13 10:4,22	sued 10:18,19	
36:23 44:11	<b>sound</b> 48:18	13:14,19 14:1	26:19 47:12	T 2:1,1
46:8	sovereign 4:19	16:2,6 17:22	sues 20:7 21:18	tailored 33:20
show 35:23	5:6 13:12	21:2 23:21,24	suggest 16:22	take 6:1 16:25
showing 45:6	14:23 21:18,21	23:24 24:10	39:6	18:8 20:5
shows 16:2	21:23,25 22:21	25:11 26:24	suggested 17:11	22:18 23:16
shunting 24:16	22:24,25 23:4	27:14 34:11	25:1	27:13 40:18 takes 35:20
side 20:14 30:15	23:13 28:3,21	35:11 41:3	suggests 24:3	talk 15:21
37:4,7 39:9	62:15 63:2,11	44:21 49:5,12	suit 19:18 20:10	talk 15.21 talking 15:12
54:17 61:23	sovereigns 14:21	60:15,17,18,19	21:24 22:6	16:18 48:12,12
62:2	44:20 63:15	61:1,3,6,7	23:22 26:1	talks 45:15
side's 22:9,11	sovereignty 3:22	63:11	62:18,19 63:5	48:13,16
<b>sight</b> 13:1,10 17:13	3:24 13:13 20:25 22:4	statute 13:6,6 37:10,11,17,19	suits 5:9 47:22	<b>Tasmania</b> 40:16
	37:15,25 47:18	37:20,21 50:1	<b>superior</b> 14:3 49:11 61:6	40:17
signed 19:23,25 significant	49:11 52:10	50:16 51:11,20	support 52:13	taxation 15:23
26:12	55:3 57:8 61:1	52:4,7,16	52:14	22:19 23:18
signs 18:4	62:12,17 63:2	60:23	supporting 1:23	28:10 48:13
silence 52:19	63:4,8,21	statutes 52:12	2:11 49:6	tell 37:21 54:10
similar 31:3	sovereigty 23:23	statutes 32.12 stemmed 51:18	suppose 43:18	terms 6:3 30:8
44:9 52:17	specific 13:18	stops 17:19	supremacy	41:2
simply 10:25	38:25 50:1	store 19:22 29:1	13:19,21 25:22	terrible 12:9
15:9,14 20:16	60:14	29:4 36:24	27:11	44:4
20:19,23	specifically	44:11 46:6	supreme 1:1,14	terribly 12:9
single 15:1	51:24 52:1	<b>Strate</b> 6:16,16	5:17 13:3,21	test 36:15 61:23
situation 22:13	square 7:21	8:13,14,23	15:10,11 27:10	text 60:10
32:14 40:17	squarely 28:21	29:11,23 30:14	27:12 60:16,17	<b>Thank</b> 28:14,18
58:12	staff 54:1,2	<b>strip</b> 20:9	62:13	49:2 59:8,12
small 21:2	stake 43:14	<b>strong</b> 56:14	sure 7:23 29:15	63:24,25
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	-	-		
theory 3:18	till 61:17	38:4 62:15	22:14,20,23	40:11 44:8,13
46:15	time 5:13 13:25	treats 36:21	23:17 25:7	50:1 51:21
thing 12:3,4	16:8 23:21	trial 42:10,14	27:19 28:2,11	53:11 60:14
36:18,22,23	28:13 39:10	<b>tribal</b> 3:13 6:21	28:24 29:1	61:22 63:5
40:24 41:22	41:18 58:3	11:7,8,11,19	32:15,15 33:6	
47:17 55:22	61:2,8,19 62:8	13:20 14:3,19	36:11,12 38:4	U
57:5,10 60:6	62:10 63:20	14:20 15:2,5	42:15 44:6	UN 26:24 27:14
things 12:1	times 9:11 47:24	16:3,4,14,23	45:15 46:5,13	unanimous
13:17 14:3,5,6	49:1	17:12,14,17,25	46:16 50:5	49:16
14:14 15:23	today 58:4	18:4,5,6,7,15	55:3 58:19,21	unanimously
36:2 44:8,23	tort 3:14,17 4:18	18:18,23 19:11	58:21 62:5	29:11
think 10:5,7,12	6:5,9 7:2,4 8:5	20:17,25 21:3	tribe's 25:10	unbeknownst
15:20 16:16	8:6,7,7,15 18:5	22:20 23:10	32:11	33:13
18:12 22:8,14	18:18 19:18	25:18 27:20	tribes 3:12,16,19	unbroken 31:11
24:13 28:5	21:12 22:11,12	28:21,25 29:4	4:14,25 5:24	unconstitutio
29:9,20 30:9	22:13 24:20	29:18 31:5,17	6:7,11,18 8:4	25:20
30:12,19,23	26:1 29:19,25	31:20,23,24	11:15 13:12,25	undermined
32:7,7,9 33:16	30:5,24 31:5	32:5,6,10,17	15:24 16:5,7	57:25
35:1 36:13,13	31:16 33:11	32:17,24,25	17:23 18:21	understand 7:6
36:15 37:3,6	34:2 37:24	33:2,6,12 34:1	23:21 24:1,9	13:9 18:19
37:13 38:18	40:6 49:10	35:23 36:12	24:21 25:16	20:4,5 29:15
39:8,9,10 41:4	51:5,23 58:23	37:22,24 38:10	26:17 29:11	31:9 32:13
41:8,10,12,16	58:24 59:1,3,5	38:11,15,16,23	34:13 35:15,16	42:11 60:22
43:23,24 44:3	59:16,20,23	39:7,25 41:1	39:21 42:21	62:11 63:3
