

AMERICAN  
INDIAN  
TREATIES

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THE HISTORY OF A  
POLITICAL ANOMALY

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## APPENDIX B

# Ratified Indian Treaties

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Formal and solemn as treaties are, those made by the United States with American Indian tribes are not free of irregularities that make it difficult to prepare a definitive list of them. The original ratified treaties in the State Department's Ratified Indian Treaties file are arranged chronologically, with a serial number assigned to each. These serial numbers are given in the list below in square brackets.

This list follows largely the compilation of ratified treaties printed in Charles J. Kappler, compiler, *Indian Affairs: Laws and Treaties*, vol. 2, *Treaties* (Washington: Government Printing Office, 1904), which takes its text from the official publication in the *United States Statutes at Large*. Although the list depends heavily on Kappler's *Treaties*, other compilations and lists of treaties, discussed below in "Sources for the Study of American Indian Treaties," have been used, as well as an unpublished "List of Ratified Indian Treaties," prepared by Robert M. Kvasnicka for volume 4 of the Smithsonian Institution's *Handbook of North American Indians* but not published in the *Handbook*.

The date of proclamation is the date when the president formally confirmed the treaty, signed it, and affixed the great seal of the United States. This date, sometimes called date of "ratification," is provided in most cases by Kappler. Where there is a question, the original document in the Ratified Indian Treaties file, Record Group 11 (M668), has been followed. Six treaty documents not included in the list are considered at the end.

A bar graph (p. 503) displays the concentration of treaty making in chronological order, but it shows only the number of treaties each year and does not distinguish between important treaties and minor ones.

A map (pp. 504–5) shows the council sites for the treaties. Sources for the map: Each ratified treaty, usually in the title and sometimes also at the end of the treaty, indicates the place at which the treaty was signed. Some of the locations—for example, established cities and well-known military posts, were easy to pinpoint. But many—like shifting Indian villages, Indian agencies, or temporary encampments in the Indian country—were more difficult to determine. Modern commercial atlases and state maps were useful if the old place names continued. Especially helpful were the maps in Charles Royce, *Indian Land Cessions*, and the maps in James Truslow Adams, *Atlas of American History*. Edward E. Hill's *The Office of Indian Affairs, 1824–1880: Historical Sketches* helped to trace the location of Indian agencies at which treaty councils were held. I have also used the files of old maps of the American Geographical Society, now located at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, and was helped in some especially difficult cases by Ralph E. Ehrenberg, chief of the Geography and Map Division of the Library of Congress, and his staff.

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
1 [8]. Sept. 17, 1778	Delaware	Fort Pitt	Andrew Lewis; Thomas Lewis	Kappler, 3-5; 7 Stat. 13-15
2 [9]. Oct. 22, 1784	Six Nations	Fort Stanwix	Oliver Walcott; Richard Butler; Arthur Lee	Kappler, 5-6; 7 Stat. 15-16
3 [10]. Jan. 21, 1785	Wyandot; Delaware; Chippewa; Ottawa	Fort McIntosh	George R. Clark; Richard Butler; Arthur Lee	Kappler, 6-8; 7 Stat. 16-18
4 [11]. Nov. 28, 1785	Cherokee	Hopewell	Benjamin Hawkins; Andrew Pickens; Joseph Martin; Lachlan McIntosh	Kappler, 8-11; 7 Stat. 18-21
5 [12]. Jan. 3, 1786	Choctaw	Hopewell	Benjamin Hawkins; Andrew Pickens; Joseph Martin	Kappler, 11-14; 7 Stat. 21-23
6 [13]. Jan. 10, 1786	Chickasaw	Hopewell	Benjamin Hawkins; Andrew Pickens; Joseph Martin	Kappler, 14-16; 7 Stat. 24-26
7 [14]. Jan. 31, 1786	Shawnee	Mouth of the Great Miami	George R. Clark; Richard Butler; Samuel H. Parsons	Kappler, 16-18; 7 Stat. 26-27

8	[15]. Jan. 9, 1789; ratified Sept. 29, 1789	Wyandot; Delaware; Ottawa; Chippewa; Potawatomi; Sac	Fort Harmar	Arthur St. Clair	Kappler, 18-23; 7 Stat. 28-32
9	[16]. Jan. 9, 1789	Six Nations	Fort Harmar	Arthur St. Clair	Kappler, 23-25; 7 Stat. 33-35
10	[17]. Aug. 7, 1790; proclaimed Aug. 13, 1790	Creek	New York	Henry Knox	Kappler, 25-29; 7 Stat. 35-38
11	[18]. July 2, 1791; proclaimed Nov. 11, 1791 Additional article: Feb. 17, 1792	Cherokee	Holston River	William Blount	Kappler, 29-32; 7 Stat. 39-42
12	[20]. June 26, 1794; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1795	Cherokee	Philadelphia	Henry Knox	Kappler, 32-33; 7 Stat. 42-43
13	[21]. Nov. 11, 1794; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1795	Six Nations	Canandaigua	Timothy Pickering	Kappler, 33-34; 7 Stat. 43-44
14	[22]. Dec. 2, 1794; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1795	Oneida; Tuscarora; Stockbridge	Oneida	Timothy Pickering	Kappler, 34-37; 7 Stat. 44-47
					Kappler, 37-39; 7 Stat. 47-48

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
15 [23]. Aug. 3, 1795; proclaimed Dec. 22, 1795	Wyandot; Delaware; Shawnee; Ottawa; Chippewa; Potawatomi; Miami; Eel River; Wea; Kickapoo; Piankashaw; Kaskaskia	Greenville	Anthony Wayne	Kappler, 39-45; 7 Stat. 49-54
16 [24]. May 31, 1796; proclaimed Jan. 31, 1797	Seven Nations of Canada	New York	Abraham Ogden	Kappler, 45-46; 7 Stat. 55-56
17 [25]. June 29, 1796; proclaimed Mar. 24, 1797	Creek	Colerain	Benjamin Hawkins; George Clymer; Andrew Pickens	Kappler, 46-50; 7 Stat. 56-60
18 [26]. Mar. 29, 1797; proclaimed Apr. 27, 1798	Mohawk	Albany	Isaac Smith	Kappler, 50-51; 7 Stat. 61
19 [29]. Oct. 2, 1798; proclaimed Jan. 30, 1799	Cherokee	Tellico	Thomas Butler; George Walton	Kappler, 51-55; 7 Stat. 62-65
20 [30]. Oct. 24, 1801; proclaimed May 4, 1802	Chickasaw	Chickasaw Bluffs	James Wilkinson; Benjamin Hawkins; Andrew Pickens	Kappler, 55-56; 7 Stat. 65-66

21	[31]. Dec. 17, 1801; proclaimed May 4, 1802	Choctaw	Fort Adams	James Wilkinson; Benjamin Hawkins; Andrew Pickens	Kappler, 56-58; 7 Stat. 66-68
22	[32]. June 16, 1802; proclaimed Jan. 11, 1803	Creek	near Fort Wilkinson	James Wilkinson; Benjamin Hawkins	Kappler, 58-59; 7 Stat. 68-70
23	[33]. June 30, 1802; proclaimed Jan. 12, 1803	Seneca	Buffalo Creek	John Tayler	Kappler, 60-62; 7 Stat. 70-72
24	[34]. June 30, 1802; proclaimed Feb. 7, 1803	Seneca	Buffalo Creek	John Tayler	Kappler, 62; 7 Stat. 72-73
25	[35]. Oct. 17, 1802; proclaimed Jan. 20, 1803	Choctaw	Fort Confederation	James Wilkinson	Kappler, 63-64; 7 Stat. 73-74
26	[36]. June 7, 1803; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1803	Delaware; Shawnee; Potawatomi; Miami; Eel River; Wea; Kickapoo; Piankashaw; Kaskaskia	Fort Wayne	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 64-65; 7 Stat. 74-76

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
27 [37]. Aug. 7, 1803; proclaimed Dec. 23, 1803	Eel River; Wyandot; Piankashaw; Kaskaskia; Kickapoo	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 66; 7 Stat. 77
28 [38]. Aug. 13, 1803; proclaimed Dec. 23, 1803	Kaskaskia	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 67-68; 7 Stat. 78-79
29 [39]. Aug. 31, 1803; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1803	Choctaw	Hoe-Buckin-too-pa	James Wilkinson	Kappler, 69-70; 7 Stat. 80-81
30 [40]. Aug. 18, 1804; proclaimed Feb. 14, 1805	Delaware	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 70-72; 7 Stat. 81-83
31 [41]. Aug. 27, 1804; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1805	Piankashaw	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 72-73; 7 Stat. 83-84
32 [42]. Oct. 24, 1804; proclaimed May 17, 1824	Cherokee	Tellico	Daniel Smith; Return J. Meigs	Kappler, 73-74; 7 Stat. 228-29
33 [43]. Nov. 3, 1804; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1805	Sac and Fox	St. Louis	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 74-77; 7 Stat. 84-87



34	[44]. July 4, 1805; proclaimed Jan. 25, 1806	Wyandot; Ottawa; Chippewa; Munsee; Delaware; Shawnee; Potawatomi	Fort Industry	Charles Jouett	<i>American State Papers: Indian Affairs</i> 1:696
35	[45]. July 4, 1805; proclaimed Apr. 24, 1806	Wyandot; Ottawa; Chippewa; Munsee; Delaware; Shawnee; Potawatomi	Fort Industry	Charles Jouett	Kappler, 77-78; 7 Stat. 87-89
36	[46]. July 23, 1805; proclaimed May 23, 1807	Chickasaw	Chickasaw country	James Robertson; Silas Dinsmoor	Kappler, 79-80; 7 Stat. 89-90
37	[47]. Aug. 21, 1805; proclaimed Apr. 24, 1806	Delaware; Potawatomi; Miami; Eel River; Wea	Grouseland, near Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 80-82; 7 Stat. 91-93
38	[48]. Oct. 25, 1805; proclaimed Apr. 24, 1806	Cherokee	Tellico	Return J. Meigs; Daniel Smith	Kappler, 82-83; 7 Stat. 93-94

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
39 [49]. Oct. 27, 1805; proclaimed June 10, 1806	Cherokee	Tellico	Return J. Meigs; Daniel Smith	Kappler, 84; 7 Stat. 95-96
40 [50]. Nov. 14, 1805; proclaimed June 2, 1806	Creek	Washington	Henry Dearborn	Kappler, 85-86; 7 Stat. 96-98
41 [51]. Nov. 16, 1805; proclaimed Feb. 25, 1808	Choctaw	Mount Dexter	James Robertson; Silas Dinsmoor	Kappler, 87-88; 7 Stat. 98-100
42 [52]. Dec. 30, 1805; proclaimed May 23, 1807	Piankashaw	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 89-90; 7 Stat. 100-101
43 [53]. Jan. 7, 1806; proclaimed May 22, 1807	Cherokee	Washington	Henry Dearborn	Kappler, 90-91; 7 Stat. 101-3
44 [54]. Nov. 17, 1807; proclaimed Jan. 27, 1808	Ottawa; Chippewa; Wyandot; Potawatomi	Detroit	James Robertson; Return J. Meigs William Hull	Kappler, 91-92; 7 Stat. 103-4 Kappler, 92-94; 7 Stat. 105-7
45 [55]. Nov. 10, 1808; proclaimed Apr. 28, 1810	Osage	Fort Clark	Peter Chouteau	Kappler, 95-99; 7 Stat. 107-11

46	[56].	Nov. 25, 1808; proclaimed Mar. 3, 1809	Chippewa; Ottawa; Potawatomi; Wyandot; Shawnee	Brownstown	William Hull	Kappler, 99-100; 7 Stat. 112-13
47	[57].	Sept. 30, 1809; proclaimed Jan. 16, 1810	Delaware; Potawatomi; Miami; Eel River	Fort Wayne	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 101-3; 7 Stat. 113-16
48	[58].	Oct. 26, 1809; proclaimed Jan. 25, 1810	Wea	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 103-4; 7 Stat. 116-17
49	[59].	Dec. 9, 1809; proclaimed Mar. 8, 1810	Kickapoo	Vincennes	William Henry Harrison	Kappler, 104-5; 7 Stat. 117
50	[60].	July 22, 1814; proclaimed Dec. 21, 1814	Wyandot; Delaware; Shawnee; Seneca; Miami	Greenville	William Henry Harrison; Lewis Cass	Kappler, 105-7; 7 Stat. 118-20
51	[61].	Aug. 9, 1814; proclaimed Feb. 16, 1815	Creek	Fort Jackson	Andrew Jackson	Kappler, 107-10; 7 Stat. 120-22
52	[62].	July 18, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Potawatomi	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 110-11; 7 Stat. 123

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
53 [63]. July 18, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Piankashaw	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 111-12; 7 Stat. 124
54 [64]. July 19, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Teton	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 112-13; 7 Stat. 125
55 [65]. July 19, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Sioux of the Lakes	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 113; 7 Stat. 126
56 [66]. July 19, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Sioux of St. Peter's River	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 114; 7 Stat. 127
57 [67]. July 19, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Yankton Sioux	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 115; 7 Stat. 128
58 [68]. July 20, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Omaha	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 115-16; 7 Stat. 129
59 [69]. Sept. 2, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Kickapoo	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 116-17; 7 Stat. 130

60	[70].	Sept. 8, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Wyandot; Delaware; Seneca; Shawnee; Miami; Chippewa; Ottawa; Potawatomi	Spring Wells	William Henry Harrison; Duncan McArthur; John Graham	Kappler, 117-18; 7 Stat. 131-33
61	[71].	Sept. 12, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Osage	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 119-20; 7 Stat. 133-34
62	[72].	Sept. 13, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Sac	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 120-21; 7 Stat. 134-35
63	[73].	Sept. 14, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Fox	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 121-22; 7 Stat. 135-36
64	[74].	Sept. 16, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Iowa	Portage des Sioux	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 122-23; 7 Stat. 136-37
65	[75].	Oct. 28, 1815; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1815	Kansa	St. Louis	Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 123-24; 7 Stat. 137-38
66	[76].	Mar. 22, 1816; proclaimed Apr. 8, 1816	Cherokee	Washington	George Graham	Kappler, 124-25; 7 Stat. 138-39

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
67 [77]. Mar. 22, 1816; proclaimed Apr. 8, 1816	Cherokee	Washington	George Graham	Kappler, 125-26; 7 Stat. 139-40
68 [78]. May 13, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Sac of Rock River	St. Louis	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 126-28; 7 Stat. 141-42
69 [79]. June 1, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Sioux	St. Louis	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 128-30; 7 Stat. 143-44
70 [80]. June 3, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Winnebago	St. Louis	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 130-31; 7 Stat. 144-45
71 [81]. June 4, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Wea; Kickapoo	Fort Harrison	Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 131-32; 7 Stat. 145-46
72 [82]. Aug. 24, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Ottawa; Chippewa; Potawatomi	St. Louis	Ninian Edwards; William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 132-33; 7 Stat. 146-48
73 [83]. Sept. 14, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Cherokee	Chickasaw council house	Andrew Jackson; David Meriwether; Jesse Franklin	Kappler, 133-34; 7 Stat. 148-49
74 [84]. Sept. 20, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Chickasaw	Chickasaw council house	Andrew Jackson; David Meriwether; Jesse Franklin	Kappler, 135-37; 7 Stat. 150-52

75	[85]. Oct. 24, 1816; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1816	Choctaw	Choctaw trading house	John Coffee; John Rhea; John McKee	Kappler, 137; 7 Stat. 152-53
76	[86]. Mar. 30, 1817; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1817	Menominee	St. Louis	William Clark; Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 138; 7 Stat. 153-54
77	[87]. June 24, 1817; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1817	Oto	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 139; 7 Stat. 154-55
78	[88]. June 25, 1817; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1817	Ponca	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 140; 7 Stat. 155-56
79	[89]. July 8, 1817; proclaimed Dec. 26, 1817	Cherokee	Cherokee Agency	Andrew Jackson; Joseph McMinn; David Meriwether	Kappler, 140-44; 7 Stat. 156-60
80	[90]. Sept. 29, 1817; proclaimed Jan. 4, 1819	Wyandot; Seneca; Delaware; Shawnee; Potawatomi; Ottawa; Chippewa	Rapids of the Miami	Lewis Cass; Duncan McArthur	Kappler, 145-55; 7 Stat. 160-70
81	[91]. Jan. 22, 1818; proclaimed Mar. 28, 1818	Creek	Creek Agency	David Brydie Mitchell	Kappler, 155-56; 7 Stat. 171-72

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
82 [92]. June 18, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1819	Grand Pawnee	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 156-57; 7 Stat. 172-73
83 [93]. June 19, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1819	Noisy Pawnee	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 157-58; 7 Stat. 173-74
84 [94]. June 20, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1819	Pawnee Republic	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 158-59; 7 Stat. 174-75
85 [95]. June 22, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 5, 1819	Pawnee Marthar	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 159; 7 Stat. 175-76
86 [96]. Aug. 24, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 5, 1819	Quapaw	St. Louis	William Clark; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 160-61; 7 Stat. 176-78
87 [97]. Sept. 17, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 4, 1819	Wyandot; Seneca; Shawnee; Ottawa	St. Mary's	Lewis Cass; Duncan McArthur	Kappler, 162-63; 7 Stat. 178-80
88 [98]. Sept. 20, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1819	Wyandot	St. Mary's	Lewis Cass	Kappler, 164; 7 Stat. 180-81



89 [99].	Sept. 25, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 5, 1819	Peoria; Kaskaskia; Michigamea; Cahokia; Tamaroa	Edwardsville	Ninian Edwards; Auguste Chouteau	Kappler, 165-66; 7 Stat. 181-83
90 [100].	Sept. 25, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1819	Osage	St. Louis	William Clark	Kappler, 167-68; 7 Stat. 183-84
91 [101].	Oct. 2, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 15, 1819	Potawatomi	St. Mary's	Jonathan Jennings; Lewis Cass; Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 168-69; 7 Stat. 185-86
92 [102].	Oct. 2, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1819	Wea	St. Mary's	Jonathan Jennings; Lewis Cass; Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 169-70; 7 Stat. 186-87
93 [103].	Oct. 3, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 15, 1819	Delaware	St. Mary's	Jonathan Jennings; Lewis Cass; Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 170-71; 7 Stat. 188-89
94 [104].	Oct. 6, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 15, 1819	Miami	St. Mary's	Jonathan Jennings; Lewis Cass; Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 171-74; 7 Stat. 189-92
95 [105].	Oct. 19, 1818; proclaimed Jan. 15, 1819	Chickasaw	Old Town	Isaac Shelby; Andrew Jackson	Kappler, 174-77; 7 Stat. 192-95
96 [106].	Feb. 27, 1819; proclaimed Mar. 10, 1819	Cherokee	Washington	John C. Calhoun	Kappler, 177-81; 7 Stat. 195-200

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
97 [107]. July 30, 1819; proclaimed Jan. 13, 1821	Kickapoo	Edwardsville	Auguste Chouteau; Benjamin Stephenson	Kappler, 182-83; 7 Stat. 200-202
98 [108]. Aug. 30, 1819; proclaimed May 10, 1820	Kickapoo of the Vermilion	Fort Harrison	Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 184; 7 Stat. 202-3
99 [109]. Sept. 24, 1819; proclaimed Mar. 25, 1820	Chippewa	Saginaw	Lewis Cass	Kappler, 185-87; 7 Stat. 203-6
100 [110]. June 16, 1820; proclaimed Mar. 2, 1821	Chippewa	Sault Ste. Marie	Lewis Cass	Kappler, 187-88; 7 Stat. 206-7
101 [111]. July 6, 1820; proclaimed Mar. 8, 1821	Ottawa; Chippewa	L'Arbre Croche and Michilimackinac	Lewis Cass	Kappler, 188-89; 7 Stat. 207
102 [112]. July 19, 1820; proclaimed Jan. 13, 1821	Kickapoo	St. Louis	Auguste Chouteau; Benjamin Stephenson	Kappler, 189-90; 7 Stat. 208-9
103 [113]. Aug. 11, 1820; proclaimed Jan. 8, 1821	Wea	Vincennes	Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 190; 7 Stat. 209
104 [114]. Sept. 5, 1820; proclaimed Jan. 8, 1821	Kickapoo of the Vermilion	Vincennes	Benjamin Parke	Kappler, 191; 7 Stat. 210

105 [115].	Oct. 18, 1820; proclaimed Jan. 8, 1821	Choctaw	Doak's Stand	Andrew Jackson; Thomas Hinds	Kappler, 191-95; 7 Stat. 210-14
106 [116].	Jan. 8, 1821; proclaimed Mar. 2, 1821	Creek	Indian Springs	Daniel M. Forney; David Meriwether	Kappler, 195-97; 7 Stat. 215-16
107 [117].	Articles of agreement with Georgia: Jan. 8, 1821 Aug. 29, 1821; proclaimed Mar. 25, 1822	Ottawa; Chippewa; Potawatomi	Chicago	Lewis Cass; Solomon Sibley	Kappler, 197-98; 7 Stat. 217-18
108 [118].	Aug. 31, 1822; proclaimed Feb. 13, 1823	Osage	Marais des Cygnes Factory	Richard Graham	Kappler, 201-2; 7 Stat. 222
109 [119].	Sept. 3, 1822; proclaimed Feb. 13, 1823	Sac and Fox	Fort Armstrong	Thomas Forsyth	Kappler, 202-3; 7 Stat. 223
110 [120].	Sept. 18, 1823; proclaimed Jan. 2, 1824	Florida tribes	Moultrie Creek	William P. Duval; James Gadsden; Bernard Segui	Kappler, 203-7; 7 Stat. 224-28
111 [121].	Aug. 4, 1824; proclaimed Jan. 18, 1825	Sac and Fox	Washington	William Clark	Kappler, 207-8; 7 Stat. 229-30

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
112 [122]. Aug. 4, 1824; proclaimed Jan. 18, 1825	Iowa	Washington	William Clark	Kappler, 208-9; 7 Stat. 231-32
113 [123]. Nov. 15, 1824; proclaimed Feb. 19, 1825	Quapaw	Harrington's	Robert Crittenden	Kappler, 210-11; 7 Stat. 232-34
114 [124]. Jan. 20, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 19, 1825	Choctaw	Washington	John C. Calhoun	Kappler, 211-14; 7 Stat. 234-36
115 [125]. Feb. 12, 1825; proclaimed Mar. 7, 1825	Creek	Indian Springs	Duncan G. Campbell; James Meriwether	Kappler, 214-17; 7 Stat. 237-40
116 [126]. June 2, 1825; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1825	Osage	St. Louis	William Clark	Kappler, 217-21; 7 Stat. 240-44
117 [127]. June 3, 1825; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1825	Kansa	St. Louis	William Clark	Kappler, 222-25; 7 Stat. 244-47
118 [128]. June 9, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Ponca	Ponca Village	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 225-27; 7 Stat. 247-49
119 [129]. June 22, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Sioux: Teton, Yankton, Yanktonai	Fort Lookout	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 227-30; 7 Stat. 250-52

120 [130].	July 5, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Sioux: Sioune, Oglala	Teton River	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 230-32; 7 Stat. 252-54
121 [131].	July 6, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Cheyenne	Teton River	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 232-34; 7 Stat. 255-57
122 [132].	July 16, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Hunkpapa Sioux	Arikara Village	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 235-36; 7 Stat. 257-59
123 [133].	July 18, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Arikara	Arikara Village	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 237-39; 7 Stat. 259-61
124 [134].	July 30, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Minitari	Lower Mandan Village	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 239-41; 7 Stat. 261-63
125 [135].	July 30, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Mandan	Mandan Village	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 242-44; 7 Stat. 264-66
126 [136].	Aug. 4, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Crow	Mandan Village	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 244-46; 7 Stat. 266-68
127 [137].	Aug. 10, 1825; proclaimed May 3, 1826	Osage	Council Grove	Benjamin H. Reeves; George C. Sibley; Thomas Mather	Kappler, 246-48; 7 Stat. 268-70

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
128 [138]. Aug. 16, 1825; proclaimed May 3, 1826	Kansa	Sora Kansas Creek	Benjamin H. Reeves; George C. Sibley; Thomas Mather	Kappler, 248-50; 7 Stat. 270-72
129 [139]. Aug. 19, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Sioux; Chippewa; Sac and Fox; Menominee; Iowa; Winnebago; Ottawa; Potawatomi	Prairie du Chien	William Clark; Lewis Cass	Kappler, 250-55; 7 Stat. 272-77
130 [140]. Sept. 26, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Oto and Missouri	Fort Atkinson	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 256-58; 7 Stat. 277-79
131 [141]. Sept. 30, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Pawnee	Fort Atkinson	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 258-60; 7 Stat. 279-81
132 [142]. Oct. 6, 1825; proclaimed Feb. 6, 1826	Maha (Omaha)	Fort Atkinson	Henry Atkinson; Benjamin O'Fallon	Kappler, 260-62; 7 Stat. 282-84
133 [143]. Nov. 7, 1825; proclaimed Dec. 30, 1825	Shawnee	St. Louis	William Clark	Kappler, 262-64; 7 Stat. 284-86
134 [144]. Jan. 24, 1826; proclaimed Apr. 22, 1826	Creek	Washington	James Barbour	Kappler, 264-68; 7 Stat. 286-90

135 [145].	Aug. 5, 1826; proclaimed Feb. 7, 1827	Chippewa	Fond du Lac	Lewis Cass; Thomas L. McKenney	Kappler, 268-73; 7 Stat. 290-95
136 [146].	Oct. 16, 1826; proclaimed Feb. 7, 1827	Potawatomi	Wabash River	Lewis Cass; James Brown Ray; John Tipton	Kappler, 273-77; 7 Stat. 295-99
137 [147].	Oct. 23, 1826; proclaimed Jan. 24, 1827	Miami	Wabash River	Lewis Cass; James Brown Ray; John Tipton	Kappler, 278-81; 7 Stat. 300-303
138 [148].	Aug. 11, 1827; proclaimed Feb. 23, 1829	Chippewa; Menominee; Winnebago	Butte des Morts	Lewis Cass; Thomas L. McKenney	Kappler, 281-83; 7 Stat. 303-5
139 [149].	Sept. 19, 1827; proclaimed Feb. 23, 1829	Potawatomi	St. Joseph	Lewis Cass	Kappler, 283-84; 7 Stat. 305-6
140 [150].	Nov. 15, 1827; proclaimed Mar. 4, 1828	Creek	Creek Agency	Thomas L. McKenney; John Crowell	Kappler, 284-86; 7 Stat. 307-9
141 [151].	Feb. 11, 1828; proclaimed May 7, 1828	Miami (Eel River)	Wyandot Village	John Tipton	Kappler, 286-87; 7 Stat. 309-10
142 [152].	May 6, 1828; proclaimed May 28, 1828	Western Cherokee	Washington	James Barbour	Kappler, 288-92; 7 Stat. 311-15