44:7,8 45:19	60:4,8 62:5,18	41:18 42:6	43:2,5 52:14	understanding
45:20 46:14,16	62:19 63:4	43:6 44:12,15	57:7,19,19	11:1
46:19,22 48:21	torts 24:23	44:17 47:9,18	58:2 61:2,5,20	understands
48:23,23 49:13	48:18,22,23	47:22 49:10,22	62:19 63:21	13:15
51:10 52:23	Townsend 47:11	49:24,25 50:2	tribunal 55:17	understood 3:21
54:14 56:13	tracks 22:12	50:2,9,13,21	tribunals 6:25	6:24 22:4
57:11,24 60:21	Trading 36:15	51:8 52:5,9,10	tried 56:11,17	60:25
61:18 63:14	41:24	52:13,14,15	trip 54:17	undertook 49:22
thinking 22:17	tradition 5:4	54:25 55:22	<b>Triple</b> 27:3,14	<b>unfair</b> 12:9 21:9
43:14	13:15,24 17:25	56:12,14,25	truck 33:12	<b>Union</b> 31:16
<b>THOMAS</b> 1:17	18:1 33:13	57:14,23 58:9	trucks 33:14	49:14,20 50:18
2:3,13 3:7	60:12,21	58:13,14,18	true 8:18 9:5	51:4 55:5
59:10	traditional	59:3,5,6,7,16	11:22 15:12	<b>United</b> 1:1,14,22
thorough 49:22	17:24	61:11,12,17	38:8 53:24	2:10 3:19,25
thoroughly	traffic 32:18	62:5,13	60:18,20 61:19	5:4,13 13:13
52:15	tragic 28:20	tribally-owned	trying 9:20	14:1 16:2,6
thought 7:7 40:1	training 52:12	28:23	13:14 32:12	17:22 21:2
61:12,19	52:13	tribe 8:22,24	57:13	23:21,24 24:10
three 3:23 5:3,7	transaction 32:3	10:19,20 14:6	turn 34:1	25:11 26:24
59:12 60:12	treat 38:2,3	17:17,18 18:25	twice 31:15	27:14 35:11
61:5	treated 16:3	19:8,19,24	two 6:23 12:1	41:3 44:21
threshold 8:2	treaties 63:11	20:1 21:4,16	13:17 14:5	49:5,12 60:17
tight 41:22	treating 14:20	21:25 22:5,12	19:2 21:24	60:18 61:3,6
	l	l	<u> </u>	l

				11
63:11	47:9,21 48:19	X	<b>50</b> 34:11	
unlimited 24:10	54:3,4 62:23		<b>500</b> 24:21	
24:21,22	63:8,13	<b>x</b> 1:2,9	<b>500-plus</b> 24:9	
unremarkable	wanted 40:23,23	Y	<b>59</b> 2:14	
6:18	40:23,24 45:17	Yankee 43:18	372.14	
unreviewable	57:10	Yeah 53:15	6	
14:11	Washington	year 52:16		
unusual 12:3	1:10,19,22	yes-or-no 42:12	7	
33:13	wasn't 25:2 62:4	York 43:15	<b>7</b> 1:11	
upshot 20:24	wash t 23.2 62.4 way 15:6,8	Yorker 44:1		
use 17:23 38:25	16:12 19:5,14	Youth 35:25	8	
46:17	19:17 23:17	36:24	9	
40.17	31:2 37:22	30.24		
$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	38:4,15 42:1	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	<b>90</b> 61:9	
v 1:6 3:5 8:19	43:4	<b>zenith</b> 32:11		
9:10 37:25	ways 8:19 16:20			
47:19 48:2	47:4	0		
58:7 59:4	We'll 3:3			
various 9:11	we're 36:19 39:4	1		
vast 41:1	42:2,2 44:22	<b>1</b> 21:4		
verdict 42:6	48:12 53:23	<b>10:03</b> 1:15 3:2		
versus 21:12	we've 11:19 25:8	<b>100</b> 32:8		
view 20:6,10	41:5 54:16	<b>11:04</b> 64:2		
violate 23:11	went 22:20 31:2	<b>13-1496</b> 1:5 3:4		
25:13,22,22	37:23 40:17	<b>1789</b> 61:9		
42:5,13,17,18	wide 17:23	<b>1790</b> 55:7		
42:19	Williams 37:25	<b>1880</b> 61:19		
violates 58:20	47:19 48:2	<b>1900</b> 57:13		
violating 42:16	willing 40:2	<b>1993</b> 49:23 52:7		
Violence 16:11	wining 40.2 win 20:15			
47:20	Women 16:12	2		
voluntarily 58:9	word 40:9 52:24	<b>2000</b> 52:16		
vote 53:4,10,12	words 35:19	<b>2015</b> 1:11		
53:15,21,22	39:13 40:11	<b>28</b> 2:7		
voted 51:11,14	48:8	<b>280</b> 15:25		
voting 53:1	work 19:4,16	3		
	working 58:15	3 2:4		
W	working 38.13 worried 47:1	<b>32</b> 36:21		
wages 29:2	wouldn't 14:23	<b>369</b> 31:22		
wake 51:4	19:16 42:17	<b>372</b> 58:6		
wander 42:1	write 61:25	J14 J0.0		
wandering 48:7	wrong 9:8 11:6	4		
want 3:23 5:7	11:8 12:6 14:5	431:6		
11:5 14:5	14:6	<b>45</b> 38:20		
16:10 17:8,13	wrongdoer	<b>49</b> 2:11		
29:15 40:22	27:18			
41:6 43:15	wrote 18:25	5		
			<u> </u>	