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
143 [153]. Aug. 25, 1828; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1829	Winnebago; United tribes: Potawatomi, Chippewa, Ottawa	Green Bay	Lewis Cass; Pierre Menard	Kappler, 292-94; 7 Stat. 315-17
144 [154]. Sept. 20, 1828; proclaimed Jan. 7, 1829	Potawatomi	St. Joseph River	Lewis Cass; Pierre Menard	Kappler, 294-97; 7 Stat. 317-20
145 [155]. July 29, 1829; proclaimed Jan. 2, 1830	United tribes: Potawatomi, Ottawa, Chippewa	Prairie du Chien	John McNeil; Pierre Menard; Caleb Atwater	Kappler, 297-300; 7 Stat. 320-22
146 [156]. Aug. 1, 1829; proclaimed Jan. 2, 1830	Winnebago	Prairie du Chien	John McNeil; Pierre Menard; Caleb Atwater	Kappler, 300-303; 7 Stat. 323-25
147 [157]. Aug. 3, 1829; proclaimed Jan. 2, 1830	Delaware	Little Sandusky	John McElvain	Kappler, 303-4; 7 Stat. 326
148 [158]. Sept. 24, 1829; proclaimed Mar. 24, 1831	Delaware	James Fork of White River	George Vashon	Kappler, 304-5; 7 Stat. 327-28



149 [159].	July 15, 1830; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1831 Assent to treaty by Yankton and Santee Sioux at St. Louis, Oct. 13, 1830	Sac and Fox; Sioux; Mdewakanton, Wahpeton, Wahpekute, Sisseton; Omaha; Iowa; Oto and Missouri	Prairie du Chien	William Clark; Willoughby Morgan	Kappler, 305-10; 7 Stat. 328-32
150 [160].	Sept. 27, 1830; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1831	Choctaw	Dancing Rabbit Creek	John H. Eaton; John Coffee	Kappler, 310-19; 7 Stat. 333-42
151 [161].	Feb. 8, 1831; proclaimed July 9, 1832	Menominee	Washington	John H. Eaton; Samuel C. Stambaugh	Kappler, 319-23; 7 Stat. 342-46
152 [162].	Supplementary articles, Feb. 17, 1831 Feb. 28, 1831; proclaimed Mar. 24, 1831	Seneca	Washington	James B. Gardiner	Kappler, 323-25; 7 Stat. 346-48
153 [163].	July 20, 1831; proclaimed Apr. 6, 1832	Seneca; Shawnee	Lewistown	James B. Gardiner; John McElvain	Kappler, 327-31; 7 Stat. 351-54
154 [164].	Aug. 8, 1831; proclaimed Apr. 6, 1832	Shawnee	Wapakoneta	James B. Gardiner; John McElvain	Kappler, 331-34; 7 Stat. 355-58

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
155 [165]. Aug. 30, 1831; proclaimed Apr. 6, 1832	Ottawa	Miami Bay	James B. Gardiner	Kappler, 335-39; 7 Stat. 359-64
156 [166]. Jan. 19, 1832; proclaimed Apr. 6, 1832	Wyandot	McCutcheonville	James B. Gardiner	Kappler, 339-41; 7 Stat. 364-65
157 [167]. Mar. 24, 1832; proclaimed Apr. 4, 1832	Creek	Washington	Lewis Cass	Kappler, 341-43; 7 Stat. 366-68
158 [168]. May 9, 1832; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Seminole	Payne's Landing	James Gadsden	Kappler, 344-45; 7 Stat. 368-70
159 [169]. Sept. 15, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 13, 1833	Winnebago	Fort Armstrong	Winfield Scott; John Reynolds	Kappler, 345-48; 7 Stat. 370-73
160 [170]. Sept. 21, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 13, 1833	Sac and Fox	Fort Armstrong	Winfield Scott; John Reynolds	Kappler, 349-51; 7 Stat. 374-76
161 [171]. Oct. 11, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 13, 1833	Apalachicola	Tallahassee	James Gadsden	Kappler, 352; 7 Stat. 377-78
162 [172]. Oct. 20, 1832; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1833	Potawatomi	Camp Tippecanoe	Jonathan Jennings; John W. Davis; Marks Crume	Kappler, 353-56; 7 Stat. 378-81

163 [173].	Oct. 20, 1832; proclaimed Mar. 1, 1833	Chickasaw	Pontotoc Creek	John Coffee	Kappler, 356-62; 7 Stat. 381-87
	Supplementary articles, Oct. 22, 1832				Kappler, 362-64; 7 Stat. 388-91
164 [174].	Oct. 24, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 13, 1833	Kickapoo	Castor Hill	William Clark; Frank J. Allen; Nathan Kouns	Kappler, 365-67; 7 Stat. 391-93
	Supplementary article at Fort Leavenworth, Nov. 26, 1832				Kappler, 367; 7 Stat. 393-94
165 [175].	Oct. 26, 1832; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1833	Potawatomi	Tippecanoe River	Jonathan Jennings; John W. Davis; Marks Crume	Kappler, 367-70; 7 Stat. 394-97
166 [176].	Oct. 26, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 12, 1833	Shawnee; Delaware	Castor Hill	William Clark; Frank J. Allen; Nathan Kouns	Kappler, 370-72; 7 Stat. 397-99
167 [177].	Oct. 27, 1832; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1833	Potawatomi	Tippecanoe River	Jonathan Jennings; John W. Davis; Marks Crume	Kappler, 372-75; 7 Stat. 399-403
168 [178].	Oct. 27, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 12, 1833	Kaskaskia; Peoria; Michigamea; Cahokia; Tamaroa	Castor Hill	William Clark; Frank J. Allen; Nathan Kouns	Kappler, 376-77; 7 Stat. 403-5

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
169 [179]. Oct. 27, 1832; proclaimed Mar. 13, 1833 Appendix with New York Indians, Oct. 27, 1832	Menominee	Green Bay	George B. Porter	Kappler, 377-81; 7 Stat. 405-8
170 [180]. Oct. 29, 1832; proclaimed Feb. 12, 1833	Piankashaw; Wéa	Castor Hill	William Clark; Frank J. Allen; Nathan Kouns	Kappler, 381-82; 7 Stat. 409-10
171 [181]. Dec. 29, 1832; proclaimed Mar. 22, 1833	Seneca; Shawnee	Seneca Agency	Henry L. Ellsworth; John F. Schermerhorn	Kappler, 382-83; 7 Stat. 410-11
172 [182]. Feb. 14, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Western Cherokeee	Fort Gibson	Montfort Stokes; Henry L. Ellsworth; John F. Schermerhorn	Kappler, 383-85; 7 Stat. 411-13
173 [183]. Feb. 14, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Creek	Fort Gibson	Montfort Stokes; Henry L. Ellsworth; John F. Schermerhorn	Kappler, 385-88; 7 Stat. 414-16
174 [184]. Feb. 18, 1833; proclaimed Mar. 22, 1833	Ottawa	Maumee	George B. Porter	Kappler, 388-91; 7 Stat. 417-20
175 [185]. Mar. 28, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Seminole	Fort Gibson	Montfort Stokes; Henry L. Ellsworth; John F. Schermerhorn	Kappler, 392-94; 7 Stat. 420-23
				Kappler, 394-95; 7 Stat. 423-24

176 [186].	May 13, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Quapaw	New Gascony	John F. Schermerhorn	Kappler, 395-97; 7 Stat. 424-26
177 [187].	June 18, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Apalachicola	Pope's	James Gadsden	Kappler, 398-400; 7 Stat. 427-29
178 [188].	Sept. 21, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Oto and Missouri	Oto Village	Henry L. Ellsworth	Kappler, 400-401; 7 Stat. 429-31
179 [189].	Sept. 26, 1833; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1835	United tribes: Potawatomi, Ottawa, Chippewa	Chicago	George B. Porter; Thomas J. V. Owen; William Weatherford	Kappler, 402-10; 7 Stat. 431-41
180 [190].	Supplementary articles, Sept. 27, 1833 Oct. 9, 1833; proclaimed Apr. 12, 1834	Pawnee	Grand Pawnee Village	Henry L. Ellsworth	Kappler, 410-15; 7 Stat. 442-48
181 [191].	May 24, 1834; proclaimed July 1, 1834	Chickasaw	Washington	John H. Eaton	Kappler, 416-18; 7 Stat. 448-50
182 [192].	Oct. 23, 1834; proclaimed Dec. 22, 1837	Miami	Forks of the Wabash	William Marshall	Kappler, 418-25; 7 Stat. 450-57
183 [193].	Dec. 4, 1834; proclaimed Mar. 16, 1835	Potawatomi	Lake Maxinkukee	William Marshall	Kappler, 425-28; 7 Stat. 458-66
					Kappler, 428-29; 7 Stat. 467

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
184 [194]. Dec. 10, 1834; proclaimed Mar. 16, 1835	Potawatomi	Tippecanoe River	William Marshall	Kappler, 429; 7 Stat. 467-68
185 [195]. Dec. 16, 1834; proclaimed Mar. 16, 1835	Potawatomi	Potawatomi Mills	William Marshall	Kappler, 430; 7 Stat. 468-69
186 [196]. Dec. 17, 1834; proclaimed Mar. 16, 1835	Potawatomi	Indian Agency, Logansport	William Marshall	Kappler, 431; 7 Stat. 469-70
187 [197]. July 1, 1835; proclaimed Feb. 2, 1836	Caddo	Agency House, Caddo Nation	Jehiel Brooks	Kappler, 432-34; 7 Stat. 470-73
188 [198]. Aug. 24, 1835; proclaimed May 19, 1836	Comanche and Wichita; Cherokee, Muskogee, Choctaw, Osage, Seneca, and Quapaw	Camp Holmes	Montfort Stokes; Matthew Arbuckle	Kappler, 435-39; 7 Stat. 474-77
189 [199]. Dec. 29, 1835; proclaimed May 23, 1836	Cherokee	New Echota	William Carroll; John F. Schermerhorn	Kappler, 439-48; 7 Stat. 478-88
Supplementary articles, Mar. 1, 1836				
190 [200]. Mar. 26, 1836; proclaimed June 4, 1836	Potawatomi	Turkey Creek Prairie	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 448-49; 7 Stat. 488-89 Kappler, 450; 7 Stat. 490-91

191 [201].	Mar. 28, 1836; proclaimed May 27, 1836	Ottawa; Chippewa	Washington	Henry R. Schoolcraft	Kappler, 450-56; 7 Stat. 491-96
	Supplementary article, Mar. 31, 1836				Kappler, 456; 7 Stat. 496-97
192 [202].	Mar. 29, 1836; proclaimed June 4, 1836	Potawatomi	Tippecanoe River	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 457; 7 Stat. 498
193 [203].	Apr. 11, 1836; proclaimed May 25, 1836	Potawatomi	Tippecanoe River	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 457-58; 7 Stat. 499
194 [204].	Apr. 22, 1836; proclaimed May 25, 1836	Potawatomi	Indian Agency	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 458-59; 7 Stat. 500
195 [205].	Apr. 22, 1836; proclaimed May 25, 1836	Potawatomi	Indian Agency	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 459; 7 Stat. 501
196 [206].	Apr. 23, 1836; proclaimed May 16, 1836	Wyandot	Washington	John A. Bryan	Kappler, 460-61; 7 Stat. 502-3
197 [207].	May 9, 1836; proclaimed May 25, 1836	Chippewa	Washington	Henry R. Schoolcraft	Kappler, 461-62; 7 Stat. 503-4
198 [208].	Aug. 5, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 18, 1837	Potawatomi	Yellow River	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 462-63; 7 Stat. 505-6

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
199 [209]. Sept. 3, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 15, 1837	Menominee	Cedar Point	Henry Dodge	Kappler, 463-66; 7 Stat. 506-9
200 [210]. Sept. 10 1836; proclaimed Feb. 15, 1837	Sioux (Wabasha Band)	—	Zachary Taylor	Kappler, 466-67; 7 Stat. 510-11
201 [211]. Sept. 17, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 15, 1837	Iowa; Sac and Fox of the Missouri	Fort Leavenworth	William Clark	Kappler, 468-70; 7 Stat. 511-13
202 [212]. Sept. 20, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 18, 1837	Potawatomi	Chippewanaung	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 470; 7 Stat. 513-14
203 [213]. Sept. 22, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 16, 1837	Potawatomi	Chippewanaung	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 471; 7 Stat. 514
204 [214]. Sept. 23, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 18, 1837	Potawatomi	Chippewanaung	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 471-72; 7 Stat. 515-16
205 [215]. Sept. 27, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 15, 1837	Sac and Fox	opposite Rock Island	Henry Dodge	Kappler, 473; 7 Stat. 516-17
206 [216]. Sept. 28, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 27, 1837 Alternate version proclaimed Dec. 13, 1837	Sac and Fox	opposite Rock Island	Henry Dodge	Kappler, 474-75; 7 Stat. 517-19 Kappler, 476-78; 7 Stat. 520-23



207 [217].	Oct. 15, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 15, 1837	Oto; Missouri; Omaha; Sioux: Yankton, Santee	Bellevue	John Dougherty; Joshua Pilcher	Kappler, 479-81; 7 Stat. 524-26
208 [218].	Nov. 30, 1836; proclaimed Feb. 18, 1837	Sioux: Wahpekute, Sisseton, Mdewakanton	St. Peter's	Lawrence Taliaferro	Kappler, 481-82; 7 Stat. 527-28
209 [219].	Jan. 14, 1837; proclaimed July 2, 1838	Chippewa (Saginaw Band)	Detroit	Henry R. Schoolcraft	Kappler, 482-86; 7 Stat. 528-32
210 [220].	Jan. 17, 1837; proclaimed Mar. 24, 1837	Choctaw; Chickasaw	Doaksville	William Armstrong and Henry R. Carter (witnesses)	Kappler, 486-88; 11 Stat. 573-75
211 [221].	Feb. 11, 1837; proclaimed Feb. 18, 1837	Potawatomi	Washington	John T. Douglass	Kappler, 488-89; 7 Stat. 532-33
212 [222].	May 26, 1837; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1838	Kiowa; Kataka; Tawakoni	Fort Gibson	Montfort Stokes; A. P. Chouteau	Kappler, 489-91; 7 Stat. 533-36
213 [223].	July 29, 1837; proclaimed June 15, 1838	Chippewa	St. Peter's	Henry Dodge	Kappler, 491-93; 7 Stat. 536-38

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
214 [224]. Sept. 29, 1837; proclaimed June 15, 1838	Sioux	Washington	Joel R. Poinsett	Kappler, 493-94; 7 Stat. 538-40
215 [225]. Oct. 21, 1837; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1838	Sac and Fox	Washington	Carey A. Harris	Kappler, 495-96; 7 Stat. 540-42
216 [226]. Oct. 21, 1837; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1838	Yankton Sioux	Washington	Carey A. Harris	Kappler, 496-97; 7 Stat. 542-43
217 [227]. Oct. 21, 1837; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1838	Sac and Fox of the Missouri	Washington	Carey A. Harris	Kappler, 497-98; 7 Stat. 543-44
218 [228]. Nov. 1, 1837; proclaimed June 15, 1838	Winnebago	Washington	Carey A. Harris	Kappler, 498-500; 7 Stat. 544-46
219 [229]. Nov. 23, 1837; proclaimed Feb. 21, 1838	Iowa	St. Louis	Joshua Pilcher	Kappler, 500-501; 7 Stat. 547
220 [see 219]. Dec. 20, 1837; proclaimed July 2, 1838	Chippewa (Saginaw Band)	Flint River	Henry R. Schoolcraft	Kappler, 501-2; 7 Stat. 547-49

221 [230].	Jan. 15, 1838; proclaimed Apr. 4, 1840	New York Indians	Buffalo Creek	Ransom H. Gillet	Kappler, 502-12; 7 Stat. 550-61
	Supplementary article with St. Regis Indians, Feb. 13, 1838				Kappler, 512-16; 7 Stat. 561-64
222 [231].	Jan. 23, 1838; proclaimed July 2, 1838	Chippewa (Saginaw bands)	Saginaw	Henry R. Schoolcraft	Kappler, 516-17; 7 Stat. 565-66
223 [232].	Feb. 3, 1838; proclaimed May 17, 1838	Oneida (First Christian, Orchard)	Washington	Carey A. Harris	Kappler, 517-18; 7 Stat. 566-67
224 [233].	Oct. 19, 1838; proclaimed Mar 2, 1839	Iowa	Great Nemaha Subagency	John Dougherty	Kappler, 518-19; 7 Stat. 568-69
225 [234].	Nov. 6, 1838; proclaimed Feb. 8, 1839	Miami	Forks of the Wabash	Abel C. Pepper	Kappler, 519-24; 7 Stat. 569-74
226 [235].	Nov. 23, 1838; proclaimed Mar. 2, 1839	Creek	Fort Gibson	William Armstrong; Matthew Arbuckle	Kappler, 524-25; 7 Stat. 574-75
227 [236].	Jan. 11, 1839; proclaimed Mar. 2, 1839	Osage	Fort Gibson	Matthew Arbuckle	Kappler, 525-27; 7 Stat. 576-78

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
228 [237]. Feb. 7, 1839; proclaimed Mar. 2, 1839	Chippewa (Saginaw bands)	Lower Saginaw	John Hulbert	Kappler, 528-29; 7 Stat. 578-79
229 [238]. Sept. 3, 1839; proclaimed May 16, 1840	Stockbridge; Munsee	Stockbridge	Albert Gallup	Kappler, 529-31; 7 Stat. 580-82; 11 Stat. 577-79
230 [239]. Nov. 28, 1840; proclaimed June 7, 1841	Miami	Forks of the Wabash	Samuel Milroy; Allen Hamilton	Kappler, 531-34; 7 Stat. 582-86
231 [240]. Mar. 17, 1842; proclaimed Oct. 5, 1842	Wyandot	Upper Sandusky	John Johnston	Kappler, 534-37; 11 Stat. 581-85
232 [241]. May 20, 1842; proclaimed Aug. 26, 1842	Seneca	Buffalo Creek	Ambrose Spencer	Kappler, 537-42; 7 Stat. 586-91
233 [242]. Oct. 4, 1842; proclaimed Mar. 23, 1843	Chippewa of Mississippi and Lake Superior	La Pointe	Robert Stuart	Kappler, 542-45; 7 Stat. 591-95
234 [243]. Oct. 11, 1842; proclaimed Mar. 23, 1843	Sac and Fox	Sac and Fox Agency	John Chambers	Kappler, 546-49; 7 Stat. 596-600
235 [244]. Jan. 4, 1845; proclaimed July 18, 1845	Creek; Seminole	Creek Agency	William Armstrong; P. M. Butler; James Logan; Thomas L. Judge	Kappler, 550-52; 9 Stat. 821-25

236 [245].	Jan. 14, 1846; proclaimed Apr. 15, 1846	Kansa	Methodist Mission	Thomas H. Harvey; Richard W. Cummins	Kappler, 552-54; 9 Stat. 842-44
237 [246].	May 15, 1846; proclaimed Mar. 8, 1847	Comanche; Ioni (Hainai); Anadarko; Caddo; Lipan; Longwha (Tonkawa); Kichai; Tawakoni; Wichita; Waco	Council Springs	P. M. Butler; M. G. Lewis	Kappler, 554-57; 9 Stat. 844-48
238 [247].	June 5 and 17, 1846; proclaimed July 23, 1846	Potawatomi; Chippewa; Ottawa	Council Bluffs and Potawatomi Creek	T. P. Andrews; Thomas H. Harvey; Gideon C. Matlock	Kappler, 557-60; 9 Stat. 853-56
239 [248].	Aug. 6, 1846; proclaimed Aug. 17, 1846	Cherokee	Washington	Edmund Burke; William Armstrong; Albion K. Parris	Kappler, 561-65; 9 Stat. 871-77
240 [249].	Oct. 13, 1846; proclaimed Feb. 4, 1847	Winnebago	Washington	Albion K. Parris; John J. Abert; T. P. Andrews	Kappler, 565-67; 9 Stat. 878-80
241 [250].	Aug. 2, 1847; proclaimed Apr. 7, 1848	Chippewa of Mississippi and Lake Superior	Fond du Lac	Isaac A. Verplank; Henry M. Rice	Kappler, 567-69; 9 Stat. 904-7

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242 [251]. Aug. 21, 1847; proclaimed Apr. 7, 1848	Chippewa (Pillager Band)	Leech Lake	Isaac A. Verplank; Henry M. Rice	Kappler, 569-70; 9 Stat. 908-9
243 [252]. Aug. 6, 1848; proclaimed Jan. 8, 1849	Pawnee: Grand, Loup, Republican, Tappage	Fort Childs	Ludwell E. Powell	Kappler, 571-72; 9 Stat. 949-51
244 [253]. Oct. 18, 1848; proclaimed Jan. 23, 1849	Menominee	Lake Powawhaykonnay	William Medill	Kappler, 572-74; 9 Stat. 952-54
245 [254]. Nov. 24, 1848; proclaimed Mar. 2, 1849	Stockbridge	Stockbridge	Morgan L. Martin; Albert G. Ellis	Kappler, 574-82; 9 Stat. 955-64
246 [255]. Sept. 9, 1849; proclaimed Sept. 24, 1850	Navajo	Canyon de Chelly	John M. Washington; James S. Calhoun	Kappler, 583-85; 9 Stat. 974-76
247 [256]. Dec. 30, 1849; proclaimed Sept. 24, 1850	Ute	Abiquiu	James S. Calhoun	Kappler, 585-87; 9 Stat. 984-86
248 [257]. Apr. 1, 1850; proclaimed Sept. 30, 1850	Wyandot	Washington	Ardavan S. Loughery	Kappler, 587-88; 9 Stat. 987-94
249 [258]. July 23, 1851; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1853	Sioux: Sisseton, Wahpeton	Traverse des Sioux	Luke Lea; Alexander Ramsey	Kappler, 588-90; 10 Stat. 949-53

250 [259].	Aug. 5, 1851; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1853	Sioux; Mdewakanton, Wahpekute	Mendota	Luke Lea; Alexander Ramsey	Kappler, 591-93; 10 Stat. 954-59
251 [—].	Sept. 17, 1851	Sioux; Cheyenne; Arapaho; Crow; Assiniboin; Gros Ventre; Mandan; Arikara	Fort Laramie	D. D. Mitchell; Thomas Fitzpatrick	Kappler, 594-96; 11 Stat. 749n.
<i>Note:</i> The treaty was not perfected, but subsequent agreements recognized the treaty as in force. It is not in the Ratified Indian Treaties file (RG 11) nor in <i>Statutes at Large</i> .					
252 [260].	June 22, 1852; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1853	Chickasaw	Washington	Kenton Harper	Kappler, 596-98; 10 Stat. 974-77
253 [261].	July 1, 1852; proclaimed Mar. 25, 1853	Apache	Santa Fe	E. V. Sumner; John Greiner	Kappler, 598-600; 10 Stat. 974-77
254 [262].	July 27, 1853; proclaimed Feb. 12, 1854	Comanche; Kiowa; Apache	Fort Atkinson	Thomas Fitzpatrick	Kappler, 600-602; 10 Stat. 1013-17
255 [263].	Sept. 10, 1853; proclaimed Feb. 5, 1855	Rogue River	Table Rock	Joel Palmer; Samuel H. Culver	Kappler, 603-5; 10 Stat. 1018-21

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256 [264]. Sept. 19, 1853; proclaimed Feb. 5, 1855	Umpqua (Cow Creek Band)	Cow Creek	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 606-7; 10 Stat. 1027-30
257 [265]. Mar. 15, 1854; proclaimed June 21, 1854	Oto and Missouri	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 608-11; 10 Stat. 1038-42
258 [266]. Mar. 16, 1854; proclaimed June 21, 1854	Omaha	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 611-14; 10 Stat. 1043-47
259 [267]. May 6, 1854; proclaimed July 17, 1854	Delaware	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 614-18; 10 Stat. 1048-52
260 [268]. May 10, 1854; proclaimed Nov. 2, 1854	Shawnee	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 618-26; 10 Stat. 1053-63
261 [269]. May 12, 1854; proclaimed Aug. 2, 1854	Menominee	Falls of Wolf River	Francis Huebschmann	Kappler, 626-27; 10 Stat. 1064-68
262 [270]. May 17, 1854; proclaimed July 17, 1854	Iowa	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 628-31; 10 Stat. 1069-73
263 [271]. May 18, 1854; proclaimed July 17, 1854	Sac and Fox of the Missouri	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 631-33; 10 Stat. 1074-77



264 [272].	May 18, 1854; proclaimed July 17, 1854	Kickapoo	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 634-36; 10 Stat. 1078-81
265 [273].	May 30, 1854; proclaimed Aug. 10, 1854	Kaskaskia; Peoria; Piankashaw; Wea	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 636-41; 10 Stat. 1082-87
266 [274].	June 5, 1854; proclaimed Aug. 4, 1854	Miami	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 641-46; 10 Stat. 1093-1100
267 [—].	June 13, 1854; ratified July 21, 1854 <i>Note:</i> Supplement to treaty of Nov. 23, 1838, no. [235], and filed with it in Ratified Indian Treaties file (RG 11).	Creek	Washington	W. H. Garret	Kappler, 647; 11 Stat. 599-600
268 [275].	Sept. 30, 1854; proclaimed Jan. 29, 1855	Chippewa of Mississippi and Lake Superior	La Pointe	Henry C. Gilbert; David B. Herriman	Kappler, 648-52; 10 Stat. 1109-15
269 [276].	Nov. 4, 1854; proclaimed Apr. 10, 1855	Choctaw; Chickasaw	Doaksville	Douglas H. Cooper (witness)	Kappler, 652-53; 10 Stat. 1116-18
270 [277].	Nov. 15, 1854; proclaimed Apr. 7, 1855	Rogue River	Table Rock	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 654-55; 10 Stat. 1119-21
271 [278].	Nov. 18, 1854; proclaimed Apr. 10, 1855	Chasta; Scoton; Umpqua	Applegate Creek	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 655-57; 10 Stat. 1122-24

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Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
272 [279]. Nov. 29, 1854; proclaimed Mar. 30, 1855	Umpqua; Kalapuya	Calapooia Creek	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 657-60; 10 Stat. 1125-29
273 [280]. Dec. 9, 1854; proclaimed Apr. 10, 1855	Oto and Missouri	Nebraska City	George Hepner	Kappler, 660-61; 10 Stat. 1130-31; 11 Stat. 605-6
274 [281]. Dec. 26, 1854; proclaimed Apr. 10, 1855	Nisqually; Puyallup; Steilacoom; Squaxin; and others	Medicine Creek	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 661-64; 10 Stat. 1132-37
275 [282]. Jan. 22, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 10, 1855	Kalapuya; Molala; Tumwater; Clackamas	Dayton	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 665-69; 10 Stat. 1143-49
276 [283]. Jan. 22, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 11, 1859	Duwamish; Suquamish; Snoqualmie; Stillaguamish; Snohomish; Skagit; Swinomish; Lummi; and others	Point Elliott	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 669-73; 12 Stat. 927-32
277 [284]. Jan. 26, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 29, 1859	Clallam; Twana; Chemakum	Point No Point	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 674-77; 12 Stat. 933-37

278 [285].	Jan. 31, 1855; proclaimed Mar. 1, 1855	Wyandot	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 677-81; 10 Stat. 1159-64
279 [286].	Jan. 31, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 18, 1859	Makah	Neah Bay	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 682-85; 12 Stat. 939-43
280 [287].	Feb. 22, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 7, 1855	Chippewa: Mississippi, Pillager, Lake Winnibigoshish	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 685-90; 10 Stat. 1165-71
281 [288].	Feb. 27, 1855; proclaimed Mar. 23, 1855	Winnebago	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 690-93; 10 Stat. 1172-76
282 [289].	June 9, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 11, 1859	Walla Walla; Cayuse; Umatilla	Camp Stevens	Isaac I. Stevens; Joel Palmer	Kappler, 694-98; 12 Stat. 945-50
283 [290].	June 9, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 18, 1859	Yakima and confederated bands	Camp Stevens	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 698-702; 12 Stat. 951-56
284 [291].	June 11, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 29, 1859	Nez Perce	Camp Stevens	Isaac I. Stevens; Joel Palmer	Kappler, 702-6; 12 Stat. 957-62
285 [292].	June 22, 1855; proclaimed Mar. 4, 1856	Choctaw; Chickasaw	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 706-14; 11 Stat. 611-19

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
286 [293]. June 25, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 18, 1859	Walla Walla; Wasco	The Dalles	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 714-19; 12 Stat. 963-70
287 [294]. July 1, 1855, and Jan. 25, 1856; proclaimed Apr. 11, 1859	Quinault; Quileute	Quinault River and Olympia	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 719-21; 12 Stat. 971-74
288 [295]. July 16, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 18, 1859	Flathead; Kutenai; Upper Pend d'Oreille	Hell Gate	Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 722-25; 12 Stat. 975-79
289 [296]. July 31, 1855; proclaimed Sept. 10, 1856	Ottawa; Chippewa	Detroit	George W. Manypenny; Henry C. Gilbert	Kappler, 725-31; 11 Stat. 621-29
290 [297]. Aug. 2, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 24, 1856	Chippewa of Sault Ste. Marie	Detroit	George W. Manypenny; Henry C. Gilbert	Kappler, 732; 11 Stat. 631-32
291 [298]. Aug. 2, 1855; proclaimed June 21, 1856	Chippewa of Saginaw and other bands	Detroit	George W. Manypenny; Henry C. Gilbert	Kappler, 733-35; 11 Stat. 633-37
292 [299]. Oct. 17, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 25, 1856	Blackfeet: Piegan, Blood, Blackfeet, Gros Ventre; Flathead: Flathead, Upper Pend d'Oreille, Kutenai; Nez Perce	Judith River	Alfred Cumming; Isaac I. Stevens	Kappler, 736-40; 11 Stat. 657-62

293 [300].	Dec. 21, 1855; proclaimed Apr. 27, 1859	Molala	Dayton	Joel Palmer	Kappler, 740-42; 12 Stat. 981-83
294 [301].	Feb. 5, 1856; proclaimed Sept. 8, 1856	Stockbridge; Munsee	Stockbridge	Francis Huebschmann	Kappler, 742-55; 11 Stat. 663-78
295 [302].	Feb. 11, 1856; proclaimed Apr. 24, 1856	Menominee	Keshena	Francis Huebschmann	Kappler, 755-56; 11 Stat. 679-81
296 [303].	Aug. 7, 1856; proclaimed Aug. 28, 1856	Creek; Seminole	Washington	George W. Manypenny	Kappler, 756-63; 11 Stat. 699-707
297 [304].	Sept. 24, 1857; proclaimed May 26, 1858	Pawnee	Table Creek	James W. Denver	Kappler, 764-67; 11 Stat. 729-34
298 [305].	Nov. 5, 1857; proclaimed Mar. 31, 1859	Seneca (Tonawanda Band)	Tonawanda Reservation	Charles E. Mix	Kappler, 767-71; 11 Stat. 735-40; 12 Stat. 991-96
299 [306].	May 12, 1858; proclaimed Apr. 11, 1859	Ponca	Washington	Charles E. Mix	Kappler, 772-75; 12 Stat. 997-1001
300 [307].	Apr. 19, 1858; proclaimed Feb. 26, 1859	Yankton Sioux	Washington	Charles E. Mix	Kappler, 776-81; 11 Stat. 743-49

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
301 [308]. June 19, 1858; proclaimed Mar. 31, 1859	Sioux: Mdewakanton, Wahpekuete	Washington	Charles E. Mix	Kappler, 781-85; 12 Stat. 1031-36
302 [309]. June 19, 1858; proclaimed Mar. 31, 1859	Sioux: Sisseton, Wahpeton	Washington	Charles E. Mix	Kappler, 785-89; 12 Stat. 1037-41
Resolution of the Senate concerning this treaty and the previous treaty, June 27, 1860				Kappler, 789; 12 Stat. 1042
303 [310]. Apr. 15, 1859; proclaimed Mar. 23, 1861	Winnebago	Washington	Charles E. Mix	Kappler, 790-92; 12 Stat. 1101-4
304 [311]. July 16, 1859; proclaimed July 9, 1860	Chippewa: Swan Creek, Black River; Munsee	Sac and Fox Agency	David Crawford	Kappler, 792-96; 12 Stat. 1105-9
305 [312]. Oct. 1, 1859; proclaimed July 9, 1860	Sac and Fox	Sac and Fox Agency	Alfred B. Greenwood	Kappler, 796-99; 15 Stat. 467-71
306 [313]. Oct. 5, 1859; proclaimed Nov. 17, 1860	Kansa	Kansas Agency	Alfred B. Greenwood	Kappler, 800-803; 12 Stat. 1111-16
307 [314]. May 30, 1860; proclaimed Aug. 22, 1860	Delaware	Sarcoxienville	Thomas B. Sykes	Kappler, 803-7; 12 Stat. 1129-34

308 [315].	Feb. 18, 1861; proclaimed Dec. 5, 1961	Arapaho; Cheyenne	Fort Wise	Albert G. Boone; F. B. Culver	Kappler, 807-11; 12 Stat. 1163-69
309 [316].	Mar. 6, 1861; proclaimed Mar. 26, 1863	Sac and Fox of Missouri; Iowa	Great Nemaha Agency	David Vanderslice	Kappler, 811-14; 12 Stat. 1171-75
310 [317].	July 2, 1861; proclaimed Oct. 4, 1861	Delaware	Leavenworth City	William P. Dole	Kappler, 814-24; 12 Stat. 1177-85
311 [318].	Nov. 15, 1861; proclaimed Apr. 19, 1862	Potawatomi	Agency on Kansas River	William W. Ross	Kappler, 824-28; 12 Stat. 1191-97
312 [319].	Mar. 13, 1862; proclaimed Mar. 16, 1863	Kansa	Kansas Agency	H. W. Farnsworth	Kappler, 829-30; 12 Stat. 1221-24
313 [320].	June 24, 1862; proclaimed July 28, 1862	Ottawa of Blanchard's Fork and Roche de Boeuf	Washington	William P. Dole	Kappler, 830-34; 12 Stat. 1237-43
314 [321].	June 28, 1862; proclaimed May 28, 1863	Kickapoo	Kickapoo Agency	Charles B. Keith	Kappler, 835-39; 13 Stat. 623-30
315 [322].	Mar. 11, 1863; proclaimed Mar. 19, 1863	Chippewa; Mississippi, Pillager, Lake Winnibigoshish	Washington	William P. Dole; Clark W. Thompson	Kappler, 839-42; 12 Stat. 1249-55

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
316 [323]. June 9, 1863; proclaimed Apr. 20, 1867	Nez Perce	Lapwai	Calvin H. Hale; Charles Hutchins; S. D. Howe	Kappler, 843-48; 14 Stat. 647-54
317 [324]. July 2, 1863; proclaimed June 7, 1869	Eastern Shoshone	Fort Bridger	James Duane Doty; Luther Mann, Jr.	Kappler, 848-50; 18 Stat. pt. 3, 685- 88
318 [325]. July 30, 1863; proclaimed Jan. 17, 1865	Northern Shoshone; Western Shoshone	Box Elder	P. Edward Connor; James Duane Doty	Kappler, 850-51; 13 Stat. 663-65
319 [326]. Oct. 1, 1863; proclaimed Oct. 21, 1869	Western Shoshone	Ruby Valley	James W. Nye; James Duane Doty	Kappler, 851-53; 18 Stat. pt. 3, 689- 92
320 [327]. Oct. 2, 1863; proclaimed May 5, 1864	Chippewa: Red Lake, Pembina	Old Crossing of Red Lake River	Alexander Ramsey; Ashley C. Morrill	Kappler, 853-55; 13 Stat. 667-71
321 [328]. Oct. 7, 1863; proclaimed Dec. 14, 1864	Ute (Tabeguache)	Tabeguache Agency, Conejos	John Evans; Michael Steck; Simeon Whiteley; Lafayette Head	Kappler, 856-59; 13 Stat. 673-79
322 [329]. Oct. 12, 1863; proclaimed Jan. 17, 1865	Shoshone-Gosiute	Tuilla Valley	James Duane Doty; P. Edward Connor	Kappler, 859-60; 13 Stat. 681-84
323 [330]. Apr. 12, 1864; proclaimed Apr. 25, 1864	Chippewa: Red Lake, Pembina	Washington	Clark W. Thompson; Ashley C. Morrill	Kappler, 861-62; 13 Stat. 689-92



324 [331].	May 7, 1864; proclaimed Mar. 20, 1865	Chippewa: Mississippi, Pillager, Lake Winnibigoshish	Washington	William P. Dole; Clark W. Thompson	Kappler, 862-65; 13 Stat. 693-97
325 [332].	Oct. 14, 1864; proclaimed Feb. 17, 1870	Klamath; Modoc; Northern Paiute or Snake (Yakuskin)	Klamath Lake	J. W. Perit Huntington; William Logan	Kappler, 865-68; 16 Stat. 707-12
326 [333].	Oct. 18, 1864; proclaimed Aug. 16, 1866	Chippewa: Saginaw, Swan Creek, Black River	Isabella Reservation	H. J. Alford; D. C. Leach	Kappler, 868-71; 14 Stat. 657-63
327 [334].	Mar. 6, 1865; proclaimed Feb. 15, 1866	Omaha	Washington	Clark W. Thompson; Robert W. Furness	Kappler, 872-73; 14 Stat. 667-69
328 [335].	Mar. 8, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 28, 1866	Winnebago	Washington	William P. Dole; Clark W. Thompson; St. A. D. Balcombe	Kappler, 874-75; 14 Stat. 671-73
329 [336].	Mar. 10, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 28, 1867	Ponca	Washington	William P. Dole	Kappler, 875-76; 14 Stat. 675-77
330 [337].	Aug. 12, 1865; proclaimed July 10, 1866	Northern Paiute or Snake (Walpapi)	Sprague River Valley	J. W. Perit Huntington	Kappler, 876-78; 14 Stat. 683-85
331 [338].	Sept. 29, 1865; proclaimed Jan. 21, 1867	Osage	Canville Trading Post	Dennis N. Cooley; Elijah Sells	Kappler, 878-83; 14 Stat. 687-93

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
332 [339]. Oct. 10, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Minneconjou)	Fort Sully	Newton Edmunds; Edward B. Taylor; S. R. Curtis; H. H. Sibley; Henry W. Reed; Orrin Guernsey	Kappler, 883-84; 14 Stat. 695-97
333 [340]. Oct. 14, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Lower Brulé)	Fort Sully	As for no. 332	Kappler, 885-87; 14 Stat. 699-702
334 [341] Oct. 14, 1865; proclaimed Feb. 2, 1867	Cheyenne; Arapaho	Little Arkansas River	John B. Sanborn; William S. Harney; Thomas Murphy; Kit Carson; William W. Bent; Jesse H. Leavenworth; James Steele	Kappler, 887-91; 14 Stat. 703-11
335 [342]. Oct. 17, 1865; proclaimed May 26, 1866	Apache; Cheyenne; Arapaho	Little Arkansas River	John B. Sanborn; William S. Harney; James Steele; William W. Bent; Kit Carson; Thomas Murphy; Jesse H. Leavenworth	Kappler, 891-92; 14 Stat. 713-15

336 [343].	Oct. 18, 1865; proclaimed May 26, 1866	Comanche; Kiowa	Little Arkansas River	John B. Sanborn; William S. Harney; Thomas Murphy; Kit Carson; William W. Bent; Jesse H. Leavenworth; James Steele	Kappler, 892-95; 14 Stat. 717-21
337 [344].	Oct. 19, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Two Kettle)	Fort Sully	Newton Edmunds; Edward B. Taylor; S. R. Curtis; H. H. Sibley; Henry W. Reed; Orrin Guernsey	Kappler, 896-97; 14 Stat. 723-26
338 [345].	Oct. 19, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Blackfoot)	Fort Sully	As for no. 337	Kappler, 898-99; 14 Stat. 727-29
339 [346].	Oct. 20, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Sans Arc)	Fort Sully	As for no. 337	Kappler, 899-901; 14 Stat. 731-33
340 [347].	Oct. 20, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Hunkpapa)	Fort Sully	As for no. 337	Kappler, 901-3; 14 Stat. 739-41
341 [348].	Oct. 20, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Yanktonai)	Fort Sully	As for no. 337	Kappler, 903-4; 14 Stat. 735-37

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
342 [349]. Oct. 28, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Upper Yanktonai)	Fort Sully	As for no. 337	Kappler, 905-6; 14 Stat. 743-45
343 [350]. Oct. 28, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 17, 1866	Sioux (Oglala)	Fort Sully	As for no. 337	Kappler, 906-8; 14 Stat. 747-49
344 [351]. Nov. 15, 1865; proclaimed Mar. 28, 1867	Middle Oregon tribes	Warm Springs Agency	J. W. Perit Huntington	Kappler, 908-9; 14 Stat. 751-53
345 [352]. Mar. 21, 1866; proclaimed Aug. 16, 1866	Seminole	Washington	Dennis N. Cooley; Elijah Sells; Ely S. Parker	Kappler, 910-15; 14 Stat. 755-61
346 [353]. Mar. 29, 1866; proclaimed May 5, 1866	Potawatomi	Washington	Dennis N. Cooley	Kappler, 916; 14 Stat. 763-64
347 [354]. Apr. 7, 1866; proclaimed May 5, 1866	Chippewa (Bois Forte Band)	Washington	Dennis N. Cooley; E. E. L. Taylor	Kappler, 916-18; 14 Stat. 765-68
348 [355]. Apr. 28, 1866; proclaimed July 10, 1866	Choctaw; Chickasaw	Washington	Dennis N. Cooley; Elijah Sells; Ely S. Parker	Kappler, 918-31; 14 Stat. 769-84
349 [356]. June 14, 1866; proclaimed Aug. 11, 1866	Creek	Washington	Dennis N. Cooley; Elijah Sells; Ely S. Parker	Kappler, 931-37; 14 Stat. 785-92

350 [357].	July 4, 1866; proclaimed Aug. 10, 1866	Delaware	Delaware Agency	Thomas Murphy; John G. Pratt; William H. Watson	Kappler, 937-42; 14 Stat. 793-98
351 [358].	July 19, 1866; proclaimed Aug. 11, 1866	Cherokee	Washington	Dennis N. Cooley; Elijah Sells	Kappler, 942-50; 14 Stat. 799-809
352 [359].	Feb. 18, 1867; proclaimed Oct. 14, 1868	Sac and Fox of the Mississippi	Washington	Lewis V. Bogy; William H. Watson; Thomas Murphy; Henry W. Martin	Kappler, 951-56; 15 Stat. 495-504
353 [360].	Feb. 19, 1867; proclaimed May 2, 1867	Sioux: Sisseton, Wahpeton	Washington	Lewis V. Bogy; William H. Watson	Kappler, 956-59; 15 Stat. 505-11
354 [361].	Feb. 23, 1867; proclaimed Oct. 14, 1868	Seneca; Mixed Seneca and Shawnee; Quapaw; Confederated tribes: Peoria, Kaskaskia, Wea, Piankashaw; Miami; Ottawa (Blanchard's Fork and Roche de Bocuf); Wyandot	Washington	Lewis V. Bogy; William H. Watson; Thomas Murphy; George C. Snow; G. A. Colton	Kappler, 960-69; 15 Stat. 513-29

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
355 [362]. Feb. 27, 1867; proclaimed Aug. 7, 1868	Potawatomi	Washington	Lewis V. Bogy; William H. Watson; Thomas Murphy; Luther R. Palmer	Kappler, 970-74; 15 Stat. 531-38
356 [363]. Mar. 19, 1867; proclaimed Apr. 18, 1867	Chippewa of the Mississippi	Washington	Lewis V. Bogy; William H. Watson; Joel B. Bassett	Kappler, 974-76; 16 Stat. 719-23
357 [364]. Oct. 21, 1867; proclaimed Aug. 25, 1868	Kiowa; Comanche	Medicine Lodge Creek	Nathaniel G. Taylor; William S. Harney; C. C. Augur; Alfred H. Terry; John B. Sanborn; Samuel F. Tappan; J. B. Henderson	Kappler, 977-82; 15 Stat. 581-87
358 [365]. Oct. 21, 1867; proclaimed Aug. 25, 1868	Kiowa; Comanche; Apache	Medicine Lodge Creek	As for no. 357	Kappler, 982-84; 15 Stat. 589-92
359 [366]. Oct. 28, 1867; proclaimed Aug. 19, 1868	Cheyenne; Arapaho	Medicine Lodge Creek	As for no. 357	Kappler, 984-89; 15 Stat. 593-99
360 [367]. Mar. 2, 1868; proclaimed Nov. 6, 1868	Ute; Tabeguache, Muache, Capote, Wiminuche, Yampa, Grand River, Uintah	Washington	Nathaniel G. Taylor; Alexander C. Hunt; Kit Carson	Kappler, 990-96; 15 Stat. 619-27

361 [368].	Apr. 27, 1868; proclaimed June 10, 1868	Cherokee	Washington	Nathaniel G. Taylor	Kappler, 996-97; 16 Stat. 727-29
362 [369].	Apr. 29, 1868, and later; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1869	Sioux: Brulé, Oglala, Minneconjou, Yanktonai, Hunkpapa, Blackfoot, Cuthead, Two Kettle, Sans Arc, Santee; Arapaho	Fort Laramie	William T. Sherman; William S. Harney; Alfred H. Terry; C. C. Augur; J. B. Henderson; Nathaniel G. Taylor; John B. Sanborn; Samuel F. Tappan	Kappler, 998-1007; 15 Stat. 635-47
363 [370].	May 7, 1868; proclaimed Aug. 12, 1868	Crow	Fort Laramie	William T. Sherman; William S. Harney; Alfred H. Terry; C. C. Augur; John B. Sanborn; Samuel F. Tappan	Kappler, 1008-11; 15 Stat. 649-53
364 [371].	May 10, 1868; proclaimed Aug. 25, 1868	Northern Cheyenne; Northern Arapaho	Fort Laramie	As for no. 363	Kappler, 1012-15; 15 Stat. 655-59
365 [372].	June 1, 1868; proclaimed Aug. 12, 1868	Navajo	Fort Sumner	William T. Sherman; Samuel F. Tappan	Kappler, 1015-20; 15 Stat. 667-72

*Ratified Indian Treaties*

Number and Date	Tribes	Place	Commissioners	Citations
366 [373]. July 3, 1868; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1869	Eastern Shoshone; Bannock	Fort Bridger	Nathaniel G. Taylor; William T. Sherman; William S. Harney; John B. Sanborn; Samuel F. Tappan; C. C. Augur	Kappler, 1020-24; 15 Stat. 673-78
367 [374]. Aug. 13, 1868; proclaimed Feb. 24, 1869	Nez Perce	Washington	Nathaniel G. Taylor	Kappler, 1024-25; 15 Stat. 693-95



## Omitted Treaties

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The following "treaties" are omitted from the foregoing table, although arguments can be made for their inclusion.

1. Agreement with the Five Nations, approved by the Senate, March 26, 1792, and proclaimed by the president, April 23, 1792. This single article provided an annuity of \$1,500 for "clothing, domestic animals, and implements of husbandry, and for encouraging useful artificers to reside in their villages." The proclamation appears in the State Department Ratified Indian Treaties file as no. 19 (M668, roll 2, frames 249ff.). It is printed in *American State Papers: Indian Affairs*, 1:232, and in Kappler, *Treaties*, Appendix, 1027. The Senate action is in *Journal of the Executive Proceedings of the Senate*, 1:116. The annuity is incorporated in the seventh article of the treaty with the Six Nations, November 11, 1794, Kappler, *Treaties*, 36, where Kappler erroneously notes, "It appears that this treaty was never ratified by the Senate."
2. Contract between the Seneca nation and Robert Morris, September 15, 1797. This document appears in the State Department Ratified Indian Treaties file as no. 27 (M668, roll 2, frames 328ff.). It is printed in Appendix I, *Statutes at Large*, 7:601-3, and in Kappler, *Treaties*, Appendix, 1027-30. The treaty was approved by the Senate on December 12, 1797, with the condition, "as soon as the President shall be satisfied that the investment of the money has been made conformably to the intention of the said treaty." *Journal of the Executive Proceedings of the Senate*, 1:254-55. President John Adams proclaimed the treaty on April 11, 1798 (see M668, roll 2).
3. Convention between the Oneida Indians and the State of New York, June 1, 1798. This document appears in the State Department Ratified Indian Treaties file as no. 28 (M668, roll 2, frames 334ff.). The Senate unanimously approved the treaty on February 13, 1799. *Journal of the Executive Proceedings of the Senate*, 1:312. President John Adams proclaimed it on February 21, 1799 (see M668, roll 2). It is not printed in the *Statutes at Large* or in Kappler, *Treaties*.

4. Treaty between the State of New York and the Oneida Indians, June 4, 1802, and treaty between the State of New York and the Seneca Indians, August 20, 1802. These treaties (with two others) were submitted to the Senate by President Thomas Jefferson on December 27, 1802. They are printed in *American State Papers: Indian Affairs*, 1:664–66. The Senate approved them unanimously on December 31. *Journal of the Executive Proceedings of the Senate*, 1:428. They were never proclaimed by the president and do not appear in the State Department Ratified Indian Treaties file; they are not printed in the *Statutes at Large* or in Kappler, *Treaties*.
5. Treaty with the Sioux, September 23, 1805, concluded at the mouth of St. Peter's River by Zebulon Montgomery Pike. This treaty is not in the State Department Ratified Indian Treaties file, but it was approved by the Senate on April 16, 1808, with an amendment specifying payment of \$2,000. *Journal of the Executive Proceedings of the Senate*, 2:77, 78, 80. It seems, however, never to have been proclaimed by the president. It is printed in *American State Papers: Indian Affairs*, 1:753–54, and in Kappler, *Treaties*, Appendix, 1031.

## APPENDIX C

# Ratified Agreements with Indian Tribes, 1872–1911

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The agreements are listed here chronologically by date of signing, with the names of the Indian tribes affected and the commissioners for the United States. For each agreement the date of ratification and the location in the *Statutes at Large* and in Kappler, *Indian Affairs: Laws and Treaties* are given. Although in most cases the full agreement is printed in the *Statutes at Large*, in a few cases only the ratification is indicated. In these instances Kappler usually supplies the text of the agreement in a footnote.

Many agreements were negotiated by specially appointed commissioners. Some were made by the Jerome Commission or the Dawes Commission; others were negotiated by Indian Inspector James McLaughlin. In a few cases no commissioner is named in the document.

It will be noted that some of the agreements (as was the case also with treaties) were ratified or confirmed by Congress a considerable time after they were negotiated. Many of the agreements were ratified by special acts of Congress. For others the ratification was included in an Indian appropriation act. Some (which do not appear in this table) were never ratified.

I have been helped by an unpublished "List of Documents Concerning the Negotiation of Ratified Indian Agreements," prepared by John H. Martin, which is used as a finding aid in the National Archives. I have also used two lists, kindly furnished me by Robert M. Kvasnicka, who prepared them for the Smithsonian Institution's *Handbook of North*

*American Indians*, though they were never used in that publication. One of the lists shows chronologically the ratified agreements, the other the unratified agreements. Differences in the various lists come from different judgments about what constituted a separate agreement and about which agreements were in fact ratified.

There is no segregated file of agreements in the records of the National Archives, and material on the agreements is dispersed throughout larger collections. This is not critical for research (aside from the lack of an authorized list of such agreements) because official documentation is readily available in published form.

When the Senate considered *treaties*, under the formal constitutional provision of giving advice and consent, it did so in executive session, and only the treaties, when finally ratified, were published in the *Statutes at Large*. Other material such as instructions to the commissioners, reports of the commissioners, council proceedings, and recommendations of the president, the secretary of war or secretary of the interior, and the commissioner of Indian affairs must be sought in manuscript form in the National Archives or in disparate published sources. Since the ratified *agreements*, on the other hand, were regular statutes of Congress, all the documentation sent to Congress by the president or the secretary of the interior when ratification of an agreement was sought is usually found attached to the letter of transmittal from the executive branch and published by Congress. In addition, the agreements can be traced in the *Congressional Record* as they made their way through Congress, and often, too, in printed reports of the Committee on Indian Affairs in the House and the Senate. A good place to track down such material is in the various chronological sections of the *CIS US Serial Set Index*, under "agreements."

*Ratified Agreements with Indian Tribes*

Number and Date	Tribes	Commissioners	Citations
1. Sept. 26, 1872; ratified Dec. 15, 1874	Eastern Shoshone	Felix R. Brunot	Kappler, 1:153-55; 18 Stat. pt. 3: 191-92
2. May 2 and 19, 1873; ratified June 22, 1874	Sioux: Sisseton, Wahpeton	Moses N. Adams; William H. Forbes; James Smith, Jr.	Kappler, 2:1059-63 (replaced agreement of Sept. 20, 1872, Kappler, 2:1057-59); 18 Stat. pt. 3: 167 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1875)
3. Sept. 13, 1873; ratified Apr. 29, 1874	Ute	Felix R. Brunot	Kappler, 1:151-52; 18 Stat. pt. 3: 36-41
4. June 23, 1874; ratified May 3, 1875	Eastern Shawnee	H. W. Jones	Kappler, 1:158n; 18 Stat. pt. 3: 447 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1876)
5. Sept. 23-Oct. 27, 1876; ratified Feb. 28, 1877	Sioux; Northern Cheyenne; Northern Arapaho	Manypenny Commission	Kappler, 1:168-78; 19 Stat. 254-64
6. Nov. 21, 1876; ratified Feb. 20, 1893	Puyallup and Northern Pacific Railroad Company	R. H. Milroy; J. W. Sprague (for railroad)	Kappler, 1:465-67n; 27 Stat. 468
7. Mar. 6, 1880; ratified June 15, 1880	Confederated Ute		Kappler, 1:180-86; 21 Stat. 199-205
8. May 14, 1880; ratified Feb. 23, 1889	Northern Shoshone; Bannock; Shoepeteer		Kappler, 1:314-16; 25 Stat. 687-89

9. June 12, 1880; ratified Apr. 11, 1882	Crow		Kappler, 1:195-97; 22 Stat. 42-43
10. July 18, 1881; ratified July 3, 1882	Northern Shoshone; Bannock	Joseph K. McCammon	Kappler, 1:199-201; 22 Stat. 148-50
11. Aug. 22, 1881; ratified July 10, 1882	Crow	Llewellyn A. Luce; William H. Walker; Charles A. Maxwell	Kappler, 1:201-4; 22 Stat. 157-60
12. Sept. 2, 1882; ratified July 4, 1884	Flathead; Kutenai; Lower Pend d'Orcille	Joseph K. McCammon	23 Stat. 89-90 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1885)
13. July 7, 1883; ratified July 4, 1884	Indians of Columbia and Colville Reservations	Henry M. Teller	Kappler, 2:1073-74; 23 Stat. 79-80 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1885)
14. Jan. 13, 1885; ratified Mar. 3, 1893	Yakima	Robert S. Gardner	Kappler, 1:486-89n; 27 Stat. 631-32 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1894)
15. Dec. 14, 1886; ratified Mar. 3, 1891	Arikara; Gros Ventre; Mandan	John V. Wright; Jared W. Daniels; Charles F. Larrabee	Kappler, 1:425-28; 26 Stat. 1032-35 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1892)
16. Dec. 28, 1886 - Feb. 11, 1887; ratified May 1, 1888	Gros Ventre; Piegan; Blood; Blackfeet; River Crow	John V. Wright; Jared W. Daniels; Charles F. Larrabee	Kappler, 1:261-66; 25 Stat. 113-33

*Ratified Agreements with Indian Tribes*

Number and Date	Tribes	Commissioners	Citations
17. Mar. 18, 1887; ratified July 13, 1892	Spokane	John V. Wright; Jared W. Daniels; Henry W. Andrews	Kappler, 1:453-54n; 27 Stat. 139 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1893)
18. Mar. 26, 1887; ratified Mar. 3, 1891	Coeur d'Alene	John V. Wright; Jared W. Daniels; Henry W. Andrews	Kappler, 1:419-22; 26 Stat. 1026-29 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1892)
19. May 27, 1887; ratified Sept. 1, 1888	Northern Shoshone; Bannock	Robert S. Gardner; Peter Gallagher	Kappler, 1:292-97; 25 Stat. 452
20. Jan. 19, 1889; ratified Mar. 1, 1889	Creek	William Vilas	Kappler, 1:321-24; 25 Stat. 757-59
21. July 8 - Nov. 21, 1889	Chippewa of Minnesota	Henry M. Rice; Martin Marty; Joseph B. Whiting	approved by president, Mar. 4, 1890, according to stipula- tions in 25 Stat. 642-46; <i>House Ex. Doc.</i> no. 247, 51-1, serial 2747, pp. 27-66
22. Sept. 9, 1889; ratified Mar. 3, 1891	Coeur d'Alene	Benjamin Simpson; John H. Shupe; Napoleon B. Humphrey	Kappler, 1:422-24; 26 Stat. 1029-32 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1892)
23. Dec. 12, 1889; ratified Mar. 3, 1891	Sioux: Sisseton, Wahpeton	Eliphalet Whittlessey; D. W. Diggs; Charles A. Maxwell	Kappler, 1:428-32; 26 Stat. 1035-39 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1892)
24. May 20, 1890; ratified Feb. 13, 1891	Iowa	Jerome Commission	Kappler, 1:393-98; 26 Stat. 753-59
25. June 12, 1890; ratified Feb. 13, 1891	Sac and Fox	Jerome Commission	Kappler, 1:389-93; 26 Stat. 749-53

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|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 26. June 25, 1890;<br>ratified Mar. 3, 1891               | Citizen Band of Potawatomi      | Jerome Commission  | Kappler, 1:409-11;<br>26 Stat. 1016-18 (Indian<br>Appropriation Act for 1892)  |
| 27. June 26, 1890;<br>ratified Mar. 3, 1891               | Absentee Shawnee                | Jerome Commission  | Kappler, 1:411-14;<br>26 Stat. 1018-21 (Indian<br>Appropriation Act for 1892)  |
| 28. Oct. 13 - Nov. 13, 1890;<br>ratified Mar. 3, 1891     | Cheyenne;<br>Arapaho            | Jerome Commission  | Kappler, 1:415-18;<br>26 Stat. 1022-26 (Indian<br>Appropriation Act for 1892)  |
| 29. Dec. 8, 1890;<br>ratified Mar. 3, 1891                | Crow                            | J. Clifford Richardson;<br>Charles M. Dole;<br>Rockwell J. Flint | Kappler, 1:432-36;<br>26 Stat. 1039-43 (Indian<br>Appropriation Act for 1892)  |
| 30. May 9, 1891;<br>putatively ratified,<br>June 21, 1906 | Indians of Colville Reservation | Mark A. Fullerton;<br>W. H. H. Dufur;<br>James F. Payne          | 27 Stat. 62-64; confirmed,<br>420 U.S. 194-222 (1975);<br>printed in <i>Senate Ex. Doc.</i><br>no. 15, 52-1, serial 2892,<br>pp. 13-20 |
| 31. June 4, 1891;<br>ratified Mar. 2, 1895                | Wichita and affiliated bands    | Jerome Commission  | Kappler, 1:560-65;<br>28 Stat. 894-99 (Indian<br>Appropriation Act for 1896)   |
| 32. June 21 - Sept. 9, 1891;<br>ratified Mar. 3, 1893     | Kickapoo                        | Jerome Commission  | Kappler, 1:480-84;<br>27 Stat. 557-63  |
| 33. Oct. 21, 1891;<br>ratified Mar. 3, 1893               | Tonkawa                         | Jerome Commission  | Kappler, 1:495-96n;<br>27 Stat. 643-44 (Indian<br>Appropriation Act for 1894)  |



*Ratified Agreements with Indian Tribes*

Number and Date	Tribes	Commissioners	Citations
34. Dec. 19, 1891; ratified Mar. 3, 1893	Cherokee	Jerome Commission	Kappler, 1:490-92n; 27 Stat. 640-43 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1894)
35. Aug. 27, 1892; authorized July 13, 1892	Crow	Elbert D. Weed; Fellows D. Pease; Fred. H. Foster	Kappler, 1:450-53n; 27 Stat. 137 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1893)
36. Oct. 21, 1892; ratified June 6, 1900	Comanche; Kiowa; Apache	Jerome Commission	Kappler, 1:708-13; 31 Stat. 676-81
37. Oct. 22, 1892[2]; amended version ratified Apr. 21, 1904	Turtle Mountain Chippewa	Peter J. McCumber; John W. Wilson; W. Woodville Flemming	Kappler, 3:39-41; 33 Stat. 194-96
38. Oct. 31, 1892; ratified Aug. 15, 1894	Alsea and others, Siletz Reservation	Reuben P. Boise; William H. Odell; H. H. Harding	Kappler, 1:533-35; 28 Stat. 323-26 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1895)
39. Nov. 23, 1892; ratified Mar. 3, 1893	Pawnee	Jerome Commission	Kappler, 1:496-98n; 27 Stat. 644 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1894)
40. Dec. 31, 1892; ratified Aug. 15, 1894	Yankton Sioux	J. C. Adams; John J. Cole	Kappler, 1:523-29; 28 Stat. 314-19 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1895)
41. Jan. 3, 1893; ratified Feb. 20, 1893	Seneca and William B. Barker		Kappler, 1:468; 27 Stat. 470

42. May 1, 1893; ratified Aug. 15, 1894	Nez Perce	Robert Schleicher; James F. Allen; Cyrus Beede	Kappler, 1:536-41; 28 Stat. 326-32 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1895)
43. Dec. 4, 1893; ratified Aug. 15, 1894	Yuma	Washington J. Houston; John A. Gorman; Peter R. Brady	Kappler, 1:542-45; 28 Stat. 332-36 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1895)
44. Jan. 8, 1894; ratified Aug. 15, 1894	Yakima	John Lane; Lewis T. Erwin	Kappler, 1:529-31; 28 Stat. 320-21 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1895)
45. Feb. 7, 1894; ratified Aug. 15, 1894	Coeur d'Alene	John Lane	Kappler, 1:531-32; 28 Stat. 322-23 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1895)
46. Sept. 26, 1895; ratified June 10, 1896	Indians of Blackfeet Reservation	William C. Pollock; George Bird Grinnell; Walter M. Clements	Kappler, 1:604-9; 29 Stat. 353-58 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1897)
47. Oct. 9, 1895; ratified June 10, 1896	Indians of Ft. Belknap Reservation	William C. Pollock; George Bird Grinnell; Walter M. Clements	Kappler, 1:601-4; 29 Stat. 350-53 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1897)
48. Feb. 25, 1896; ratified June 10, 1896	Indians of San Carlos Reservation	Province McCormick	Kappler, 1:609-11; 29 Stat. 358-60 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1897)
49. Apr. 21, 1896; ratified June 7, 1897	Eastern Shoshone; Arapaho	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 1:624-27; 30 Stat. 93-96 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1898)

*Ratified Agreements with Indian Tribes*

Number and Date	Tribes	Commissioners	Citations
50. Dec. 3, 1896; ratified June 7, 1897	Seneca and William B. Barker		Kappler, 1:622-23; 30 Stat. 89-90 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1898)
51. Apr. 23, 1897; ratified June 28, 1898	Choctaw; Chickasaw	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:646-56; 30 Stat. 505-13
52. Sept. 27, 1897; ratified June 28, 1898	Creek	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:656-62; 30 Stat. 514-19
53. Dec. 16, 1897; ratified July 1, 1898	Seminole	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:662-65; 30 Stat. 567-69
54. Feb. 5, 1898; ratified June 6, 1900	Northern Shoshone; Bannock	Benjamin F. Barge; James H. McNeely; Charles G. Hoyt	Kappler, 1:704-8; 31 Stat. 672-76
55. Mar. 1, 1898; ratified Mar. 3, 1899	Lower Brulé Sioux	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 1:688-90; 30 Stat. 1362-64
56. Mar. 10, 1898; ratified Mar. 3, 1899	Sioux, Rosebud Reservation	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 1:690-92; 30 Stat. 1364-66
57. Aug. 14, 1899; ratified Apr. 27, 1904	Crow	Benjamin F. Barge; James H. McNeely; Charles G. Hoyt	Kappler, 3:87-97; 33 Stat. 352-62
58. Oct. 7, 1899; ratified June 2, 1900	Seminole	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:702-3; 31 Stat. 250-51
59. Mar. 8, 1900; ratified Mar. 1, 1901	Creek	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:729-39; 31 Stat. 861-73
60. Apr. 9, 1900; ratified Mar. 1, 1901	Cherokee	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:715-29; 31 Stat. 848-61

61. June 17, 1901; ratified June 21, 1906	Klamath; Modoc; Northern Paiute or Snake (Yahuskin Band)	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:234-36; 34 Stat. 367-68 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1907)
62. June 27, 1901; ratified Apr. 28, 1904	Indians on Grand Ronde Reservation	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:105-7; 33 Stat. 567-70
63. Sept. 14, 1901; ratified Apr. 23, 1904	Sioux, Rosebud Reservation	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:71-75; 33 Stat. 254-58
64. Nov. 2, 1901; ratified Apr. 27, 1904	Sioux: Sisseton, Wahpeton, Cuthead, Devils Lake Reservation	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:83-87; 33 Stat. 319-24
65. Feb. 8, 1902; ratified July 1, 1902	Kansa		Kappler, 1:766-70; 32 Stat. 636-41
66. Mar. 10, 1902; ratified Feb. 20, 1904	Red Lake and Pembina Chippewa	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:28-33; 33 Stat. 46-50
67. Mar. 21, 1902; ratified July 1, 1902	Choctaw; Chickasaw	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:771-87; 32 Stat. 641-57
68. June 30, 1902; ratified June 30, 1902	Creek	Dawes Commission	Kappler, 1:761-66; 32 Stat. 500-505
69. Apr. 21, 1904; ratified Mar. 3, 1905	Eastern Shoshone; Arapaho	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:117-23; 33 Stat. 1016-22
70. May 28, 1904; ratified Mar. 3, 1905	Indians of Port Madison Reservation	James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:155-56; 33 Stat. 1078-79 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1907)

*Ratified Agreements with Indian Tribes*

Number and Date	Tribes	Commissioners	Citations
71. Feb. 27, 1909; ratified Apr. 4, 1910	Sac and Fox of the Mississippi (Oklahoma and Iowa)	F. C. Campbell	36 Stat. 289; <i>Senate Doc.</i> no. 358, 61-2, serial 5657, pp. 4-7
72. Mar. 16, 1909; ratified Apr. 4, 1910	Potawatomi of Kansas and Wisconsin	F. C. Campbell	36 Stat. 289; <i>Senate Doc.</i> no. 358, 61-2, serial 5657, pp. 7-9
73. May 10, 1911; ratified June 30, 1913	Southern Ute (Wiminoche Band)	F. H. Abbott; James McLaughlin	Kappler, 3:566-68; 38 Stat. 82-84 (Indian Appropriation Act for 1914)

## APPENDIX D

# Unratified Treaties

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This volume deals primarily with Indian treaties that were approved by the Senate and ratified by the president of the United States, thus becoming effective as the "supreme law of the land." Although some cases of rejection by the Senate or of failure of the president to ratify and proclaim the treaty have been noted, no attention has been paid to the large bulk of documents that might be classified as unratified treaties.

Ratified treaties are reasonably easy to define, despite a few problem cases, for the process usually included congressional authorization, formally appointed and instructed commissioners, submission to the Senate by the president for its constitutional action (often with attached recommendations from the commissioner of Indian affairs, the secretary of war or interior, and the president), Senate resolutions of approval (sometimes with amendments), assent of the tribes to any amendments, and proclamation by the president attested by the secretary of state. For many treaties, journals of proceedings exist. If the Senate voted to reject the treaty, the document is easy to identify as an unratified treaty. But the ratification process could be interrupted also at other stages; the president could refuse or neglect to submit it to the Senate or fail, in the last instance, to ratify and proclaim the document even though it had been approved by the Senate.

The great majority of the treaties included an article that clearly stated when the treaty would be binding, in some such words as these: "This

treaty shall take effect and be obligatory on the contracting parties, as soon as it is ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the same." In a few instances special conditions were set; for example, that the treaty would take effect only when approved by the tribe in full council, that rejection of specified articles by the president or the Senate would not invalidate the rest of the treaty, or that changes could be made in the treaty by the government (a blanket authority not dependent upon Indian assent).<sup>1</sup>

In addition, there are numerous cases in which agreements were made with the Indians by Indian agents, military personnel, or others, which may never have entered, and certainly did not get through, the formal ratification process. There are no set criteria for determining just what makes an "unratified treaty," and lists that have been compiled vary greatly in number of items. Robert M. Kvasnicka, long-time curator of Indian records in the National Archives, produced a list in the 1970s that had 150 entries, but Kvasnicka admitted that the list was not definitive. "Unratified treaties," he said, "are scattered throughout the BIA and military records, since unauthorized persons frequently made agreements with Indian groups and tried to pass them off as treaties. I tried to capture as many of these as I could, but I couldn't begin to cover all the pertinent military records."<sup>2</sup>

Vine Deloria, Jr., in drawing up a list of Indian treaties and agreements in 1973, faced the same problem and found no easy solution. "The Apaches, for example," he noted, "were continually making agreements with officers of the Army in the field during the period in which they fought against the United States for the possession of the American Southwest. Are these field agreements considered treaties, which they certainly were in a political and military sense, or are they simply agreements of the period since they were rarely ratified by Congress according to its Constitutional powers?" Deloria argues for the inclusion of some documents as "treaties" even though they were not ratified. "Because they were signed by the tribes concerned *in good faith*," he writes, "we consider them as valid treaties which must be included in any book on Indian treaties and agreements. That the United States did not uphold their validity in the final analysis does not mean either that the tribes did not consider them seriously or that the United States did not gain a great benefit from them."<sup>3</sup>

1. Kappler, 2:32, 134, 627, 884.

2. Letter of Kvasnicka to author, November 18, 1983, with "List of Unratified Indian Treaties (Revised)" attached.

3. *A Chronological List of Treaties and Agreements Made by Indian Tribes with the United*

The compilation of documents by the National Archives from Record Group 75 entitled Documents Relating to the Negotiation of Ratified and Unratified Treaties with Various Indian Tribes, 1801–1869 (T494) devotes three of its ten rolls of microfilm to unratified treaties, 1821–1869. In many cases this file contains the original treaty with signatures. There is, unfortunately, no list of the treaties included, but Kvasnicka's list shows eighty-seven treaties from these rolls of microfilm.

The index for the State Department Ratified Indian Treaties file includes thirty-two cards for treaties listed as unratified, but the treaties themselves are not present except for seven included in the file under no. 274a.<sup>4</sup>

Charles J. Kappler, in volumes 2–5 of *Indian Affairs: Laws and Treaties*, prints forty-seven unratified treaties. His prefaces to the various volumes refer to these treaties as “several old Indian treaties which it was not possible to procure when the volume containing the treaties was prepared” or “a number of unratified treaties with Indians in whose behalf legislation has been enacted or is pending in Congress and which treaties have a bearing on such acts of Congress or pending legislation.”<sup>5</sup>

The treaty substitutes known as agreements that were used after the end of treaty making in 1871 also faced the problem of nonapproval by Congress after they had been formally negotiated with Indian tribes. In one notable case concerning the Colville Reservation, it was not clear whether Congress had ratified an agreement of 1891 or not, until the Supreme Court in 1975 decided that it had.<sup>6</sup>

There is no doubt that failure to ratify treaties or agreements caused considerable confusion and hardship. In some cases, however, the government fulfilled the stipulations despite the lack of ratification and proclamation.

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*States* (Washington: Institute for the Development of Indian Law, 1973), 1–2. It is clear that I have not followed his list in this work.

4. Ratified Treaties (M668, roll 1; roll 10, frames 447ff.).

5. Kappler, 3:iii; 4:v. A similar statement is in 5:v.

6. See discussion of the case, pp. 323–24 above.



## The California Indians

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For the numerous small bands of Indians in California, the treaty system failed altogether, showing both the difficult problems that faced the treaty commissioners and the inability of the federal government to substitute any effective alternative policy to provide protection for the Indians from the onrush of miners and agricultural settlers.<sup>17</sup> Federal officials were especially ignorant concerning the California Indians, and the three men sent to California in 1850 to negotiate treaties with the Indians shared their ignorance. As a group, the commissioners signed a treaty in March 19, 1851, with Indians whom they took to be leaders of six tribes in the San Joaquin Valley, and on April 29 they made another treaty with sixteen more tribes. Later, in order to speed the work, the commissioners split up, each moving to a designated region to continue the treaty making. By January 7, 1852, the commissioners and the Indians had signed eighteen treaties.<sup>18</sup>

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in Kansas after 1854 is in Paul Wallace Gates, *Fifty Million Acres: Conflicts over Kansas Land Policy, 1854-1890* (Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1954). What happened to the Indian reserves in Kansas is described in H. Craig Miner and William E. Unrau, *The End of Indian Kansas: A Study of Cultural Revolution, 1854-1871* (Lawrence: Regents Press of Kansas, 1978). For the complicated story of the indefinite land grants (confirmed by an 1855 treaty) made to certain Wyandot Indians when they moved from Ohio, see Homer E. Socolofsky, "Wyandot Floats," *Kansas Historical Quarterly* 36 (Autumn 1970): 241-304. The pertinent Wyandot treaties are in Kappler, 2:677-81, 960, 963.

17. Indian policy in California has been well documented in two older works: William H. Ellison, "The Federal Indian Policy in California, 1846-1860," *Mississippi Valley Historical Review* 9 (June 1922): 37-67, and Alban W. Hoopes, *Indian Affairs and Their Administration: With Special Reference to the Far West, 1849-1860* (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 1932), 35-68. The story is told again in George E. Anderson and Robert F. Heizer, "Treaty-making by the Federal Government in California 1851-1852," in George E. Anderson, W. H. Ellison, and Robert F. Heizer, *Treaty Making and Treaty Rejection by the Federal Government in California, 1850-1852* (Socorro, N. Mex.: Ballena Press, 1978), 1-36.

18. The instructions of A. S. Loughery to Redick McKee, George W. Barbour, and O. M. Wozencraft, October 15, 1850, are in *Senate Ex. Doc. no. 4, 33-special session, serial 688, pp. 8-9*. The various reports of the three commissioners and journals of their activity appear in the same Senate document. See also Alban W. Hoopes, ed., "The Journal of George W. Barbour, May 1 to October 4, 1851," *Southwestern Historical Quarterly* 40 (October 1936): 145-53, and 40 (January 1937): 247-61; and Chad L. Hoopes, "Redick McKee and the Humboldt Bay Region, 1851-1852," *California Historical Society Quarterly* 49 (September 1970): 195-219. The treaties are printed in Kappler, 4:1081-1128. A

In the treaties the Indians recognized the United States as sole sovereign over the land ceded by Mexico in 1848, placed themselves under the protection of the United States, and agreed to keep peace. They ceded their claims in return for definite reservations specified for them. Subsistence in the form of beef cattle was to be provided while they were moving and settling on the reservations, and the government promised to pay annuities in the form of clothing, agricultural implements, and livestock and to provide farmers, blacksmiths, and school teachers for a period of years. The eighteen treaties set aside 11,700 square miles (7,488,000 acres) of land, about 7.5 percent of the state.<sup>19</sup>

The three commissioners did their work rapidly, and they acted without the detailed knowledge of the Indians that modern anthropologists can provide. Although 139 tribes or bands were represented in the eighteen treaties, an enumeration in 1926 indicated that more than 175 tribes were not included in the treaties. Thirty years later, a study conducted under Indian Claims Commission litigation reported that of the 139 signatory groups, 67 were identifiable as tribelets, 45 were merely village names, 14 were duplicates spelled differently without the commissioners realizing it, and 13 were either personal names or unidentifiable.<sup>20</sup>

In the end the irregularities did not matter, for the Senate, without considering any amendments, on July 8, 1852, unanimously rejected each of the eighteen treaties.<sup>21</sup> There is some question whether, even at the beginning, a majority of the Senate had intended to authorize treaties of cession rather than mere treaties of peace and friendship, for there was considerable feeling in Congress that the California Indians had no land titles and therefore that no treaties were needed to extinguish them. Other aspects of the treaties, too, militated against their ratification. There was strong opposition from Californians, who saw large

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copy of the Senate printing of the treaties, when it lifted the injunction of secrecy on them on January 18, 1905, is in Documents (T494), roll 8, frames 410–45.

19. The calculations on areas ceded are those of Ellison, "Federal Indian Policy in California," 57, and have been generally accepted. The map of California in Royce, *Cessions*, plate 7, purports to show the lands ceded (all of California west of the Sierra Nevada) and the reservations established, but the map is based on faulty information and assumptions. Robert F. Heizer, "Treaties," in *Handbook of North American Indians*, vol. 8, *California*, ed. Robert F. Heizer (Washington: Smithsonian Institution, 1978), 703–4.

20. Heizer, "Treaties," in *Handbook*, 8:703.

21. *Senate Ex. Proc.*, 8:390–94, 409–10, 417–20. The Senate resolutions are printed without comment in "The Rejected California Treaties," *Indian Historian* 6 (Winter 1973): 23–25, and in Kappler, 4:1081–85 note.

regions to be snatched from their grasp and reserved for the Indians, whom they despised. Furthermore, the costs of the treaties had grown to nearly \$1 million, far beyond the total of \$50,000 that had been appropriated. The commissioners, working on the spot, had felt it necessary to contract for large numbers of cattle to feed the Indians, and they also provided for further subsistence and annuities in the treaties. The new superintendent of Indian affairs in California, Edward F. Beale, argued strongly for the treaties, and Commissioner of Indian Affairs Luke Lea agreed. But Lea was aware of peculiar circumstances with regard to the treaties; he wrote to Secretary of the Interior Alexander H. H. Stuart in transmitting the documents:

In considering this important and perplexing question, it should not be forgotten that our Indian affairs in California, like everything else pertaining to that country, are in an extraordinary and anomalous condition. Those entrusted with their management have had to contend with manifold embarrassments and difficulties. That they have made mistakes or fallen into error is by no means a matter of surprise. It would be strange if they had not. Their conduct in some respects has been improper. I allude particularly to their making contracts for fulfilling treaties in advance of their ratification. In this they certainly acted without authority.

Secretary Stuart wanted a special investigation made about the treaties, but he was afraid that delay would be dangerous and recommended to the president that they be submitted to the Senate for its decision.<sup>22</sup>

The federal government attempted then to make some provision for

22. Beale's report to Lea, May 11, 1852, Lea's report to Stuart, May 14, 1852, and Stuart to the president, May 22, 1852, are in Senate (RG 46), Sen 32B-C2; they are printed in a note in Kappler, 4:1085-89. The question of the nonratification by the Senate is thoroughly treated in Harry Kelsey, "The California Indian Treaty Myth," *Southern California Quarterly* 55 (Fall 1973): 225-38. Kelsey considers and rejects the idea that there was a conspiracy by the Senate to keep information about the treaties secret and argues for the importance of the question of Indian land titles in the rejection of the treaties. A strong statement about California opposition to the treaties is William H. Ellison, "Rejection of California Indian Treaties: A Study in Local Influence on National Policy," *Grizzly Bear* 37 (May 1925): 4-5, 86; 37 (June 1925): 4-5, supplement 7; 37 (July 1925): 6-7, reprinted in Anderson, Ellison, and Heizer, *Treaty Making and Treaty Rejection*, 50-70. A good view of California sentiment against the treaties is provided in "Majority and Minority Reports of the Special Committee [of the California State Senate] to Inquire into the Treaties Made by the United States Commissioners with the Indians of California," and "Senate Committee Debate on Appropriation of Funds for Aid to Indians of California Provided by the Three Treaty Commissioners," printed *ibid.*, 37-49, 71-122.

the California bands outside the treaty system, and a number of small reservations were established, but the Indians had no clear title to the land, were beset by aggressive white land seekers, and lived on a kind of government dole on the few spots saved for them. Whatever the difficulties, the United States clearly decided to forego any more treaties with these rapidly disappearing Indians. In 1864, when a purported treaty of peace and friendship between the United States and the Indians of Hoopa Valley was sent to Washington by the Indian agent Austin Wiley, the commissioner of Indian affairs replied that the government did not contemplate any more formal treaties with the California tribes. If any agreements were made with the Indians, the papers should simply be signed by the chiefs to show their commitment and then forwarded to the Indian Office.<sup>23</sup>

### Treaties in the Oregon Country

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In the Oregon Country early attempts at treaties were hardly more successful than those in California. The Territory of Oregon was not created until 1848, two years after United States title to the region south of the forty-ninth parallel was recognized by Great Britain. The territorial governor was eager to remove the Indians from the areas of settlement, and the territorial delegate in Congress pushed through a law in 1850 that called for the appointment of commissioners to negotiate treaties with the Indians of Oregon for that purpose. The law also authorized a superintendent of Indian affairs distinct from the governor, a position to which Anson Dart of Wisconsin was appointed.<sup>24</sup>

On October 25, 1850, three commissioners, including the new territorial governor, were appointed to negotiate treaties with the Indian tribes in Oregon Territory. The goal of the government, they were told, was to free the land west of the Cascades entirely of Indian title and to move all the Indians to some spot to the east. Their instructions made it clear that the payments stipulated for the ceded lands were to be in objects beneficial to the Indians—agricultural assistance, blacksmiths and mechanics, farmers to teach cultivation, physicians, and “ample

23. William P. Dole to Wiley, October 3, 1864, CIA AR, 1864, serial 1220, p. 282.

24. 9 Stat. 437; Lea to Dart, July 20, 1850, CIA AR, 1850, serial 587, pp. 148–51.